Table 2: Trends in human health effects potentially related to endocrine function End point Region Trend Degree of change Reference Hypospadias Canada Increasing incidence 4.3% per year 37 US 3.3% per year Cryptorchidism Canada Increasing incidence 3.5% per year 37 US 1.6% per year Sperm count Canada Decreasing -0.7%/mL per year* 38 US 39 -3%/mL per year Europe -5.3%/mL per year 39 Testicular cancer Canada Increasing incidence 2.1% per year 40 US 2.3% per year 41 Europe 2.3%-5.2% per year† 42 Prostate cancer Canada Increasing incidence‡ 3% per year 43 US 5.3% per year 44 3.3% per year Breast cancer 45 Saskatchewan Increasing incidence US 1.9% per year 46 -1.0 males/10 000 per year Sex ratio Canada Shift toward females 47 US -0.5 males/10 000 per year

US

Shifting earlier

11.2-9.96 years in white

population

48

[Return to text]

Age at breast

development

^{*}This trend disappears when data from before 1984 are included.

[†]Range is dependent on country, with Sweden at the lower and the former East Germany at the upper end of the range. ‡International trends in prostate cancer are complicated by the introduction of the prostate specific antigen screen, but prostate cancer mortality also increased (by about 1% per year through 1995 in the US and Canada), implying that improved diagnosis may not fully explain the rising