Res HJ13 A29b 1974 Nov.

Budget

Notices of Ways and Means Motions

Monday, November 18, 1974

Finance Finances



Res HU12 A29b 1974 Nov-

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Budget

Notices of Ways and Means Motions

Monday, November 18, 1974

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NOTICE OF WAYS AND MEANS MOTION

TO AMEND

THE INCOME TAX ACT

That it is expedient to amend the Income Tax Act and to provide among other things:

(1) That for the 1974 and subsequent taxation years, the amount to be deducted, by virtue of subsection 120(3.1) of the said Act, from the tax otherwise payable under Part I of that Act by an individual for a year shall be an amount equal to the greater of

- (a) \$150, and
- (b) 5% of the tax otherwise payable under that Part by the individual for the year, or \$500, whichever is the lesser.
- (1.1) That for the 1975 and subsequent taxation years, the amount to be deducted, by virtue of subsection 120(3.1) of the said Act, from the tax otherwise payable under Part I of that Act by an individual for a year shall be an amount equal to the greater of
 - (a) \$200, and
 - (b) 8% of the tax otherwise payable under that Part by the individual for the year, or \$750, whichever is the lesser.

(2) That for the 1974 taxation year,

(a) for the purpose of computing the taxable income for a taxation year of an individual (other than a trust that is not a testamentary trust within the meaning assigned by paragraph 108(1)(i) of the said Act), there may be deducted from his income for the year an amount equal to the lesser of

Deduction from tax

Deduction from tax

Deduction for interest income

- (i) \$1,000, and
- (ii) the amount of interest included in computing the taxpayer's income for the year including interest that is required to be included in computing his income for the year by virtue of subsection 56(4) or section 74 or 75 of the said Act minus the aggregate of all amounts each of which is an amount deducted by him in computing his income for the year by virtue of
 - (A) paragraph 20(1)(c), (d) or 60(d), or subparagraph 8(1)(j)(i) of the said Act, or
 - (B) paragraph 20(1)(k) of the said Act to the extent that the deduction thereunder is in respect of part of a payment that can reasonably be regarded as a payment of interest for the purposes of subsection 16(1) of that Act;
- (b) for the purpose of this paragraph interest shall not include any amount that is
 - (i) interest received from a source outside Canada;
 - (ii) an annuity payment
 - (A) under a registered retirement savings plan or under a plan referred to in subsection 146(12) of the said Act as an "amended plan";
 - (B) under a deferred profit sharing plan or under a plan referred to in subsection 147(15) of the said Act as a "revoked plan";

(iii) a payment.

- (A) under an income averaging annuity contract;
- (B) under a registered pension fund or plan;
- (iv) a royalty;
- (v) an amount that is exempt income;
- (vi) an amount included in computing the income of the taxpayer by virtue of subsections 135(7) or 137(5) of the said Act;
- (vii) interest paid or credited to the taxpayer by a person with whom the taxpayer does not deal at arm's length; or
- (viii) interest paid or credited to the taxpayer by a partnership of which the taxpayer is a member;
- (c) for the purposes of this paragraph interest shall be deemed to include
 - (i) the amount by which any annuity payment (other than an annuity payment described in clause (b)(ii) hereof) received by the taxpayer in the taxation year exceeds the capital element of that payment as determined or established under paragraph 60(a) of the said Act, and
 - (ii) any amount included by virtue of paragraph 148(1)(a) of the said Act in computing the income of a taxpayer for the year.
- (2.1) That for the 1975 and subsequent taxation years,

 (a) for the purpose of computing the taxable income for a taxation year of an individual (other than a trust that is not a testamentary trust within the meaning assigned by

Deduction for interest and dividend income paragraph $108(1)(\underline{i})$ of the said Act), there may be deducted from his income for the year an amount equal to the lesser of

(i) \$1,000, and

(ii) the aggregate of

- (A) the amount of interest included in computing the taxpayer's income for the year, and
- (B) the taxpayer's grossed-up dividends for the year

minus the aggregate of all amounts each of which is an amount deducted by him in computing his income for the year by virtue of

- (C) paragraph 20(1)(c), (d) or 60(d), or subparagraph 8(1)(j)(i) of the said Act, or
- (D) paragraph 20(1)(k) of the said Act to the extent that the deduction thereunder is in respect of part of a payment that can reasonably be regarded as a payment of interest referred to in subsection 16(1) of that Act;
- (b) for the purposes of this paragraph interest shall not include any amount that is
 - (i) interest received from a source outside Canada;

(ii) an annuity payment

 (A) under a registered retirement savings plan or under a plan referred to in subsection 146(12) of the said Act as an "amended plan";

- (B) under a deferred profit sharing plan or under a plan referred to in subsection 147(15) of the said Act as a "revoked plan";
- (iii) a payment
 - (A) under an income averaging annuity contract;
 - (B) under a registered pension fund or plan;
- (iv) a royalty;
 - (v) an amount that is exempt income;
- (vi) an amount included in computing the income of the taxpayer by virtue of subsections 135(7) or 137(5) of the said Act;
- (vii) interest paid or credited to the taxpayer by a person with whom the taxpayer does not deal at arm's length;
- (viii) interest paid or credited to the taxpayer by a partnership of which the taxpayer is a member; or
 - (ix) pension income or qualified pension income within the meaning assigned by paragraph (2.3) of this Motion;
- (c) for the purposes of this paragraph and subject to subparagraph (b) hereof, interest shall be deemed to include
 - (i) the amount by which any annuity payment (other than an annuity payment described in clause (b)(ii) hereof) received by the taxpayer in the taxation year exceeds the capital element of that payment as determined or established under paragraph 60(a) of the said Act, and

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- (ii) any amount included by virtue of paragraph 148(1)(a) of the said Act in computing the income of a taxpayer for the year;
- (d) where there is included in computing a taxpayer's income for a taxation year by virtue of subsection 56(4) or section 74 or 75 of the said Act, income of some other person that is interest, the amount so included in the taxpayer's income shall, for the purpose of this paragraph, be deemed to be interest;
- (e) for the purposes of this paragraph grossedup dividends for a taxation year means the amount required by subsection 82(1) of the said Act to be included in the income of the taxpayer for the taxation year, but does not include any dividend received by a taxpayer from a corporation with which he does not deal at arm's length;
- (f) where the amount that would, but for this paragraph, be deductible under paragraph 109(1)(a) of the said Act from a taxpayer's income for a taxation year is less than the amount that would be deductible under paragraph 109(1)(a) of the said Act from his income for the year if no amount were included in computing his spouse's income for the year as interest or grossed-up dividends, there may be added to the amount, if any, that the taxpayer may deduct under paragraph 109(1)(a) of the said Act an amount by which the lesser of
 - (i) the amount by which \$1,000 exceeds the amount determined under subsection 117.1(2) of the said Act for the year, and

(ii) the amount by which the aggregate of the spouse's interest for the year and the spouse's grossed-up dividends for the year exceeds the amount determined under subsection 117.1(2) of the said Act for the year

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exceeds the aggregate of

(iii) the amount, if any, deducted in the year by the spouse by virtue of subparagraph (a) hereof, and

(iv) the aggregate of all amounts each of which is an amount deducted by the spouse in computing her income for the. year by virtue of

- (A) paragraph 20(1)(c), (d) or 60(d), or subparagraph 8(1)(j)(i) of the said Act, or
- (B) paragraph 20(1)(k) of the said Act to the extent that the deduction thereunder is in respect of part of a payment that can be reasonably regarded as a payment of interest for the purposes of subsection 16(1) of that Act.
- (2.2)That effective after May 6, 1974 notwithstanding the provisions of the said Act, where in a taxation year a taxpayer receives any amount from the Government of Canada in respect of a Canada Savings Bond as a cash bonus which the Government of Canada has undertaken to pay (other than any amount of interest, bonus or principal agreed to be paid at the time of the issue of the bond under the terms of the bond) he shall, in computing his income for the year, include

(a) the amount as interest, or

(b) to the extent that the amount has not been included in computing his income under subparagraph (a), one-half the amount and the amount so included shall be deemed to be a taxable capital gain for the year from the disposition of a property.

(2.3) That for the 1975 and subsequent taxation years,

Cash Bonus on Canada Savings Bond

Deduction for pension income

- (a) for the purpose of computing the taxable income for a taxation year of an individual who, before the end of the year, has attained the age of 65, there may be deducted from his income for the year an amount equal to the lesser of
 - (i) \$1,000, and
 - (ii) his pension income received in the year;
- (b) for the purpose of computing the taxable income for a taxation year of an individual (other than a trust or an individual referred to in subparagraph (a) hereof) there may be deducted from his income for the year an amount equal to the lesser of
 - (i) \$1,000, and
 - (ii) his qualified pension income received in the year;
- (c) for the purpose of this paragraph
 - (i) "pension income" means any amount
 - (A) received as a payment out of or under a superannuation or pension fund or plan,
 - (B) that is an annuity payment under a registered retirement savings plan or under a plan referred to in subsection 146(12) of the said Act as an "amended plan", or
 - (C) that is
 - an annuity payment under a deferred profit sharing plan or under a plan referred to in subsection 147(15) of the said Act as a "revoked plan", or

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- 2. a payment described in subparagraph 147(2)(k)(v) of the said Act;
- (D) that is the amount by which any annuity payment (other than an annuity payment described in subclause (B) hereof or subsubclause (c)(1.) hereof, or a payment under an income averaging annuity contract) received by the taxpayer in the taxation year exceeds the capital element of that payment as determined or established under paragraph 60(a) of the said Act, if before the end of the year the taxpayer has attained the age of 65 years; and
- (ii) "qualified pension income" means any amount described in subclause (A) hereof and amounts described in subclauses (B), (C) and (D) hereof received by a taxpayer as a consequence of the death of his spouse;
- (d) for the purposes of this paragraph, "pension income" or "qualified pension income" shall not include any amount that is
 - (i) the amount of any pension or supplement under the <u>Old Age Security Act</u> or the amount of any similar payment under the law of a province;
 - (ii) the amount of any benefit under the <u>Canada Pension Plan</u> or a provincial pension plan as defined in section 3 of that Act;
 - (iii) a retiring allowance;
 - (iv) a death benefit;
 - (v) any amount that is exempt income; or

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- (vi) the amount, if any, by which
 - (A) an amount required to be included in computing the taxpayer's income for the year
- exceeds
 - (B) the amount, if any, by which the amount referred to in subclause
 (A) hereof exceeds the aggregate of all deductions taken by the taxpayer in the year in respect of that amount;

(e) where the spouse of a taxpayer

- (i) has attained the age of 65 before the end of a taxation year and that spouse has received pension income in the year, or
- (ii) has received qualified pension income in the year

the taxpayer may, in addition to the amount, if any, deducted by him for the year under subparagraph (a) or (b) hereof, deduct an amount equal to the amount, if any, by which the lesser of

- (iii) \$1,000, and
- (iv) the spouse's pension income or qualified
 pension income for the year

exceeds

(v) the amount deductible in the year by his spouse under subparagraph (a) or(b) hereof as the case may be.

