### **Authentic and Active:**

# A Pilot Project to Assess a Large Scale Information Literacy Program

Jessica Knoch, Richard Hayman, Lisa Shamchuk, & Leah Townsend

Grant MacEwan University Library
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# Today's Session

### Background

- A foundation for Assessment
- The ELIP Program

#### Methods

- Learning outcomes
- Methods for learning
- Methods for assessment

#### Results

Setting flexible goals

#### Discussion

- Unintended consequences and lessons learned
- Closing the assessment cycle

# Activity

- Write a question/comment/concern you have about:
  - Assessment
  - Active Learning
- Share your question with a neighbour.
- Consider your/your neighbour's question as we progress through the session.

### Assessment Foundation

Student Learning Assessment Cycle (Gilchrist and Zald, 2008)

Authentic Learning (Burke, 2009)

**ELIP Assessment Plan** 

Information Literacy Assessment Cycle (Oakleaf, 2009) Assessment-for-Learning (Shepard, 1989, Wiggins, 1989, Stiggins, 1991 in Oakleaf, 2009)

# "Good Enough" Assessment

Assessors cannot always attain "perfect" studies, but must make do with "good enough"... Although there is a great need for rigorous research to demonstrate library value, there is an equal or greater need for practical, local, less arduous assessment.

~The Value of Academic Libraries (Oakleaf, 2010)

# Focus in on what's important...

### English Library Instruction Program (ELIP)

- English represents +25% of our overall instruction program
- $\blacksquare$  ENGL 102/111 = ~20% of total instruction
- Faculty buy-in: IL sessions for these courses are strongly recommended (and supported) by the Department
- Provide baseline IL skills

Need for assessment

### ...and then focus in a bit more.

# Construct an effective search strategy in order to locate relevant resources

This outcome aligns with the following English Learning Outcomes from 2011 Master Course Syllabi:

ENGL 102: Locate, integrate and document secondary sources

ENGL 111: Locate, evaluate, integrate and document research materials

This outcome aligns with the following ACRL Information Literacy Standards:

2.2.b : Identifies keywords, synonyms and related terms for the information needed

2.2.d: Constructs a search strategy using appropriate commands for the information retrieval system selected (e.g., Boolean operators, truncation and proximity for search engines)

2.2.e: Implements the search strategy in various information retrieval systems using different user interfaces and search engines...

2.3.a: Uses various search systems to retrieve information in a variety of formats.

Identify resources in order to determine which are most relevant for assignment

This outcome aligns with the following English Learning Outcomes from 2011 Master Course Syllabi:

ENGL 102: Locate, integrate and document secondary sources

ENGL 111: Locate, evaluate, integrate and document research materials This outcome aligns with the following ACRL Information Literacy Standards:

3.2.a: Examines and compares information from various sources in order to evaluate reliability, validity, accuracy, authority, timeliness and point of view or bias.

3.2.d: Recognizes the cultural, physical or other context within which the information was created and understands the impact of context on interpreting the information.

# Areas of Inquiry

#### Hypothesis

- ELIP meets the curricular needs of ENGL 102 and 111
- ELIP provides baseline IL skills/attitudes

#### Research Questions

- Are students achieving the IL related outcomes of the ENGL 102/111 curriculum?
- Does ELIP provide that set of baseline IL skills and attitudes to carry forward?
  - Are we reaching a majority of students via ENGL 102/111?
  - At what point in their academic career do students take ENGL 102 or 111?

# Build your Toolbox

- □ ELIP Curriculum
- ELIP Pedagogy
- Student worksheet for evidence collection
- Rubric for worksheet evaluation

### Opportunities for Learning: Curriculum

Topics covered in ELIP sessions include a combination of:

- Navigating the library website
- Constructing a search strategy
- Finding books in the catalogue
- Finding articles in the databases
- Searching and evaluating websites
- Citation Tips

# Opportunities for Learning: Pedagogy

Pre-Game (optional)	First Period	Second Period	Third Period	Overtime
Introduction to (or review of) the library and its services	Identifying alternate synonyms and spellings	Applying Boolean Logic	Identifying popular/trade/ academic articles	Searching databases
<u>Jeopardy</u>	<u>Taboo</u>	Human Booleans	Sorting Journals	<u>Scrimmage</u>
Review of library skills (general library, catalogue, periodicals, databases, etc.) using PowerPoint Jeopardy game.	search. Students brainstorm		Provided stacks of mixed types of journals are sorted and described by students.	Based on discovery principle, students search databases on their topic without receiving instruction and then discuss their methods before the librarian demonstrates.
Shoot Out	Synonym Race	Shuffle and Deal	Wanted Ad	Librarian Needs a New Car
Students write questions on slips of paper and throw them to the front of the class. Questions are answered at the end of the session, if not covered at the beginning or during the class.	and given a keyword. Teams then race to come up with the most synonyms.	card, and stand when instructor	Students write a wanted ad for academic journals, describing their characteristics.	Students search for an item and discuss different results found via web, CBCA, 1search, catalogue, etc.
Press Conference		Coloured Shapes	Resource Referee: Journals	Resource Referee: Databases
Coloured cards with library questions are given to students at the beginning of class and answered throughout at timely intervals.		given out to students. Students stand when their card is described with AND, OR, NOT to	Folders are filled with articles that might be found in different types of journals etc. Students are asked to examine contents and comment.	Folders are filled with items that might be found on Google, different databases, etc. Students are asked to examine contents and comment.

