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Correspondance

of contents on it, à la New England Journal of Medicine or The Lancet.

Robert Shepherd

Family physician Gatineau, Que.

Reference

 Bellan L, Mathen M. The Manitoba Cataract Waiting List Program. CMAJ 2001;164(8): 1177-80.

The stethoscope as a postural aid

read with interest and amusement the I read with interest and ampaper by William Hanley and Anthony Hanley1 and the subsequent comments by David Leak² and John Campbell' regarding the wearing of the stethoscope. My stethoscope has a rather heavy head end and when I carried it in the traditional (T, or U) manner I found it to exert undue pressure against one or other (or both) carotid sinus(es) when it slipped on my neck. Rather than wearing it draped around my neck in the cool (C) position, I carry it draped over my left shoulder, which I shall now call the S position. Benefits of this style are that it is seen from behind as well as from the front and it helps one maintain an erect posture.

Edward A. Petrie

Anesthesiologist Fredericton, NB

References

- Hanley WB, Hanley AJG. The efficacy of stethoscope placement when not in use: traditional versus "cool." CMA7 2000;163(12):1562-3.
- Leak D. The stethoscope at ease [letter]. CMAJ 2001;164(6):747-8.
- Campbell JD. The stethoscope at ease [letter]. CMA7 2001;164(6):748-9.

Improving the quality of discharge summaries

In 1995, Carl van Walraven and Anthony Weinberg reported in *CMAJ* on the assessment of quality in a discharge summary system. In a further report they noted that the quality of the

reporting decreased as the length of the discharge summary increased.² We evaluated the discharge summaries of 1712 sequential patients discharged from the respiratory division of Tsukuba University Hospital between April 1992 and December 2000.

Chief complaints, medical history, hospital course and discharge diagnosis were documented in all of the discharge summaries. However, physical examinations were not completely documented in 10.5% of the summaries, significant laboratory tests in 9.9% of the summaries and discharge medications in 3.4% of the summaries. The discharge summaries of the 171 patients who died in hospital were less likely to be complete than those of patients discharged alive in the categories of physical examination (83.0% v. 90.3%, p =0.003) and significant laboratory tests (84.8% v. 90.7%, p = 0.014). However, the discharge summaries of the patients who died in hospital were not shorter than those of the patients discharged alive (1.48 v. 1.43 pages, p = 0.44).

For the records of patients who survived to discharge, summary length correlated significantly with completeness of reporting. The mean length of discharge summaries with complete reporting was 1.48 pages compared with 1.12 pages for summaries with incomplete reporting (p < 0.001).

We believe that discharge summaries should be routinely audited. This will ensure that problems with documentation are addressed and may improve completeness. It will also reinforce the importance of discharge summaries to physicians in training.

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References

- van Walraven C, Weinberg AL. Quality assessment of a discharge summary system. CMAJ 1995;152(9):1437-42.
- van Walraven C, Rokosh E. What is necessary for high-quality discharge summaries? Am J Med Qual 1999;14:160-9.

Dysfunctional title

The report by Evangelos Michelakis and colleagues on erectile dysfunction was misnamed. The title should have been "Sildenafil: from the bench to the bedroom"; I have never seen a case of acute or chronic erectile failure in a hospital.

N.B. Hershfield

Clinical Professor of Medicine University of Calgary Calgary, Alta.

Reference

 Michelakis E, Tymchak W, Archer S. Sildenafil: from the bench to the bedside. CMAJ 2000; 163(9):1171-5.

A missing candidate

A news item in *CMAJ* gave the names of physicians who sought a Commons seat in the Nov. 27, 2000, federal election, but mine was missing from the list.

I was a candidate for the Progressive Conservative Party in the riding of Edmonton Southwest; I did not win the seat.

Joseph T. Fernando

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Reference

Sullivan P. Eight physicians elected to Commons. CMA7 2001;164(1):80.