(3) That for the 1973 and subsequent taxation years,

(a) subparagraph 110(1)(e)(i) of the said Act shall be repealed and a rule substituted therefor so that the subparagraph shall

Blind persons and persons confined to bed or wheelchair transfer to spouse of exemption for blind persons and persons confined to bed or wheelchair

Registered home ownership savings plan - 11 -

apply to a taxpayer who was totally blind at any time in the year or was, throughout any twelve month period ending in the year, necessarily confined for a substantial period of time each day, by reason of illness, injury or affliction, to a bed or wheelchair, and

- (b) paragraph 110(1)(e.1) of the said Act shall be repealed and a rule substituted therefor so that the paragraph shall apply to a taxpayer whose spouse was totally blind at any time in the year or was, throughout any twelve month period ending in the year, necessarily confined for a substantial period of time each day, by reason of illness, injury or affliction, to a bed or wheelchair.
- (4) That for the 1974 and subsequent taxation years, rules shall be provided in the said Act for the registration and taxation of a home ownership savings plan (the "plan") so that:
 - (a) the Minister shall not accept for registration for the purposes of the said Act any plan unless, in his opinion, it complies with the following conditions:
 - (i) the plan does not provide for any payment to be made to the beneficiary under or out of the plan other than a single payment to the beneficiary to be used by him for the purchase of his owner-occupied home or as a refund of the excess described in clause (f)(i) hereof together with any interest, profits or gains attributable thereto;
 - (ii) the plan includes a provision stipulating that the payment to the beneficiary thereunder is not capable either in whole or in part of surrender or assignment except to the spouse of the beneficiary on the death of the beneficiary;

(iii)

the plan includes a provision stipulating that the terms of the plan cannot be revised, amended or varied except

- (A) to provide that the single payment referred to in clause (i) hereof, shall, on the death of the beneficiary be paid to his spouse, or
- (B) to delete a provision of the type referred to in subclause (A) hereof;
- (iv) the plan includes a provision stipulating that the trustee shall, on the death of the beneficiary, transfer or distribute all the property of the trust governed by the plan;
- the beneficiary and the trust established under the plan are resident in Canada;
- (vi) the beneficiary has not previously been a beneficiary under a registered home ownership savings plan;
- (vii) the beneficiary does not own, whether jointly with another person or otherwise, real property in Canada, any portion of which was used at any time in the year as a dwelling place by any individual;
- (viii) the beneficiary does not have an interest in a partnership that owns, whether jointly or otherwise, real property in Canada, any portion of which was used at any time in the year as a dwelling place by any individual; and

(ix)

the plan in all other respects complies with any regulations of the Governor in Council made on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance;

- (v)

- (b) no tax is payable under Part I of the said Act by a trust on the taxable income of the trust for a taxation year if, throughout the period in the year during which the trust was in existence, the trust was governed by a registered home ownership savings plan, except that
 - (i) if the trust has borrowed money in the year or has borrowed money that it has not repaid before the commencement of the year,
 - (ii) if the trust has received a gift of property (other than a contribution) in the year or has received a gift of property and has not divested itself of the property or any property substituted therefor before the commencement of the year, or
 - (iii) if the trust has carried on any business or businesses in the year

tax is payable under Part I of the said Act by the trust

- (iv) where clause (i) or (ii) hereof applies, on its taxable income for the year, and
 - (v) where clause (iv) hereof does not apply and where clause (iii) hereof applies, on the amount that its taxable income for the year would be if it had no incomes or losses from sources other than from the business or businesses, as the case may be;
- (c) there may be deducted in computing the income for a taxation year of a taxpayer who is a beneficiary under a registered home ownership savings plan or becomes, within 60 days after the end of the taxation year, a beneficiary thereunder, the amount of any contribution paid by the taxpayer under the plan during the year or within 60 days after the end of the year

(to the extent that it has not been deducted in computing his income for a previous year), not exceeding the lesser of

- (i) \$1,000; and
- (ii) \$10,000 minus the aggregate of contributions made by him in respect of previous years;
- (d) no amount may be deducted by a taxpayer under subparagraph (c) hereof for a taxation year in which
 - (i) he had an owner-occupied home as defined in clause (p)(vi) hereof if that clause were read without reference to the phrase "or within 60 days after the end of the year" where it appears therein;
 - (ii) he owned, whether jointly with another person or otherwise, real property in Canada, any portion of which was used in the year as a dwelling place by any individual; or
 - (iii) he had an interest in a partnership that owned, whether jointly or otherwise real property in Canada, any portion of which was used in the year as a dwelling place by any individual;
- (e) there shall be included in computing the income of a taxpayer for a taxation year all amounts received by him in the year from a trust governed by a registered home ownership savings plan, except to the extent that such amounts are used by the taxpayer in the year or within 60 days after the end of the year to purchase
 - (i) his owner-occupied home, or
 - (ii) home furnishings for
 - (A) the owner-occupied home referred to in clause (i) hereof, or

- (B) the owner-occupied home of his spouse;
- (f) where at any time after a home ownership savings plan has been accepted for registration for the purposes of the said Act
 - (i) a taxpayer makes a contribution in respect of the plan for a taxationyear in excess of the amount deductible by him under subparagraph (c) hereof and the excess, together with any interest, profits or gains attributable thereto has not been refunded to the taxpayer by the trustee of a trust governed by a registered home ownership savings plan within 120 days after the end of the year,
 - (ii) the Minister is satisfied that the registered home ownership savings plan failed to comply with the requirements of subparagraph (a) hereof at the time it was registered,
 - (iii) where clause (i) hereof applies, the Minister may revoke the registration of the plan as of any date following the day that is 120 days after the end of the year, or
 - (iv) where clause (ii) hereof applies, the Minister may revoke the registration of the plan as of any day

and he shall thereafter give notice of this action by registered mail to the trustee and to the beneficiary;

(g) where at any time the Minister revokes the registration of a registered home ownership savings plan pursuant to subparagraph (f) hereof, the beneficiary shall be deemed at that time to have received from a trust governed by a registered home ownership savings plan an amount equal to the fair market value at that time of all the property of the trust and, notwithstanding subparagraph (e) hereof, no amount may be deducted in respect of any amounts used to purchase an owner-occupied home or home furnishings;

(h) in the event of the death of a beneficiary, an amount equal to the fair market value at that time of all the property of the trust governed by a registered home ownership savings plan of which he was the beneficiary shall be deemed to have been received by him immediately before his death;

- (i) where on the death of a beneficiary and as a consequence thereof, the spouse of the beneficiary becomes entitled to receive a single payment from a trust governed by a registered home ownership'savings plan, and the spouse receives that payment within 15 months after the death of the beneficiary that payment shall, for the purposes of subparagraph (e) hereof, be deemed to be an amount from a trust governed by a registered home ownership savings plan and notwithstanding subparagraph (h) hereof no amount shall be deemed to have been received by the deceased beneficiary immediately before his death;
- (j) for the purposes of paragraph 20(1)(c) of the said Act, any amount received by a taxpayer from a registered home ownership savings plan or such a plan whose registration has been revoked by the Minister pursuant to subparagraph (f) hereof shall be deemed to be exempt income;
- (k) where in a taxation year a trust governed by a registered home ownership savings plan
 - (i) acquires a non-qualified investment, or

(ii) uses or permits to be used a property of the trust as security for a loan, the cost to the trust of the non-qualified investment or the fair market value at the time the property is used as security of the property so used, as the case may be, shall be included in computing the income for the year of the taxpayer who is the beneficiary under the plan;

(1) where in a taxation year a trust governed by a registered home ownership savings plan disposes of a non-qualified investment, the cost of which was included by virtue of subparagraph (k) hereof in computing the income of the taxpayer who is the beneficiary under the plan, there may be deducted in computing the income of the taxpayer for the taxation year an amount equal to the lesser of

- (i) the cost so included in computing the taxpayer's income, and
- (ii) the proceeds of dispositon of the nonqualified investment;
- (m) notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph
 - (i) where a trust has acquired a property that is a non-qualified investment, tax is payable under Part I of the said Act by the trust on the amount that its taxable income for the year would be if it had no incomes or losses from sources other than the property that is a non-qualified investment or capital gains or capital losses from the disposition of such property as the case may be,
 - (ii) for the purposes of clause (i) hereof
 - (A) "income" includes dividends described in section 83 of the said Act, and

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- (B) paragraphs 38(a) and (b) of the said Act shall be read without reference to the words "¹/₂ of" where they appear therein;
- (n) where in a taxation year a trust governed by a registered home ownership savings plan
 - disposes of property for consideration greater than the fair market value of the property at the time of disposition, or
 - (ii) acquires property for consideration less than the fair market value of the property at the time of the acquisition, or for no consideration,

the difference between such fair market value and the consideration, if any, shall be included in computing the income for the taxation year of the beneficiary under the plan;

(o) where in a taxation year a loan for which a trust governed by a registered home ownership savings plan has used or permitted to be used trust property as security ceases to be extant, and the fair market value of the property so used was included by virtue of subparagraph (k) hereof in computing the income of the taxpayer who is the beneficiary under the plan, there may be deducted in computing the income of the taxpayer for the taxation year an amount equal to the amount, if any, remaining when

> (i) the net loss (exclusive of payments by the trust as or on account of interest) sustained by the trust in consequence of its using or permitting to be used the property as security for the loan and not as a result of a change in the fair market value of the property

is deducted from

- (ii) the amount so included in computing the income of the taxpayer in consequence of the trust's using or permitting to be used the property as security for the loan:
- (p) in this paragraph,
 - (i) "beneficiary" in respect of a plan means the individual (other than a trust), 18 years of age or over, to whom, under a plan, a single payment is agreed to be paid but does not include an individual to whom under a plan, a single payment is agreed to be paid as a consequence of the death of another individual;
 - (ii) "contribution" means any periodic or other amount paid by an individual under a plan as a payment referred to in clause (iv) hereof for the purpose stated in that clause;
 - (iii) "home furnishings" means property, as defined by regulation, used to furnish a home;

"home ownership savings plan" means an (iv) arrangement under which payment is made by an individual in trust to a corporation licensed or otherwise authorized under the laws of Canada or a province to carry on in Canada the business of offering to the public its services as trustee, of any periodic or other amount as a payment under the trust to be used, invested or otherwise applied by that corporation resident in Canada for the purpose of providing to that individual as the beneficiary under the arrangement, an amount to be used for the purchase by him of an owner-occupied home;

(vi) "owner-occupied home" of a taxpayer means a housing unit or a share of the capital stock of a co-operative housing corporation owned, whether jointly with another person or otherwise, in the year or within 60 days after the end of the year by the taxpayer, if the housing unit was, or if the share was acquired for the sole purpose of acquiring the right to inhabit a housing unit owned by the corporation that was, inhabited by the taxpayer at any time in the year or within 60 days after the end of the year and was situated in Canada;

(vii) "qualified investment" for a trust governed by a registered home ownership savings plan means

(A) an investment that would be described in any of subparagraphs
(i) to (ix) (except subparagraphs
(iii), (vi) and (viii)) of paragraph 204(e) of the said Act if the references therein to a trust were read as references to the trust governed by a registered home ownership savings plan,

(B) a bond, debenture, note or similar obligation of a corporation the shares of which are listed on a prescribed stock exchange in Canada,

(C) a mortgage or interest therein, secured by real property situated in Canada, other than a mortgage in respect of which the mortgagor

is the beneficiary or a person with whom the beneficiary does not deal at arm's length, and

- (D) such other investments as may be prescribed by any regulation of the Governor in Council made on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance; and
- (viii) "registered home ownership savings plan" means a home ownership savings plan accepted by the Minister for registration for the purpose of the said Act;
- (q) the amount included in computing the taxpayer's income for the year by virtue of subparagraph (e) hereof shall be included in the amounts referred to in subsection 61(2) of the said Act;
- (r) Part XI of the said Act shall apply in respect of a trust governed by a registered home ownership savings plan;
- (s) where, at the end of any month after 1973, a trust governed by a registered home ownership savings plan holds property that is not a qualified investment, the trust shall, in respect of that month, pay a tax under part XI.1 of the said Act equal to 1% of the cost to it of all such property held by it at that time other than property, the cost of acquisition of which was included under subparagraph (k) hereof in computing the income of the taxpayer who is the beneficiary under the plan;
- (t) a payment from a trust governed by a registered home ownership savings plan, or any amount deemed by subparagraph (g) hereof to have been received by a taxpayer shall, where the taxpayer is a non-resident, be subject to tax under Part XIII of the said Act, and

Small business deduction: increase in limits

Corporate surtax

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- (u) that part of any amount referred to in subparagraph (e) hereof required to be included in computing the taxpayer's income for a year shall be eligible for the rule in paragraph 60(j) of the said Act.
- (5) That for the 1974 and subsequent taxation years, the amount of small business deduction that a Canadian-controlled private corporation may claim under section 125 of the said Act shall be increased by
 - . (a) changing the reference to "\$50,000" in paragraphs 125(2)(a), (3)(a) and (4)(a) of the said Act to "\$100,000", and
 - (b) changing the reference to "\$400,000" in paragraphs 125(2)(b), (3)(a) and (4)(b) of the said Act to "\$500,000".
- (6) That where a portion of a corporation's taxation year is after April 1974 and before May 1975, there shall be added to the tax otherwise payable under Part I of the said Act for the year by the corporation (other than a corporation that was an investment corporation, a mortgage investment corporation, a mutual fund corporation, a deposit insurance corporation as defined in paragraph (96) of this Motion or a non-resident-owned investment corporation throughout the taxation year or a corporation for which any amount was deducted from its tax payable under the said Part for the year by virtue of section 125 of that Act) an amount equal to that proportion of 10% of the amount, if any, by which
 - (a) the tax otherwise payable under the said Part by the corporation for the year (determined with reference to all other paragraphs of this Motion, but without reference to this paragraph or section 126 of the said Act)

exceeds the aggregate of

'30% of the corporation's Canadian manufac-(b) turing and processing profits for the year, within the meaning assigned by section 125.1 of that Act,

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(i) the 1974 taxation year, 30%

(ii) the 1975 taxation year, 28%

of the corporation's taxable production profits from oil and gas wells for the year, within the meaning assigned by subparagraph (11)(f) of this Motion,

- (d) 25% of the corporation's taxable production profits from mineral resources for the year, within the meaning assigned by subparagraph (11)(e) of this Motion,
- (e) where the taxation year is partly before May 7, 1974 and partly after May 6, 1974, 38% of the aggregate of
 - (i) 66 2/3% of the amount, if any, by which the amount determined under clause (11)(g)(i) of this Motion exceeds the aggregate of the amounts determined under clauses (11)(g)(ii) and (iii) of this Motion,
 - (ii) 66 2/3% of the amount, if any, by which the amount determined under clause (11)(h)(i) of this Motion exceeds the aggregate of the amounts determined under clauses (11)(h)(ii) and (iii) of this Motion, and
- (f) where the corporation was a private corporation throughout the year, 38/25ths of the least of the amounts determined under paragraphs 129 (3)(a) to (d) in respect of the corporation for the year,

that

(g) the number of days in that portion of the year that is after April 1974 and before May 1975,

is of

(6.1) For the purposes of subparagraph (6)(c) of this Motion, where a corporation has a taxation year (herein referred to as the "particular taxation year") part of which is before and part of which is after the commencement of 1975, the percentage referred to in that subparagraph for the particular taxation year is the percentage equal to the aggregate of

the number of days in the year.