### Evidence Collection: The Worksheet

		Librai	y MA	cEwan
ENGI	ISH LIBRARY INSTRUCTION WORKSHEET	NAME:		
vorks vorks	MED CONSENT: I have been provided with informa heet used in the English Library Instruction Progra heet has been reviewed by a librarian and returned to de will be anonymous.	m Assessment F	Pilot. I understan	d that once this
YE	S o NO o			
1.	What program are you in?	_ Whatisyouryea	ır of study?	_
2.	What is your topic?			
3.	Circle the main ideas in your topic.			
4.	Brainstorm any keywords related to each of your ma and synonyms. Use this chart to help organize your more or less than three main ideas.			
	Main Idea 1 Main Idea	12	Main Id	ea 3
5.	Linky our main ideas using Boolean Logic. Group si similar ideas with "and". Ex. (dog or poodle or puppy			ach group of
6.	Use the search strategy above in the library tool disc topic. List the title of your article here.	cussed in class. L	ocate one article r	related to your
7.	Scan your article. What kind of article is it? List one class.	of the article type	syou have learne	ed about in this
8.	List at least two of the criteria discussed in class tha have.	t helped you to de	termine the type	of article you

# Evidence Analysis: The Rubric

Outcome: Construct an effective search strategy in order to locate relevant articles.						
Skill	Competent – 3	Developing – 2	Emerging – 1	Not Present – 0	Worksheet Question evaluated	Score
Determines Keywords	Determines multiple keywords that reflect research topic / thesis statement accurately	Determines some concepts that reflect the research topic / thesis accurately	Determines concepts that reflect the research topic / thesis statement inaccurately	Does not show any evidence of keywords	4	
Constructs search statement	Applies multiple appropriate search terms and appropriate Boolean search strategies as well as appropriate use of wildcard / truncation searching	Applies multiple appropriate search terms and appropriate Boolean search strategies	Applies search terms and simple/basic keyword search strategies and/or uses inappropriate Boolean strategies	Does not show any evidence of applying search terms.	5	

Outcome: Evaluate sources in order to determine which are most appropriate for the assignment.						
Skill	Competent – 3	Developing – 2	Emerging – 1	Not Present – 0	Worksheet Question evaluated	Score
Lists the title of an article related to the topic.	Lists the title of an article relate to the topic.	Lists the title of an article partially related to the topic.	Lists the title of an article not related to the topic.	Does not list the title of an article.	6	
Identifies the type of article found (scholarly, trade or popular)	Identifies the type of article correctly	Lists all three types of articles	Identifies the type of article incorrectly	Does not identify the article type.	7	
Lists at least two criteria used to identify article type.	Lists 2 or more criteria correctly.	Lists 1 criteria correctly.	Lists 1 or more criteria incorrectly.	Does not list any criteria.	8	

### Go forth and assess!

#### 10 classes evaluated

■ 37.0% of sessions given in Winter term

#### 147 worksheets collected

- 127 informed consent
- 29 worksheets rejected as invalid

#### N = 98

- 66.6% of collected worksheets
- 77.2% of those giving consent
- 17.6% of all students who attended library sessions in Winter term

### Pre-Assessment Measure of Success

#### **Rubric Scoring Definitions**

- 1=Emerging Skills
- 2=Developing Skills
- 3=Competent Skills

#### Result scenario

- 1=unacceptable standard
- 2=acceptable standard
- 3=exceptional standard

Success = 75% of the students achieved an average score of "2" or higher.

# Making Sense of Student Learning

Outcome One: construct an effective search strategy in order to locate relevant articles.

Skill	Worksheet Question	Median Score
Determine keywords	4	2.3
Constructs search statement	5	1.7
Median score outcome one		2

### Making Sense of Student Learning

# Outcome Two: evaluate sources in order to determine which are most appropriate for the assignment

Skill	Worksheet Question	Median Score
Lists the title of an article related to the topic	6	2.1
Identifies the type of article found (scholarly, trade or popular)	7	1.9
Lists at least two criteria used to identify article type	8	1.6
Median score outcome two		1.83

# Making Sense of the Assessment Process

- Assessment teaches us to become better teachers
- Assessment challenges our values and assumptions about teaching
- Assessment tools are "evergreen"
- Small assessment projects grow confidence

# Start the Cycle Again

- □ Fall 2012
- Revise the student worksheet
- Minor curricular changes
- Provide training to the larger instructional team to deliver the assessment tool in a statistically relevant number of first year English sessions
- Additional data analysis

# Activity Reflection

- □ Discuss with your neighbour:
  - Answers to your questions
  - Conclusions
  - A-ha moments!

### Questions?

- ☐ Jessica Knoch: knochj@macewan.ca
- □ Richard Hayman: haymanr2@macewan.ca
- □ Lisa Shamchuk: shamchukl@macewan.ca
- □ Leah Townsend: townsendl8@macewan.ca

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