- (a) that proportion of the percentage so referred to for the particular taxation year that the number of days in that portion of the particular taxation year that is in 1975, is of the number of days in the whole of the particular taxation year, and
- (b) that proportion of the percentage so referred to for the taxation year immediately preceding the particular taxation year that the number of days in that portion of the particular taxation year that is in 1974, is of the number of days in the whole of the particular taxation year.
- (7) That section 12 of the said Act shall be amended so as to require a taxpayer, in computing his income for a taxation year, to include therein, if an amount hereinafter described is not otherwise included in computing his income for the year pursuant to any other provision of Part I of the said Act, an amount receivable in the year or the fair market value of any property receivable in the year, (other than an amount or property receivable by Her Majesty in right of Canada for the use and benefit of a band or bands as defined in the Indian Act) whether pursuant to a law other than the said Act or a contract, that became receivable after May 6, 1974, by
 - (a) Her Majesty in right of Canada or a province,
 - (b) an agent of Her Majesty in right of Canada or a province, or

Royalties attributable to production in Canada of petroleum, natural gas or minerals: inclusion of income (h)

(c) a corporation, commission or association that is controlled, directly or indirectly in any manner whatever, by Her Majesty in right of Canada or a province or by an agent of Her Majesty in right of Canada or a province

as a royalty, tax, rental, levy or otherwise, or as an amount, however described, that may⁻ reasonably be regarded as being in lieu of a royalty, tax, rental or levy, that may reasonably be regarded as dependent upon the production in Canada of

- (d) petroleum, natural gas or related hydrocarbons, or
- (e) metal or industrial minerals, to any stage that is not beyond the prime metal stage or its equivalent

from an oil or gas well or mineral resource situated on property in Canada from which the taxpayer had, at the time of such production, a right to take or remove petroleum, natural gas or related hydrocarbons or a right to take or remove metal or industrial minerals.

(7.1) That section 12 of the said Act as amended by paragraph (7) of this Motion shall be amended so as to require a taxpayer in computing his income for a taxation year, to include therein, if an amount hereinafter described is not otherwise included in computing his income for the year. pursuant to any other provision of Part I of the said Act, an amount receivable (other than any amount or property receivable by Her Majesty in right of Canada for the use and benefit of a band or bands as defined in the Indian Act) in the year or the fair market value of any property receivable in the year, whether pursuant to a law other than the Income Tax Act or a contract, that became receivable after November 18, 1974, by

(a) Her Majesty in right of Canada or a province,

Royalties and other government levies: inclusion in computing income

- (b) an agent of Her Majesty in right of Canada or a province, or
- (c) a corporation, commission or association that is controlled, directly or indirectly in any manner whatever, by Her Majesty in right of Canada or a province or by an agent of Her Majesty in right of Canada or a province

as a royalty, tax (other than a tax or portion thereof that may reasonably be considered to be a municipal or school tax levied for the purpose of providing services in the immediate area of the property of the taxpayer), rental, bonus, levy or otherwise or as an amount, however described, that may reasonably be regarded as being in lieu of a royalty, tax, rental, bonus or levy, that may reasonably be regarded as being in relation to

- (d) the acquisition, development or ownership of a Canadian resource property owned by the taxpayer, or
- (e) the production in Canada of
 - (i) petroleum, natural gas or related hydrocarbons, or
 - (ii) metal or industrial minerals, to any stage that is not beyond the prime metal stage or its equivalent

from an oil or gas well or mineral resource situated on property in Canada which the taxpayer owned or from which the taxpayer had, at the time of such production, a right to take or remove petroleum, natural gas or related hydrocarbons or a right to take or remove metal or industrial minerals.

(8) That with respect to an amount receivable in a year or the fair market value of any property receivable in the year as described in paragraph (7) or (7.1) of this Motion, that became receivable after May 6, 1974 and is required to be included in computing the income of a taxpayer by virtue of the said

Royalties attributable to production in Canada of petroleum, natural gas or minerals: non-deductibility Inadequate consideration: petroleum, natural gas or minerals (9) That where after May 6, 1974, a taxpayer who has a right to take or remove petroleum, natural gas or related hydrocarbons or a right to take or remove metal or industrial minerals from an oil or gas well or mineral resource situated in Canada

- (a) disposes of any petroleum, natural gas or related hydrocarbons or metal or industrial minerals produced in the operation of such well or resource to
 - (i) Her Majesty in right of Canada or a province,
 - (ii) an agent of Her Majesty in right of Canada or a province, or
 - (iii) a corporation, commission or association that is controlled, directly or indirectly in any manner whatever, by Her Majesty in right of Canada or a province or by an agent of Her Majesty in right of Canada or a province

for no proceeds or for proceeds less than the fair market value thereof at the time he so disposes of it, he shall be deemed to have received proceeds of disposition therefor equal to that fair market value determined, in circumstances where he is required by a law or a contract to so dispose thereof, without regard to that law or contract; and

- (b) acquires any petroleum, natural gas or related hydrocarbons or metal or industrial minerals produced in the operation of such well or resource from
 - (i) Her Majesty in right of Canada or a province,

- (ii) an agent of Her Majesty in right of Canada or a province, or
- (iii) a corporation, commission or association that is controlled, directly or indirectly in any manner whatever, by Her Majesty in right of Canada or a province or by an agent of Her Majesty in right of Canada or a province

at an amount in excess of the fair market value thereof at the time he so acquired the petroleum, natural gas or related hydrocarbons or metal or industrial minerals, he shall be deemed to have acquired the petroleum, natural gas or related hydrocarbons or metal or industrial minerals at that fair market value determined, in circumstances where he is required by a law or contract to so acquire the petroleum, natural gas or related hydrocarbons or metal or industrial minerals, without regard to that law or contract.

- (10) That for the purpose of computing the income of a taxpayer for a taxation year under Part I of the said Act
 - (a) the taxpayer's "Canadian exploration expense" means any outlay or expense made or incurred after May 6, 1974 that is
 - a geological, geophysical or geochemical expense incurred by him in the year for the purpose of determining the existence, location, extent or quality of an accumulation of petroleum or natural gas (other than a mineral resource) in Canada,
 - (ii) any expense incurred in drilling an oil or gas well in Canada, building temporary access roads and site preparation in respect of the well,

(A) incurred by him in the year, or

Canadian exploration expenses

(B) incurred by him in any previous year and included by him in computing his Canadian development expense for a previous taxation year,

if within six months after the end of the year, the drilling of the well is completed and

- (C) it is determined that the well is the first well capable of production in commercial quantities from an accumulation of petroleum or natural gas (other than a mineral resource) not previously known to exist, or
- (D) it is reasonable to expect that the well will not come into production in commercial quantitles within twelve months of its completion,

(iii)

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 any expense incurred by him in the year for the purpose of determining the existence, location, extent or quality of a mineral resource in Canada including

- (A) prospecting,
- (B) geological, geophysical or geochemical surveys,
- (C) drilling by rotary, diamond, percussion or other methods, and
- (D) trenching, digging test pits and preliminary sampling,

but not including

 (E) any Canadian development expense, or

- (F) any expense that may reasonably be considered to be related to a mine that has come into production in reasonable commercial quantities or to be related to a potential or actual extension thereof,
- (iv) his share of any expense referred to in any of clauses (i) to (iii) hereof incurred by any association, partnership or syndicate in a fiscal period of that association, partnership or syndicate ending in the year, if at the end of that fiscal period he was a member or partner thereof, and
 - (v) any expense referred to in any of clauses (i) to (iii) hereof incurred by the taxpayer in the year pursuant to an agreement with a corporation under which the taxpayer incurred the expense solely as consideration for shares of the capital stock of the corporation issued to him by the corporation or any interest in such shares or right thereto,

but for greater certainty, shall not include

- (vi) any consideration given by the taxpayer for any share or any interest therein or right thereto, except as provided by clause (v) hereof, or
- (vii) any expense described in clause (v) hereof incurred by any other taxpayer to the extent that the expense was by virtue of clause (v) hereof a Canadian exploration expense or was by virtue of clause (10.1)(a)(vi) of this Motion a Canadian development expense of that other taxpayer;
- (b) the taxpayer's "cumulative Canadian exploration expense" at any time shall be the amount, if any, by which

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(i) the aggregate of all his expenses referred to in clauses (a)(i) to (v) hereof incurred before that time

exceeds the aggregate of all amounts each of which is

- (ii) any amount deductible in computing his income for a taxation year ending before that time in respect of his cumulative Canadian exploration expense, and
- (iii) any amount deducted before that time in computing his Canadian exploration expense by virtue of paragraph (46) of this Motion;
- (c) the taxpayer shall include, in computing his income for the year, the amount, if any, by which
 - (i) the aggregate of all amounts referred to in clauses (b)(ii) and (iii) hereof incurred before that time

exceeds

- (ii) the aggregate referred to in clause(b)(i) hereof,
- (d) where the taxpayer is a principal-business corporation within the meaning assigned by paragraph 66(15)(h) of the said Act, as amended by paragraph (10.2) of this Motion, he may deduct in computing his income for the year, the lesser of
 - (i) his cumulative Canadian exploration expense at the end of the year, or
 - (ii) his income for the year if no deductions were allowed under this paragraph or section 65 of the said Act, minus the deductions allowed for the year by sections 112 and 113 of that Act, and

(e) where the taxpayer is an individual or a corporation other than a principal-business corporation within the meaning of paragraph 66(15)(h) of the said Act, as amended by paragraph (10.2) of this Motion, he may deduct in computing his income for the year; such amount as he may claim not exceeding 30 per cent of his cumulative Canadian exploration expense at the end of the year.

(10.1) That for the purpose of computing the income of a taxpayer for a taxation year under Part I of the said Act

- (a) the taxpayer's "Canadian development expense" means any outlay or expense made or incurred after May 6, 1974 that is
 - (i) any expense incurred by him in the year in drilling an oil or gas well in Canada, building temporary access roads and site preparation in respect of the well, to the extent that the expense is not a Canadian exploration expense,
 - (ii) any expense incurred by him in the year for the purpose of bringing a mineral resource in Canada into production and incurred prior to the commencement of production in reasonable commercial quantities, including
 - (A) clearing, removing overburden and stripping, and
 - (B) sinking a mine shaft, constructing an adit or other underground entry,
 - the cost to him in the year of a Canadian resource property acquired by him from a person other than
 - (A) Her Majesty in right of Canada or a province,

Canadian development expenses

(iii)

- (B) an agent of Her Majesty in right of Canada or a province, or
- (C) a corporation, commission or association that is controlled, directly or indirectly in any manner whatever, by Her Majesty in right of Canada or a province or by an agent of Her Majesty in right of Canada or a province,

(iv) notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs (7) and (7.1) of this Motion, any outlay or expense incurred by him in the year that may reasonably be regarded as an amount receivable by

- (A) Her Majesty in right of Canada or a province,
- (B) an agent of Her Majesty in right of Canada or a province, or
- (C) a corporation, commission or association that is controlled, directly or indirectly in any manner whatever, by Her Majesty in right of Canada or a province or by an agent of Her Majesty in right of Canada or a province

if that amount was the first such amount so receivable in respect of the right, licence or privilege to take, or to explore for and take, petroleum or natural gas (other than from a mineral resource) from a particular place in Canada,

(v) his share of any expense referred to in any of clauses (i) to (iv) hereof, incurred by any association, partnership or syndicate in a fiscal period of that association, partnership or syndicate ending in the year, if at the end of that fiscal period he was a member or partner thereof, and (vi) any expense referred to in any of clauses (i) to (iv) hereof incurred by the taxpayer in the year pursuant to an agreement with a corporation under which the taxpayer incurred the expense solely as consideration for shares of the capital stock of the corporation issued to him by the corporation or any interest in such shares or right thereto,

but, for greater certainty, shall not include

- (vii) any consideration given by the taxpayer for any share or any interest therein or right thereto, except as provided by clause (vi) hereof, or
- (viii) any expense described in clause (vi) hereof incurred by any other taxpayer to the extent that the expense was by virtue of clause (vi) hereof a Canadian development expense or was by virtue of clause (10)(a)(v) of this Motion a Canadian exploration expense of that other taxpayer;
- (b) the taxpayer's "cumulative Canadian development expense" at any time shall be the amount, if any, by which
 - (i) the aggregate of all his expenses referred to in clauses (a)(i) to (vi) hereof incurred before that time

exceeds the aggregate of all amounts each of which is

- (ii) any amount deducted in computing his income for a taxation year ending before that time in respect of his cumulative Canadian development expense,
- (iii) any amount receivable by him from the disposition of a property after May 6, 1974, referred to in subparagraph (41)(a) of this Motion,

- (iv) any amount deducted before that time in computing his Canadian development expense by virtue of paragraph (48) of this Motion, and
 - (v) any amount included by him as an expense under clause (a)(i) hereof in computing his Canadian development expense for a previous taxation year and which has become a Canadian exploration expense of the taxpayer by virtue of subclause (10)(a)(ii)(B) of this Motion,
- (c) the taxpayer shall include, in computing his income for the year, the amount, if any, by which
 - (i) the aggregate of all amounts referred to in clauses (b)(ii) to (v) hereof, incurred before that time

exceeds

- (ii) the aggregate referred to in clause(b)(i) hereof, and
- (d) the taxpayer may deduct, in computing his income for the year, such amount as he may claim not exceeding 30 per cent of his cumulative Canadian development expense at the end of the year.
- (10.2) That for the 1974 and subsequent taxation years, paragraph 66(15)(h) of the said Act shall be amended to provide that a principal-business corporation shall include a corporation
 - (a) whose principal business is production or marketing of sodium chloride or potash, or
 - (b) whose business includes manufacturing products the manufacturing of which involves processing sodium chloride or potash.

Principalbusiness corporation Tax payable by corporation having taxable production profits from a mineral resource in Canada or from an oil or gas well in Canada (11) That for taxation years ending after May 6, 1974,

- (a) the tax payable under Part I of the said Act by a corporation that during the taxation year had taxable production profits from mineral resources in Canada, or taxable production profits from oil or gas wells in Canada, shall be
 - (i) where its taxable production profits are not less than its taxable income or taxable income earned in Canada, as the case may be, 50% of its taxable income, and
 - (ii) in any other case, the aggregate of
 - (A) 50% of its taxable production profits, and
 - (B) the amount of its tax payable that would be determined under section 123 of the said Act, if the "amount taxable" therein referred to was its taxable income or taxable income earned in Canada less its taxable production profits;
- (b) there may be deducted from the tax otherwise payable under Part I of the said Act by a corporation for a taxation year, an amount equal to 15% of the lesser of
 - (i) its taxable production profits from mineral resources in Canada earned in the year, and
 - (ii) the amount, if any, by which its taxable income or taxable income earned in Canada, as the case may be, earned in the year exceeds the aggregate of
 - (A) 4 times the amount, if any, deductible under section 125 of the said Act from the tax for the

deduction from tax

year otherwise payable by it under Part I of that Act, and

- (B) its Canadian investment income and its foreign investment income (within the meanings assigned by subsection 129(4) of the said Act) for the year;
- (c) there may be deducted from the tax otherwise payable under Part I of the said Act by a corporation for a taxation year, an amount equal to
 - (i) for the 1974 taxation year, 10%
 - (ii) for the 1975 taxation year, 12%
 - (iii) for the 1976 and subsequent taxation years, 15%

of the lesser of

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- (iv) its taxable production profits from oil or gas wells in Canada earned in the year, and
- (v) the amount, if any, by which the amount described in clause (b)(ii) hereof exceeds the amount described in clause (b)(i) hereof;
- (d) clause 125.1(1)(a)(ii)(A) of the said Act shall be amended so that where a corporation's taxation year ends after May 6, 1974, the amount to be included by virtue of that clause shall be the aggregate of
 - (i) the lesser of the amounts determined under clauses (b)(i) and (ii) hereof in respect of the corporation for the year, and
 - (ii) the lesser of the amounts determined under clauses (c)(i) and (ii) hereof;

- (e) subject to subparagraph (g) hereof, for the purposes of this paragraph, taxable production profits from mineral resources of a corporation for a taxation year means
 - (i) where the corporation has production from mineral resources operated by him, the amount, if any, included in his income by virtue of subparagraphs (10)(c) or (10.1)(c) of this Motion, and
 - (ii) the amount by which the amount, if any, referred to in clause (i) hereof and the amount, of the aggregate of its incomes from the sources referred to in clauses (iii) and (iv) hereof exceed the aggregate of its losses for the year from those sources,
 - (iii) the production in Canada of
 - (A) petroleum, natural gas or related hydrocarbons, or
 - (B) metals or minerals to any stage that is not beyond the prime metal stage or its equivalent,

from mineral resources in Canada operated by the corporation, and

(iv) the processing in Canada of ores from a mineral resource in Canada not operated by the corporation to any stage that is not beyond the prime metal stage or its equivalent

computed in accordance with the said Act on the assumption that the corporation had during the taxation year no income or loss except from those sources and was allowed no deductions in computing its income for the taxation year other than

 (v) amounts deductible under any of section 66 of the said Act (other than amounts in respect of foreign exploration and development expenses as

defined therein), section 29 or subsection 17(2) or (6) of the Income Tax Application Rules, 1971, where the corporation has no taxable production profits from oil or gas wells and, in any other case, such proportion of those amounts as may reasonably be regarded as wholly applicable to mineral resources in Canada,

(vi) the amount, if any, by which the aggregate of the losses referred to in subparagraph (f) hereof exceeds the aggregate of the incomes referred to therein,

- (vii) such part of the aggregate of amounts allowed under section 65 of the said Act for the year as is in respect of sources of income described in clauses
 (i) and (ii) hereof, and
- (viii) where clause (f)(vi) hereof is not applicable, the deductions as allowed under subparagraph (10)(d) or (e) and subparagraph (10.1)(d) of this Motion, and
 - (ix) such other deductions as may reasonably be regarded as applicable to those sources, and

for the purpose of clause (iii) hereof,

- (x) a person who has an interest in the proceeds of production from a mineral resource in Canada under an agreement providing that he shall share in the profits remaining after deducting the operating costs of the mineral resource, shall be deemed to be a person who operates the mineral resource, and
- (xi)

income or loss from a source described in clause (i) hereof does not include income or loss derived from transporting or processing petroleum, natural gas or related hydrocarbons;

- (f) subject to subparagraph (h) hereof, for the purposes of this paragraph, taxable production profits from oil or gas wells of a corporation for a taxation year means
 - (i) where subparagraph (e)(i) hereof is not applicable, and the corporation has production from oil and gas wells, the amount included in its income by virtue of subparagraphs (10)(c) or (10.1)(c) of this Motion, and
 - (ii) the amount by which the amount referred to in clause (i) hereof and the amount of the aggregate of its incomes for the year from production in Canada of petroleum, natural gas or related hydrocarbons exceeds the aggregate of its losses for the year from such production from oil and gas wells in Canada operated by the corporation and computed in accordance with the said Act, on the assumption that the corporation had during the taxation year no income or loss except from such production and was allowed no deductions in computing its income for the taxation year other than
 - (iii) amounts deductible under any of section 66 of the said Act (other than amounts in respect of foreign exploration and development expenses as defined therein) section 29 or subsection 17(2) or (6) of the Income Tax Application Rules, 1971, to the extent they are not allowed as a deducted under subclause (e)(iii) hereof,
 - (iv) the amount, if any, by which the aggregate of the losses referred to in clauses (e)(i) and (ii) hereof exceeds the aggregate of the incomes referred to therein,

- (v) such part of the aggregate of amounts allowed under section 65 of the said Act for the year as is in respect of such production, and
- (vi) where the corporation has production from oil or gas wells, the deductions as allowed under subparagraphs (10)(d) or (e) of this Motion and subparagraph (10.1)(d) of this Motion, and

(vii) such other deductions as may reasonably be regarded as applicable to such production, and

for the purposes of clause (i) hereof,

- (viii)
- a person who has an interest in the proceeds of production from oil and gas wells in Canada under an agreement providing that he shall share in the profits remaining after deducting the operating costs of the oil or gas wells, shall be deemed to be a person who operates the oil or gas wells, and
 - (ix) income or loss from production described in this subparagraph does not include income or loss derived from transporting or processing petroleum, natural gas or related hydrocarbons;
- (g) notwithstanding subparagraph (e) hereof, where a corporation has a taxation year part of which is before May 7, 1974 and part of which is after May 6, 1974, in computing its taxable production profits from mineral resources for the year, the following rules shall apply:
 - (i) determine the portion of the amount that would be computed under subparagraph (e) hereof, if no amounts were deducted under any of paragraph 20(1)(a), section 65 or 66 of the said Act and section-29 or subsection 17(2) or (6) of the Income Tax Application Rules, 1971, that may reasonably be determined as being earned before May 7, 1974,

- (ii) determine the proportion of that part of the amount deductible under paragraph 20(1)(a) of the said Act for its taxation year with respect to property acquired for purposes of earning its income from the sources described in subparagraph (e) hereof that the number of days in that portion of its taxation year that is before May 7, 1974, is of the number of days in the whole taxation year,
- (iii) determine the amounts deductible for the taxation year under section 66 of the said Act (other than amounts in respect of foreign exploration and development expenses as defined therein), in respect of expenditures incurred before May 7, 1974, section 29 or subsection 17(2) or (6) of the income Tax Application Rules, 1971 where the corporation has no taxable production profits from oil or gas wells and, in any other case, such proportion of those amounts as may reasonably be regarded as wholly applicable to sources referred to in clauses (e)(iii) and (iv) hereof,
- (iv) determine the amount if any by which the amount described in clause (iii) hereof exceeds the amount by which the amount determined in clause (i) hereof exceeds the amount determined in clause (ii) hereof,
- (v) determine the portion of the amount that would be computed under subparagraph (e) hereof if no amounts were deducted under any of paragraph 20(1)(a), section 65 and 66 of the said Act, or section 29, or subsection 17(2) or (6) of the Income Tax Application Rules, 1971, and that may reasonably be regarded as being earned after May 6, 1974,

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- (vi) determine the proportion of the part described in clause (ii) hereof that the number of days in that portion of its taxation year that is after May 6, 1974, is of the number of days in the whole taxation year,
- (vii) determine the amount that would otherwise be deductible under subclause (e)(viii) hereof,
- (viii) determine the amount by which the amount described in clause (v) hereof exceeds the aggregate of the amounts described in clauses (iv), (vi) and (vii) hereof,
 - (ix) determine the amount deductible under section 65 of the said Act with respectto the amount described in clause (viii) hereof, and
 - (x) for the purposes of subparagraph (e) hereof, taxable production profits from a mineral resource is the amount determined under clause (viii) hereof less the amount determined under clause (ix) hereof; and
- (h) notwithstanding subparagraph (f) hereof, where a corporation has a taxation year part of which is before May 7, 1974 and part of which is after May 6, 1974, in computing its taxable production profits from oil or gas wells for the year, the following rules shall apply:
 - (i) determine the portion of the amount that would be computed under subparagraph (f) hereof, if no amounts were deducted under any of paragraph 20(1)(a), section 65 and 66 of the said Act, or section 29, or subsection 17(2) or (6) of the Income Tax Application Rules, 1971, that may reasonably be determined as being earned before May 7, 1974,

- (ii) determine the proportion of that part of the amount deductible under paragraph 20(1)(a) of the said Act for its taxation year with respect to property acquired for the purpose of earning its income from the production in Canada of petroleum, natural gas or ` related hydrocarbons that the number of days in that portion of its taxation year that is before May 7, 1974, is of the number of days in the whole taxation year,
- (iii) determine the amounts deductible for its taxation year under section 66 of the said Act in respect of Canadian exploration and development expenditures incurred before May 7, 1974, or section 29, or subsection 17(2) or (6) of the Income Tax Application Rules, 1971. that may not reasonably be regarded as being wholly applicable to sources referred to in clauses (e)(iii) and (iv), to the extent they are not allowed as a deduction under clause (g)(iii) hereof,
- (iv) determine the amount if any by which the amount described in clause (iii) hereof exceeds the amount by which the amount determined in clause (i) hereof exceeds the amount determined in clause (ii) hereof,
 - (v) determine the portion of the amount that would be computed under subparagraph (f) hereof if no amounts were deducted under any of paragraph 20(1)(a), section 65 and 66 of the said Act, or section 29, or subsection 17(2) or (6) of the Income Tax Application Rules, 1971, that may reasonably be regarded as being earned after May 6, 1974

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(vi) determine the proportion of the part described in clause (ii) hereof that the number of days in that portion of

its taxation year that is after May 6, 1974, is of the number of days in the whole taxation year,

(vii) determine the amount that would otherwise be deductible under clause (f)(vi) hereof,

> determine the amount by which the amount described in clause (v) hereof exceeds the aggregate of the amounts described in clauses (iv), (vi) and (vii) hereof,

(ix) determine the amount deductible under section 65 of the said Act with respect to the amount described in clause (viii) hereof, and

(x) for the purposes of subparagraph (f) hereof, taxable production profits from an oil or gas well is the amount determined under clause (viii) hereof less the amount determined under clause (ix) hereof.

(i) for the purposes of subparagraph (c) hereof, where a corporation has a taxation year (herein referred to as "the particular taxation year") part of which is before and part of which is after the commencement of . the 1975 or 1976 calendar years (herein referred to as "the particular calendar year"), the percentage referred to in subparagraph (c) hereof for the particular taxation year is the percentage equal to the aggregate of

that proportion of the percentage so (i) referred to for the particular taxation year that the number of days in that portion of the particular taxation year that is in the particular calendar year, is of the number of days in the whole of the particular taxation year, and

1 - MA & 3

(viii)

(ii)

) that proportion of the percentage so referred to for the taxation year immediately preceding the particular taxation year that the number of days in that portion of the particular taxation year that is in the calendar year immediately preceding the particular calendar year, is of the number of days in the whole of the particular taxation year.

- (12) That where after May 6, 1974, an amount is paid or becomes payable by a taxpayer as, on account or in lieu of payment of, or in satisfaction of, interest or property taxes referred to in paragraphs 18(2)(a) and (b) of the said Act in respect of land, in computing the taxpayer's income for a taxation year from a business or property, the taxpayer shall not be entitled to any deduction where the land is land that cannot reasonably be considered to have been, in that year
 - (a) used in, or held in the course of, a business carried on by the taxpayer other than a business in which land is held primarily for the purpose of resale or development in the ordinary course of carrying on that business, or
 - (b) held primarily for the purpose of gaining or producing income of the taxpayer from the land for that year;

and any deduction denied to the taxpayer by virtue hereof shall be included in the cost to the taxpayer of land under subsection 10(1) of the said Act, and for the purposes of this paragraph,

(c) land does not include any property that is a building affixed to land, or the land subjacent thereto, and

(d) interest on borrowed money shall include,

Land that is inventory or held for resale or development: interest and property taxes: interest on borrowed money

- (i) interest paid or payable in the year in respect of borrowed money that cannot be identified with particular land but that may nonetheless reasonably be considered (having regard to all the circumstances) as being interest on borrowed money used in respect of or for the acquisition of land,
- (ii) interest paid or payable in the year by a taxpayer in respect of borrowed money that may reasonably be considered, (having regard to all the circumstances) to have been used to assist, directly or indirectly, another taxpayer with whom the taxpayer does not deal at arm's length to acquire land to be used or held by that person, otherwise than as described in subparagraphs (a) and (b) hereof, except where the assistance is in the form of a loan to that person and a reasonable rate of interest thereof is charged by the taxpayer.
- (13) That for the 1974 and subsequent taxation years, section 33 of the said Act shall be amended as follows:
 - (a) the words "principal amount" in subparagraph 33(1)(a)(i) of that Act shall be deleted and the words "amortized cost" substituted therefor;
 - (b) the maximum amount of a reserve to which a taxpayer referred to in the said section is entitled shall be the lesser of
 - (i) the amount described in paragraph 33(1)(b) of that Act, and
 - (ii) $1\frac{1}{2}$ % of the aggregate of the amortized cost to it of
 - (A) each property referred to in paragraph 33(1)(a) of that Act, and

Taxpayers lending money on security

 (B) each property referred to in subparagraph (c) hereof in the case of a taxpayer therein referred to,

if such aggregate amount does not exceed \$2,000,000,000 and, if the aggregate amount exceeds \$2,000,000,000, the amount determined under this clause shall be $1\frac{1}{2}$ % on the first \$2,000,000,000 and 1% on the excess;

- (c) a taxpayer that is a corporation licensed or otherwise authorized under the laws of Canada or a province to carry on in Canada the business of offering its services as trustee to the public shall, in addition to being entitled to claim a reserve in respect of property referred to in paragraph 33(1)(a) of that Act, be entitled to claim a reserve
 - (i) on the amortized cost of bonds and debentures owned by it at the end of a taxation year (other than bonds and debentures that mature within one year after that time) that are held by it in respect of money received by it in trust for investment subject to a guarantee by it in respect of the repayment of the principal or the payment of interest, or both, and
 - (ii) on each amount due and unpaid as or on account of interest payable under a bond or debenture referred to in clause (c)(i) hereof to the taxpayer; and
- (d) for the purposes of this paragraph, amortized cost of a bond, debenture, mortgage, hypothec or agreement of sale (the "property") at any particular time means the amount, if any, by which
 - (i) the cost to the taxpayer of acquiring the property, and

(ii) the aggregate of such portion of each amount, if any, by which the principal amount of the property at the time it was acquired by the taxpayer exceeds the cost to the taxpayer of acquiring it, as was included in computing its income for any taxation year ending before or concurrently with that time,

exceeds

- (iii) the aggregate of such portion of each amount, if any, by which the cost to the taxpayer of acquiring the property exceeds the principal amount of the property at the time it was acquired, as was deducted in computing its income for any taxation year ending before or concurrently with that time, and
- (iv) the aggregate of all amounts that, before that time, the taxpayer became entitled to receive as or on account or in lieu of payment of or in satisfaction of the principal amount of the property.
- (14) That for the 1974 and subsequent taxation years, in computing a life insurer's income for a taxation year from the carrying on of its life insurance business in Canada, the maximum amount deductible by virtue of paragraph 138(3)(c) of the said Act shall be the lesser of
 - (a) the aggregate described in subparagraph 138(3)(c)(ii) of that Act, and
 - (b) 1½% of the aggregate amount of the amortized cost to it at the end of the year of each property owned by it and referred to in subparagraph 138(3)(c)(i) thereof if such aggregate amount does not exceed \$2,000,000,000 and, if the aggregate amount exceeds \$2,000,000,000, the amount determined under this subparagraph shall be 1½% on the first \$2,000,000,000 and 1% on the excess.

Life insurance corporations: reserve limitation Special allowances paid to employee posted to area where education in his language not available for his child: not taxable benefit

Certain premiums paid for by employee in respect of group term life insurance policies: not taxable benefit

Employees required to hire assistants: deduction for payments for unemployment insurance and to Canada Pension Plan

- (15) That for the 1974 and subsequent taxation years, where a taxpayer has received from his employer a reasonable allowance in respect of his child who was during a year:
 - (a) living away from the taxpayer's domestic establishment in the location where he is required by his employer to live, and
 - (b) in full-time attendance at a school in which the language primarily used for instruction is an official language of Canada and the language primarily used by the taxpayer,

such an allowance shall not constitute a taxable benefit of the taxpayer by virtue of his office or employment, provided that

- (c) a suitable school primarily using that language for instruction is not available to the child in the location where the taxpayer is so required to live, and
- (d) the school attended by the child is the closest suitable school to that location.
- (16) That for the 1974 and subsequent taxation years, that portion of a premium for any excess over \$25,000 of the amount of life insurance in effect on the life of a taxpayer under a group term life insurance policy for which the employer is reimbursed by the taxpayer shall not, notwithstanding subsection 6(4) of the said Act, constitute a taxable benefit of the taxpayer.

(17) That for the 1974 and subsequent taxation years, where an employee is required by the terms of his contract to hire an assistant or substitute, an amount paid by the employee in a year in respect of such assistant or substitute under the Unemployment Insurance Act, 1971 or the Canada Pension Plan or a provincial pension plan as defined in section 3 of that Plan, may be deducted by the employee 'in computing his income for the year. Amounts receivable in a taxation year

Interest income of financial corporations

(18) That

- (a) for the 1975 and subsequent taxation years,
 - (i) there shall be included in computing the income from a business of a financial corporation for a taxation year, interest accrued in respect of the year and interest receivable in the year, to the extent that such interest was not included in computing the corporation's income for a previous taxation year, and
 - (ii) except in the case of a credit union, interest that was not included in computing the taxpayer's income for the 1974 taxation year but would have been included if interest accrued in respect of the year and interest receivable in the year had been so included shall be included in computing its income for the 1975 taxation year; and
- (b) for the purposes of this paragraph, a "financial corporation" shall include a taxpayer that is a bank, credit union, life insurance corporation, trust company or a corporation (except a mutual fund corporation or a mortgage investment corporation) that borrows money from the public in the course of carrying on a business the principal purpose of which is the making of loans, or whose principal business is the making of loans.
- (19) That effective for acquisitions of property made after November 18, 1974, paragraph 13(7)
 (e) of the said Act shall be repealed and a rule shall be substituted therefor to provide that for the purposes of the said Act, where a

Deemed capital cost of certain property taxpayer has received or is entitled to receive assistance from a government, municipality or other public authority, in respect of or for the acquisition of depreciable property, whether as a grant, subsidy, forgiveable loan, deduction from tax, investment allowance or as any other form of assistance other than

- (a) an amount authorized to be paid under an <u>Appropriation Act</u> and on terms and conditions approved by the Treasury Board in respect of scientific research expenditures for the purpose of advancing or sustaining the technological capability of Canadian manufacturing or other industry, or
- (b) an amount deducted as an allowance under section 65 of the said Act,

the capital cost of the property shall be deemed to be the amount by which the aggregate of

- (c) the capital cost thereof to the taxpayer, otherwise determined, and
- (d) such part, if any, of the assistance as has been repaid by the taxpayer pursuant to an obligation to repay all or any part of that assistance,

exceeds

- (e) the amount of the assistance.
- (20) That section 13 of the said Act shall be amended

 (a) by deleting the words "before 1974" from subparagraph (15)(a)(i) thereof and substituting therefor the words "before May 1974"; and

(b) by deleting the year "1974" from each of subparagraph (15)(a)(ii) and subsections (18), (19) and (20) thereof and substituting therefor the year "1975".

Commercial vessels: reinvestment of proceeds of disposition Timber limits and cutting rights

- (21) That where a taxpayer acquires after May 6, 1974, a property that is a timber limit or a right or license to cut timber from a timber limit or area in Canada, provided that all or any part of the cost may reasonably be regarded as consideration for an expectation of being able to or a right to renew, acquire or apply for a timber limit or a right or licence to cut timber from a timber limit or area in Canada,
 - (a) in computing the taxpayer's income for a taxation year from a business or property the provisions of paragraph 20(1)(a) of the said Act shall apply in respect of the capital cost of the property,
 - (b) the proceeds of disposition of such a property in a year
 - (i) shall first reduce the unclaimed balance of cost immediately before the end of the year, and
 - (ii) to the extent such proceeds exceed the unclaimed balance immediately before the end of the year, shall be included in computing the income of the taxpayer for the year.
- (22) That for the 1972 and subsequent taxation years, there shall be excluded by a subsidiary of a non-resident life insurance corporation in computing the amount of its outstanding debts to specified non-residents, all debts or other obligations to pay an amount to the non-resident life insurance corporation that has
 - (a) elected under subsection 138(9) of the said Act, and
 - (b) included such debts and obligations as property held by it in the year in the course of carrying on an insurance business in Canada and has included the revenue therefrom in computing its income for the year from carrying on an insurance business in Canada.

Thin capitalization rules: exclusion of certain debts of subsidiaries of non-resident insurers Reserve for amount not due until later year: limitation

reserve for amount not due until later year

Deductibility of fees paid to investment counsel, administrators and managers (23) That

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- (a) where a taxpayer sells a property after May 6, 1974, in the course of a business, the taxpayer shall not be entitled to any deduction under paragraph 20(1)(n) of the said Act in computing his income for any taxation year from that business where the taxpayer, at any time in the year or the immediately following year,
 - (i) becomes exempt from tax under any provision of Part I of the said Act, or
 - (ii) where the taxpayer is a non-resident, does not carry on business in Canada, and
- (b) effective for any taxation year ending after November 18, 1974 paragraph 20(1)(n) of the said Act shall be amended by deleting the word "receivable" and substituting therefor the word "due".
- (24) That for the 1974 and subsequent taxation years, the full amount of fees (other than commissions) paid by a taxpayer in the year to a person
 - (a) for advice as to the advisability of purchasing or selling a specific share or security, or
 - (b) for services in respect of the administration or management of shares or securities of the taxpayer,

if that the person's principal business

- (c) is advising others as to the advisability of purchasing or selling specific shares or securities, or
- (d) includes the provision of services in respect of the administration or management of shares or securities,

Deductibility of foreign taxes

Ceasing to carry on business: bulk sale of accounts receivable and inventory

Scientific research shall be deductible in computing the taxpayer's income for the year from a business or property.

(25) That for the 1976 and subsequent taxation years, subsection 20(11) of the said Act shall not apply to income that is derived from real property situated outside Canada.

(26) That

- (a) where a taxpayer sells debts referred to in section 22 of the said Act after May 6, 1974 to a person with whom he was not dealing at arm's length, the consideration paid for such debts as stated in the election envisaged by subsection 22(2) of that Act shall be subject to the provisions of subsection 69(1) of that Act; and
- (b) subsection 23(2) of the said Act shall be repealed with respect to sales occurring after May 6, 1974.

(27) That

- (a) for the 1974 and subsequent taxation years, a taxpayer who is eligible to deduct expenditures for a taxation year in respect of scientific research referred to in section 37 of the said Act may choose any amount thereof as the deduction for the year and the unclaimed amount may be carried forward and deducted in subsequent years, and
- (b) effective after November 18, 1974 paragraph 37(1)(c) of the said Act shall be amended by inserting therein after the word "Board", and before the word "for", the phrase "in respect of scientific research expenditures".

(28) That

- (a) for the 1972 and subsequent taxation years, the aggregate referred to in paragraph 40(3)(b) of the said Act shall consist of
 - (i) the cost to a taxpayer of the property as determined for purposes of computing

Capital gains: deemed gain where deductions in computing adjusted cost base exceed aggregate of cost and inclusions in computing adjusted cost base: reserve for proceeds of disposition of capital property not due until later year: limitation the adjusted cost base to him of the property at any time, and

- (ii) all amounts required by subsection 53(1) of the said Act to be added to the cost to the taxpayer of the property in computing the adjusted cost base to him of the property at that time; and
- (b) where a taxpayer disposes of property referred to in subsection 40(1)(a) of the said Act after May 6, 1974, the taxpayer shall not be entitled to claim any reserve under subparagraph (iii) thereof for any taxation year where
 - (i) the person who acquired the property from the taxpayer was a corporation that, immediately after the acquisition thereof,
 - (A) was controlled directly or indirectly by the taxpayer,
 - (B) was controlled directly or indirectly by a person or group of persons by whom the taxpayer was controlled directly or indirectly, or
 - (C) controlled the taxpayer directly or indirectly, or
 - (ii) the taxpayer was at the end of the year or at any time in the immediately following year, not resident in Canada or was exempt from tax by virtue of any provision of Part I of the said Act.
- (29) That for the 1972 and subsequent taxation years, section 43 of the said Act shall apply in computing a taxpayer's loss for a taxation year from the disposition of a part of a property.
- (30) That with respect to dispositions hereinafter deemed to occur after May 6, 1974 of capital property owned by a taxpayer, that was lost, destroyed, taken under statutory authority or

Part dispositions of property

Property destroyed or taken under statutory authority: deferral of gain sold, as described in subparagraphs 13(21)(d)
(iii) or (iv), or 54(h)(iii) or (iv) of the said
Act:

- (a) subject to sections 48 and 70 of the said Act, the date of disposition of such property and the date that an amount has become receivable by that taxpayer as proceeds of disposition therefor shall be deemed to be the earliest of
 - (i) the date the taxpayer agrees to an amount as full compensation to him for such property,
 - (ii) where a claim, suit, appeal or other proceeding is taken before one or more tribunals or courts of competent jurisdiction, the date on which the compensation for such property is finally determined by such tribunals or courts, and
 - (iii) where a claim, suit, appeal or other proceeding, referred to in clause (ii) hereof, is not taken within two years of the loss, destruction or taking of the property, the date two years following the date of loss, destruction or taking, and

the taxpayer shall be deemed to own such property until the date on which he is deemed by this subparagraph or section 48 or 70 of the said Act to have disposed of it;

(b) that part of section 44 of the said Act preceding paragraph (a) thereof shall be repealed and a rule substituted therefor to make paragraphs (a) and (b) thereof applicable where the property disposed of (the "former property") is replaced, before the end of the second taxation year following the taxation year in which the former property was disposed of, with a capital property (the "replacement property") that has not been disposed of;

- (c) the word "cost" in section 44 of the said Act shall be repealed and the words "cost or capital cost" shall be substituted therefor, and the amount deemed under paragraph 44(b) of that Act to be the cost or capital cost to the taxpayer, as the case may be, of the replacement property shall be its cost or capital cost at any time after the taxpayer disposed of his former property;
- (d) where the taxpayer's replacement property was depreciable property of a prescribed class and was acquired by the taxpayer prior to the time he disposed of his former property, and where
 - (i) the reduction in the capital cost to the taxpayer of his replacement property by virtue of paragraph 44(b) of the said Act, as amended by subparagraph (c) hereof

exceeds

 (ii) the undepreciated capital cost to the taxpayer of depreciable property of the class to which his replacement property belongs, immediately before the reduction in capital cost referred to in clause (i) hereof,

the amount of such excess shall be included in computing the taxpayer's income for his taxation year in which his former property was disposed of and, for the purposes of subsection 13(2) of the said Act, the amount so included in his income shall be deemed to have been so included by virtue of subsection 13(1) of the said Act as a result of the disposition of depreciable property of the class to which the taxpayer's replacement property belongs;

(e) subsection 70(3) of the said Act shall not apply to proceeds of disposition referred to in subparagraphs 13(21)(d)(iii) or (iv), or 54(h)(iii) or (iv) of the said Act; and

- (f) where the former property is depreciable property of a prescribed class,
 - (i) the word "payable" in paragraphs 13(4)(a) and (b) of the said Act shall be deleted and the word "receivable" substituted therefor, and
 - (ii) the rules in paragraphs 13(4)(c) and (d) of the said Act shall be amended to provide that the amount otherwise included in the taxpayer's income by virtue of section 13 of that Act,
 - (A) shall, subject to subclause

 (B) hereof, not be included in computing the income of the taxpayer for the initial year to the extent it was used, before
 - the end of the time certified by the Minister of Industry, Trade and Commerce to be a reasonable time following the initial year, in the case of a vessel, and
 - 2. in any other case, the end of the second taxation year following the initial year, to acquire a depreciable property of a prescribed class, which property was not disposed of by the taxpayer before the time the former property was disposed of, as a replacement for the property so disposed of; and
 - (B) shall to the extent the amount has been used to acquire the replacement property within

the relevant time set out in subclause (A) hereof, be deemed to be proceeds of disposition of depreciable property of the taxpayer of the same class as the property so acquired from a disposition made at the later of

- 1. the time the replacement property was acquired, or
- the time immediately after the property referred to in paragraphs 13(4)(a) or (b) of the said Act was disposed of.
- (31) That for the 1972 and subsequent taxation years, subsection 48(4) of the said Act shall be amended
 - (a) to include in paragraph (a) thereof property acquired by the individual by bequest or inheritance after the last preceding time he became resident in Canada; and
 - (b) to repeal the phrase "36 months" in paragraph (b) thereof and substitute therefor "60 months".
- (32) That where after May 6, 1974, a taxpayer who granted an option to which subsection 49(1) or (2) of the said Act applied, grants one or more extensions or renewals of that option, any consideration therefor shall be subject to the rules of section 49 of that Act.

Departure tax exemption

Options: consideration received or paid for extension or renewal Convertible properties

(33) That section 51 of the said Act shall be amended to provide that where shares of one class of the capital stock of a corporation have after May 6, 1974, been acquired by a taxpayer in exchange for a capital property of the taxpayer that was a share, bond, debenture or note of the corporation (a "convertible property") the terms of which conferred upon the holder the right to make the exchange and no consideration was received by the taxpayer for the convertible property other than shares of that class,

- (a) the exchange shall be deemed not to have been a disposition of property, and
- (b) the cost to the taxpayer of the shares shall be deemed to be the adjusted cost base to him of the convertible property immediately before the exchange.
- (34) That for the 1972 and subsequent taxation years, subsection 52(1) or (1.1) of the said Act shall not apply with respect to property acquired after 1971 as described in any of subsections 52(2), (3) or (6) of that Act.
- (35) That in computing the adjusted cost base of a taxpayer's interest in a partnership at any time after 1971,
 - (a) subparagraph 53(1)(e)(i) of the said Act shall not apply to a share of the income of a partnership under an agreement referred to in subparagraph (75)(a) of this Motion;
 - (b) there shall be added to the cost to him thereof
 - (i) any amount included in computing his income in respect of the partnership for the taxation year as a consequence of his death by virtue of subsection 70(2) of the said Act other than an amount included therein for the year by virtue of subparagraph (75)(g) of this Motion;

Cost of certain property

Adjusted cost base of partnership interest: no adjustment for income rights

addition of amounts taxed as income in the year of death exempt partnership income:

- (ii) his share (other than a share under an agreement referred to in subparagraph (75)(a) of this Motion) of
 - (A) any amounts deducted under paragraphs 29(1)(b) and 29(2)(b) of the said Act in computing the income of the partnership from a farming business for a taxation year, and
 - (B) the amount, if any, by which
 - any amount receivable by the partnership in respect of the disposition after 1971 of a property owned by the partnership on December 31, 1971 that is a property referred to in paragraph 59(3)(a) or (b) of the said Act

exceeds

- 2. the relevant percentage as defined in subsection 59(4) of that Act of the amount receivable described in sub-subclause 1. hereof; and
- (iii) any amount deemed by subparagraph
 (78)(c) of this Motion to be a gain
 of the taxpayer for a taxation year
 from a disposition at that time of
 the property;
- (c) subparagraph 53(2)(c)(ii) of the said Act shall not apply to any fiscal period of a partnership after the fiscal period in which the taxpayer ceased to be a member of the partnership;

addition for certain deemed gains depletion allowance in respect of resource property

rights under an agreement to share the income or loss of a partnership

Adjustment to cost base of certain capital property:

repayment of a grant, subsidy or assistance

transfer of property to a corporation

- (d) there shall not be deducted any amount previously deducted by him as depletion allowance in respect of either partnership property that is or partnership income from, an oil or gas well, mineral resource, or timber limit;
- (e) subparagraphs 53(2)(c)(i) and (v) of the said Act shall not apply to a share of a loss of a partnership or a share of the partnership profits, as the case may be, under an agreement referred to in subparagraph (75)(a) of this Motion;
- (f) subparagraph 53(2)(c)(iv) of the said Act shall be repealed.

(36) That

- (a) for the purpose of computing, at any time after 1971, the adjusted cost base to a taxpayer of any property,
 - (i) the amount to be deducted therefrom under paragraph 53(2)(k) of the said Act shall be reduced by any part of the grant, subsidy or assistance therein referred to that has been repaid by the taxpayer before that time;
 - (ii) in respect of dispositions of property occurring before May 7, 1974, where
 - (A) the taxpayer and the corporation referred to therein have elected under section 85 of the said Act, and
 - (B) the consideration received by the taxpayer therefor did not include shares of the capital stock of the corporation, the disposition shall be deemed to be a contribution of capital for the purposes of paragraph 53(1)(c) of the said Act equal to the amount, if any, by which

(C) the amount that the taxpayer and the corporation have agreed upon in their election

exceeds

- (D) the fair market value at the time of the disposition of any consideration received by the taxpayer for the property disposed of;
- (iii) in respect of dispositions of property occurring after May 6, 1974, the amount to be added thereto by virtue of paragraph 53(1)(c) of the said Act shall not include a contribution of capital made by the taxpayer to the corporation by virtue of a disposition of property in respect of which the taxpayer and the corporation have made an election pursuant to section 85 of that Act;
- (b) for the purpose of computing, at any time after May 6, 1974, the adjusted cost base to a taxpayer of a property,
 - (i) where the property is a share of a joint exploration corporation, within the meaning assigned by subsection 66(15) of the said Act, there shall be deducted exploration and development expenses renounced by the corporation in respect of contributions of capital made to it by the taxpayer, if such contributions had previously been added to the adjusted cost base of the share by virtue of paragraph 53(1)(c) of that Act;
 - (ii) where the property is a capital interest in a non-resident trust or a unit of a non-resident unit trust referred to in subparagraphs 53(2)(i) and (j) of the said Act, respectively, the adjusted cost base of that interest or unit to him, as the case

further transfers of property to a corporation

shares of joint exploration corporation

capital interest in a non-resident trust: unit of non-resident unit trust may be, shall be reduced as provided therein if 50% or more of the fair market value of the trust property at the time he acquired the interest or unit, as the case may be, consisted of taxable Canadian property, within the meaning assigned by subsection 248(1) of that Act for the purpose of section 2 thereof; and

- (iii) where the property is a right to receive partnership property within the meaning assigned by subparagraph (78)(f) of this Motion, there shall be deducted any amount received by the taxpayer in full or partial satisfaction of that right.
- (37) That for the 1974 and subsequent taxation years
 - (a) where a taxpayer transfers property to a trust governed by a registered retirement savings plan, within the meaning assigned by section 146 of the said Act; a trust governed by a deferred profit sharing plan, within the meaning assigned by section 147 of that Act; a trust governed by an employees profit sharing plan, within the meaning assigned by section 144 of that Act; or a trust governed by a registered home ownership savings plan, within the meaning assigned by paragraph (4) of this Motion, the transfer shall constitute a disposition of the property by the taxpayer for the purpose of paragraph 54(c) of the said Act,
 - (b) a transfer of property from a trust governed by any such plan to a beneficiary shall constitute a disposition of property by the trust for the purpose of the said paragraph,
 - (c) subsection 146(8) of the said Act shall be amended to provide that amounts received by a taxpayer in a taxation year as a benefit out of a registered retirement savings plan shall be included in computing his income for the year, and

Contributions and transfers of property in respect of deferred and other special income arrangements

right to receive

partnership

property

- (d) paragraph 146(1)(b) of the said Act shall be repealed and rules substituted therefor to define a benefit for purposes of a retirement savings plan as including any amount received out of or under such a plan, otherwise than as a premium.
- (37.1) That for the 1974 and subsequent taxation years, subparagraph 54(g)(iv) of the said Act shall not apply to a principal residence of a taxpayer for a taxation year where the taxpayer, during the term of and as a consequence of his employment by an employer who is not a person with whom the taxpayer is related, ceases during the year to ordinarily inhabit that residence and thereafter
 - (a) resumes ordinary habitation in that residence during the term of his employment by that employer or before the end of his taxation year immediately following the taxation year in which his employment by that employer terminates, or
 - (b) dies during the term of his employment by that employer,

if at all times between the time he so ceases to ordinarily inhabit that residence and the time he resumes ordinary habitation therein or dies, as the case may be, he resides at a place or places each of which is at least 25 miles closer to his then place of employment than that principal residence.

(38) That

- (a) for the 1974 and subsequent taxation years, subparagraphs 54(i)(i) and (ii) of the said Act shall be amended so that the rules therein defining a superficial loss shall apply to a loss arising on the disposition of property deemed by subparagraphs (37)(a) or (b) of this Motion to have been made;
- (b) for the 1972 and subsequent taxation years, subparagraph 54(<u>i</u>)(iii) of the said Act shall be amended so that a loss

Principal residence: special rules

Superficial

losses

arising on a disposition deemed by subsection 45(1) or section 50 of the said Act, or by subparagraph (100)(a) of this Motion to have been made shall be deemed not to be a superficial loss; and

(c) for the 1974 and subsequent taxation years, subparagraph 54(<u>i</u>)(iii) of the said Act shall be amended so that a loss arising on a disposition deemed by subparagraph (100)(b) of this Motion to have been made shall be deemed not to be a superficial loss.

(39) That for the 1974 and subsequent taxation years, a taxpayer who

- (a) was employed in the leather tanning industry or in the production of leather footwear, and
- (b) received a benefit in a year under any law of Canada providing for a scheme of adjustment assistance benefits,

shall be required to include the amount of the benefit in computing his income for the year.

(40) That where an amount referred to in paragraph 56(1)(b) or (c) of the said Act has been received pursuant to a decree, order or judgment of a competent tribunal or pursuant to a written agreement, or any variation thereof, that was given or made, as the case may be, after May 6, 1974, by a person for the benefit of a taxpayer or a child of the taxpayer in the custody of the taxpayer, the amount shall be income for the year.

(41) That for taxation years commencing after May 6, 1974,

(a) where all or any part of a taxpayer's proceeds of disposition of a Canadian resource property or a property referred to in paragraphs 59(1)(c) or 59(3)(a) of the said Act do not become receivable until

Assistance benefits paid to employees in leather tanning or footwear industries

Alimony and maintenance payments received by third parties

Resource property: proceeds of disposition: delay rentals

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after the end of a taxation year, there shall be deducted from his cumulative Canadian development expense by virtue of clause (10.1)(b)(iii) of this Motion the amount of the proceeds thereof that became receivable in that year;

(b) in order for the relevant percentage, within the meaning assigned by subsection 59(4) of the said Act, to apply to property referred to in subsection 59(3) of that Act, the property, in addition to the other requirements therein referred to, must have been owned by the taxpayer from December 31, 1971 until the time of disposition without interruption;

(c) where a taxpayer acquired, after 1971, a property referred to in subsection 59(3) of the said Act from a person with whom he did not deal at arm's length, the taxpayer shall be deemed to have owned the property on December 31, 1971 and thereafter without interruption until the disposition thereof by him; and

(d) for the purposes of section 59 of the said Act, the word "disposition" and the phrase "proceeds of disposition" shall have the meanings assigned by section 54 of that Act.

(42) That where an amount referred to in paragraph 60(b) or (c) of the said Act has been paid pursuant to a decree, order or judgment of a competent tribunal or pursuant to a written agreement, or any variation thereof, that was given or made, as the case may be, after May 6, 1974, by a taxpayer to a person, other than the taxpayer's spouse or former spouse, for the benefit of the spouse or former spouse or a child of the marriage in the custody of the spouse or former spouse, the amount may be deducted in computing the income of the taxpayer for the year.

Alimony and maintenance payments paid to third parties Deferred pay for retiring members of the Canadian Forces

Deduction for cost of appeals under the Unemployment Insurance Act, 1971

inclusion in income of legal costs awarded (43) That for the 1974 and subsequent taxation years, a retiring member of the Canadian Forces who received deferred pay in a year that was included in computing his income for the year shall be eligible for the deduction provided by paragraph 60(j) of the said Act in respect thereof.

(43.1) That for the 1975 and subsequent taxation years,

- (a) a rule shall be added to paragraph 60(o) of the said Act so that there may be deducted in computing the income of a taxpayer for the year, amounts paid by him in the year in respect of fees or expenses incurred in preparing, instituting or prosecuting an objection to, or an appeal in relation to, a decision of the Unemployment Insurance Commission, a board of referees or an umpire under the Unemployment Insurance Act, 1971; and
- (b) a rule shall be added to paragraph 56(1)(1) of the said Act so that there shall be included in computing the income of a taxpayer the amounts received by him in the year as legal costs awarded to him by a court on an appeal in relation to a decision of the Unemployment Insurance Commission, a board of referees or an umpire under the Unemployment Insurance Act, 1971, if with respect to that decision an amount has been deducted or may be deductible under subparagraph (a) hereof in computing his income.

(44) That for the 1974 and subsequent taxation years,

- (a) section 60 of the said Act shall be amended to provide that a deduction shall be allowed to an individual in computing his income for a year in respect of an amount paid to a person with whom he was dealing at arm's length if the following rules are met:
 - (i) the amount had been included in computing his income in a previous year as

Deduction for refund of income payments

- (A) a wage or salary,
- (B) a scholarship, bursary or other amount described in paragraph 56(1)(n) of the said Act, or
- (C) a research grant described in 56(1)(0) of that Act,
- (ii) at the time such amount was received by him in the previous year, there was a condition stipulated for him to fulfill,
- (iii) he was required to repay the amount because of his failure to fulfill the condition,
 - (iv) he did not provide other than occasional services to the person as an officer or under a contract of employment at or during the time he received the amount in such previous year, and
 - (v) he had received the amount for the purpose of furthering his education,

and

- (b) the amount allowed as a deduction in subparagraph (a) hereof shall be included in computing the income for the year of the person to whom it was paid.
- (45) That for the 1974 and subsequent taxation years, a man who at any time in the year was separated from his wife pursuant to a court order shall be eligible to claim child care expenses in accordance with the rules provided in section 63 of that Act.

(45.1) That effective after November 18, 1974 subsection 64(1) of the said Act shall be amended by deleting the word "receivable" where it occurs and substituting therefor the word "due".

Child care expenses: man separated pursuant to court order

Reserve in respect of consideration for disposition of resource property not due until later year Exploration and development expenses: successor corporations and amalgamation:

annual payments for preservation of Canadian resource property:

recoveries of expenses:

(46) That

(a) for the 1974 and subsequent taxation years,

(i) the phrase "principal business corporation" in subsections 66(6) to (9), inclusive, of the said Act shall be deleted and the word "corporation" substituted therefor;

(ii) subsections 87(6) and (7) of that Act shall be repealed and subsections 66(6) and (7) of that Act shall be amended so as to apply to an acquisition as a result of an amalgamation, within the meaning assigned by subsection 87(1) of the said Act;

an annual payment made by a taxpayer for the preservation of a Canadian resource property, within the meaning assigned by subsection 66(15) of the said Act, or a property that would have been a Canadian resource property if it had been acquired after 1971, shall be considered as part of the taxpayer's Canadian exploration and development expenses, within the meaning assigned by that subsection; and

(iv) subparagraph 66(15)(d)(i) of the said Act shall be repealed;

(b) where an amount becomes receivable by a taxpayer in a taxation year as the result of a transaction occurring after May 6, 1974,

(i) as consideration for property
 (other than a resource property or
 a share or interest therein or
 right thereto) or the rendering of
 services, the original cost of
 which to the taxpayer could reasonably
 have been regarded as Canadian or
 foreign exploration and development
 expenses, a Canadian exploration

(iii)

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expense or Canadian development expense within the meanings assigned by the said Act, or

 (ii) as a result of an agreement between the taxpayer and another person to share the cost of Canadian exploration and development expenses, a Canadian exploration expense or a Canadian development expense,

the amount shall be deducted in computing the taxpayer's cumulative Canadian exploration expense by virtue of clause (10)(b)(iii), or cumulative Canadian development expense by virtue of clause (10.1)(b)(iv) hereof, or foreign exploration and development expenses, as the case may be, and where the amount exceeds the foreign exploration expenses as are deductible by him in computing his income for the year, the excess shall be included in computing his income for the year; and

- (c) subsection 66(4) of the said Act shall be amended to restrict a taxpayer, therein referred to, to a taxpayer who is resident in Canada for the relevant taxation year.
- (46.1) That where any right to or interest in property which is any property described in any of subparagraphs 66(15)(c)(i) to (vi) and is property of a trust is
 - (a) acquired before November 19, 1974 and no deduction has been claimed under section 66 of the said Act in respect of that acquisition, or

(b) acquired after November 18, 1974,

subparagraph 66(15)(c)(vi) of the said Act shall be amended to provide that such right or interest shall not be a Canadian resource property within the meaning assigned by that section of the Act.

foreign exploration and development expenses: limitation

Definition of Canadian resource property: property of a trust Property of corporation distributed to shareholders on winding-up: proceeds to corporation: cost of property to shareholder

- (47) That effective after May 6, 1974, subsection 69(5) of the said Act shall be repealed and rules substituted therefor to provide that where in a taxation year of a corporation property of the corporation has been appropriated in any manner whatever to, or for the benefit of, a shareholder on the winding-up of the corporation, the following rules shall apply:
 - (a) for the purpose of computing the corporation's income for the year,
 - (i) it shall be deemed to have sold the property immediately before the winding-up and to have received therefor the fair market value thereof at that time; and
 - (ii) paragraph 40(2)(e) of the said Act shall not apply in computing the loss, if any, from such property;
 - (b) the shareholder shall be deemed to have acquired the property at a cost to him equal to its fair market value immediately before the winding-up; and
 - (c) subsections 52(1), (1.1) and (2) of that Act shall not be applicable for the purposes of determining the cost to a shareholder of the property.
- (48) That where a taxpayer dies after May 6, 1974, and had at the time of his death rights or things referred to in subsection 70(2) of the said Act, the following rules shall apply:
 - (a) where a particular right or thing to which subsection 70(3) of the said Act applies is transferred to a person therein referred to,
 - (i) paragraph 69(1)(c) of that Act shall not apply to the right or thing, and
 - (ii) the person shall be deemed to have acquired the right or thing at a cost equal to the aggregate of:

Death of a taxpayer: rights and things, eligible capital property, resource properties or land inventory

- (A) such part of the cost thereof to the taxpayer that had not been deducted by him in computing his income for any year, and
- (B) expenditures made or incurred by the person to acquire the right or thing;
- (b) for the purposes of section 70 of the said Act, rights or things of the taxpayer shall not include an eligible capital property, a property, right, licence or privilege described in subsection 59(1) or (3) of that Act, and land that is inventory of the taxpayer;
- (c) where the eligible capital property of a business carried on by the taxpayer is acquired by a person, other than a person referred to in subsection 24(2) of the said Act, by virtue of the death of the taxpayer,
 - (i) the rules in subsection 24(1) of that Act shall not apply to the taxpayer,
 - (ii) the taxpayer shall be deemed to have disposed of the eligible capital property of the business immediately before his death for an amount, that shall be deemed to have become payable to him in respect of a business carried on by him, equal to two times the cumulative eligible capital in respect of the business at that time, and
 - (iii) the person shall be deemed to have acquired the eligible capital property of the business immediately after the death of the taxpayer at a cost equal to the amount referred to in clause (c)(ii) hereof and where the person continues to carry on the business previously carried on by the taxpayer, the person shall be deemed to have made an outlay or expense, for the

purpose of section 14 of the said Act, equal to that cost;

(d) where a particular property, right, licence or privilege described in subsection 59(1) or (3) of the said Act (the "property") was owned by the taxpayer at the time of his death,

- (i) for the purposes of those subsections, the taxpayer shall be deemed to have disposed of the property, immediately before his death, and to have received proceeds of disposition therefor equal to the fair market value of the property at that time,
- (ii) where the property is a property referred to in subsection 59(3) of the said Act and is acquired, by virtue of the taxpayer's death, by any person who was a person related to the taxpayer immediately before the taxpayer's death,
 - (A) the person shall be deemed to have acquired the property immediately after the death of the taxpayer at a cost equal to the amount included in the taxpayer's income in respect of the property by virtue of paragraph 59(3)(c) of the said Act, and
 - (B) upon the subsequent disposition of the property by the person, he shall be deemed, for the purposes of subsection 59(3) of the said Act, to have owned the property on December 31, 1971, and
- (iii) where the property was transferred or distributed to a person referred to in paragraph 70(6)(a) or (b) of the said Act, the taxpayer shall be deemed to have disposed of the

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property, immediately before his death, and to have received proceeds of disposition therefor equal to such amount as is specified by the taxpayer's legal representatives in the return of income of the taxpayer referred to in paragraph 150(1)(b) of that Act not exceeding the fair market value of the property at that time, and

- (A) where the property is property referred to in any of paragraphs 59(1)(a) to (c), inclusive, of that Act, the person shall be deemed to have acquired the property for an amount equal to those proceeds, and
- (B) where the property is a property referred to in subsection 59(3) of that Act, the person shall be deemed to have acquired the property immediately after the death of the taxpayer at a cost equal to the amount included in the taxpayer's income in respect of the property by virtue of paragraph 59(3)(c) of that Act and, upon the subsequent disposition of the property by the person, he shall be deemed, for the purposes of subsection 59(3) of the said Act, to have owned the property on December 31, 1971; and
- (e) where land that was included in the inventory of a business carried on by the taxpayer was owned by the taxpayer at the time of his death,
 - (i) the taxpayer shall be deemed to have disposed of the land, immediately before his death, and to have received therefor proceeds of disposition equal to the fair market value of the land at that

time, and

(ii) where the land was transferred or distributed to a person referred to in paragraph 70(6)(a) or (b) of the said Act, the taxpayer shall be deemed to have disposed of the land, immediately before his death, and to have received proceeds of disposition therefor equal to the cost amount of the land immediately before his death, and the person shall be deemed to have acquired the land for an amount equal to those proceeds.

Trusts for the benefit of a deceased taxpayer's spouse

- (49) That for the 1972 and subsequent taxation years
 - (a) subsection 70(6) of the said Act shall be amended to provide
 - (i) that a trust described therein must be resident in Canada immediately after the time at which the property, transferred or distributed to the trust on or after the death of a taxpayer and as a consequence thereof, becomes vested indefeasibly in the trust, and
 - (ii) that the vesting must, within 15 months after the death of the taxpayer or such longer period as is reasonable in the circumstances, be established to have occurred not later than 15 months after the death of the taxpayer; and
 - (b) for the purposes of subsections 70(6) and 104(4) of the said Act, a trust shall be considered to be created by a will if it is created under the terms of the will, by a disclaimer or by an order of a court pursuant to the law of a province providing for the relief or support of a testator's dependants.

Transfer of farmland and certain property from parent to child where spouse trust interposed .

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- (50) That where land or depreciable property of a prescribed class of a taxpayer has been transferred or distributed to a trust described in subsections 70(6) or 73(1) of the said Act, and the property was, after 1971, immediately before the death of the taxpayer's spouse who was a beneficiary under the trust, used in the business of farming, such land or depreciable property of a prescribed class is transferred or distributed to a child of the taxpayer who was resident in Canada immediately before the spouse's death, the trust shall be deemed to have disposed of
 - (a) the land for proceeds of disposition equal to the adjusted cost base of the land to the trust immediately before the spouse's death, or
 - (b) the depreciable property of a prescribed class for proceeds of disposition equal to the undepreciated capital cost of the property to the trust immediately before the death of the spouse, and the child shall be deemed to have acquired the land or the depreciable property, as the case may be, at a cost equal to such proceeds of disposition.

Transfers of property to spouse or child: attribution of loss from property and capital loss: listed personal property (51) That,

- (a) where a loss from a property or a property substituted therefor, referred to in subsection 74(1) or 75(1) of the said Act, arises after 1974, such loss shall be deemed to be a loss of the transferor therein referred to, and not of the transfere; and
- (b) where
 - (i) a property that is a transferred property, within the meaning assigned by subsection 74(2) or section 75.1 of that Act, has been disposed of by the transferee after 1974 and an allowable capital loss arises on such disposition, or

(ii) the transferred property referred to in subsection 74(2) of the said Act is listed personal property and has been disposed of by the transferee after and a gain or a loss arises thereon after 1974 as a consequence of disposition by the transferee,

such gain, allowable capital loss or loss, as the case may be, shall be deemed to be a gain, allowable capital loss or loss of the transferor therein referred to, and not of the transferee.

- (51.1) That the provisions of subsection 76(4) of the said Act shall be amended to apply with respect to forms of settlement prescribed pursuant to the Canada Grain Act or the Income Tax Act made by process elevators, within the meaning assigned by the Canada Grain Act, where the terms and conditions of such forms of settlement are substantially the same as the terms and conditions of cash purchase tickets to which subsection 76(4) of the Income Tax Act applies.
 - (52) That for the 1972 and subsequent taxation years, a corporation that at any time during a taxation year would be a corporation referred to in paragraph 149(1)(d) of the said Act but for a provision of an Appropriation Act shall be deemed not to be a private corporation for the purposes of Part IV of the said Act.
 - (53) That where after May 6, 1974, a bond is exchanged, paragraph 77(a) of the said Act shall be amended to provide that the terms of the bond given up, in exchange for a new bond, must confer upon the holder thereof the right to make the exchange whether or not that right was conferred at the time the bond was issued.
 - (54) That for the 1974 and subsequent taxation years,
 - (a) paragraph 81(1)(c) of the said Act shall be amended by deleting the requirement that the ship or aircraft be operated by the non-resident person, and

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Deferral of income where grain delivered to process elevator

Certain corporations deemed not to be private corporations

Bond conversion

Canadian income of non-resident from operation of ship or aircraft in international traffic Capital gains from property acquired as personal injury award

Allowances of appointed school board officials

Charitable trusts: taxable dividends received

Late-filed section 83 elections

- (b) the words "international traffic" shall be defined to exclude a voyage, the principal purpose of which is to transport goods or passengers between destinations in Canada.
- (55) That for the 1972 and subsequent taxation years, any taxable capital gain arising in a year from the disposition of any property of a taxpayer referred to in paragraph 81(1)(g.1) of the said Act shall not be included in computing the income of the taxpayer for the year.
- (56) That for the 1974 and subsequent taxation years, where an amount as an allowance referred to in subsection 81(3) of the said Act has been paid to a taxpayer who is an appointed school board member, the allowance shall not be included in computing the income of the taxpayer, subject to the limitation contained in that subsection.
- (57) That for the 1972 and subsequent taxation years, a trust referred to in paragraph 149(1)(h) of the said Act shall be deemed not to be an individual for the purpose of paragraph 82(1)(b) of that Act.
- (58) That where at any particular time after 1974, a dividend referred to in subsection 83(1) or (2) of the said Act became payable by a corporation and the election therein referred to was not made on or before the day required, the election shall be deemed to have been made on the day required, if
 - (a) the election is made, in the manner and form prescribed, on or before February 28 of the year following the year in which the dividend became payable, and
 - (b) a penalty is paid by the corporation at the time the election is made equal to the lesser of
 - (i) an amount equal to 1% per annum of the amount of the dividend for the period commencing with the day on which the election would otherwise

have been required to be made, and ending with the day on which the election was made, and

(ii) \$500.

- (59) That with respect to any disposition of property by a taxpayer after May 6, 1974,
 - (a) subsection 85(1) of the said Act shall be amended to provide that where the disposition is made by a taxpayer to a Canadian corporation and the property disposed of is capital property (other than real property or an option in respect thereof owned by a non-resident), eligible capital property, inventory (other than real property) or property referred to in subsection 59(2) of the said Act, and where the taxpayer has received consideration therefor that includes shares in the capital stock of the corporation, the following provisions shall apply:
 - (i) the agreed amount referred to in paragraph 85(1)(a) of that Act shall, in the case of inventory or capital property (other than depreciable property), not be less than the lesser of
 - (A) the fair market value of the property, and

(B) the cost amount of the property,

at the time of disposition;

(ii) where more than one property is included in the disposition, the rules in paragraphs 85(1)(d) and
(e) of the said Act shall be applied as if each such property was disposed of separately in the order designated by the taxpayer within the time specified for the filing of an election under subsection 85(1) of the said Act in respect of the property so disposed

Transfer of property to Canadian corporation 17634

- (iii) where the fair market value of the property at the time of the disposition exceeds the greater of
 - (A) the fair market value at the time of the disposition of the consideration received by the taxpayer for the property disposed of by him, and
 - (B) the amount that the taxpayer and the corporation have agreed upon in their election in respect of the property, determined without reference to this subparagraph,

and it is reasonable to regard any portion of such excess as a gift made by the taxpayer to or for the benefit of any other shareholder of the corporation, the amount that the taxpayer and the corporation have agreed upon in their election in respect of the property shall, except for the purposes of paragraphs 85(1)(g) and (h) of that Act, be deemed to be the aggregate of

- (C) the amount referred to under subclause (B) hereof, and
- (D) the portion of such excess that may reasonably be regarded as a gift made by the taxpayer to or for the benefit of any other shareholder of the corporation;

(iv) where under any of paragraphs 85(1)
(d) or (e) of the said Act, or clause
(a)(i) of this Motion, the amount that the taxpayer and the corporation have agreed upon in their election in respect of the property would be deemed to be an amount that is different than the amount that would be deemed

to be the elected amount under paragraph 85(1)(b) of the said Act, the elected amount shall be deemed to be the greater of

- (A) the amount deemed by any of paragraphs 85(1)(d) or (e) of the said Act, or clause (a)(i) of this Motion, as the case may be, to be the elected amount, and
- (B) the amount deemed by paragraph 85(1)(b) of the said Act to be the elected amount; and
- (v) where any of the property so disposed of is taxable Canadian property of the taxpayer, all of the shares of the capital stock of the Canadian corporation received by him as consideration therefor shall be deemed to be taxable Canadian property of the taxpayer;
- subsections 85(2) and (2.1) of the said Act (b) shall be repealed and rules substituted therefor to provide that where the disposition is made by a partnership to a Canadian corporation and the property disposed of is partnership property that is capital property (other than real property or an interest therein owned by a partnership that is not a Canadian partnership), eligible capital property, inventory (other than real property) or property referred to in subsection 59(2) of that Act, the rules in subsections 85(1) and (1.1) of the said Act and subparagraph (a) hereof shall be applicable in respect of the disposition mutatis mutandis, as if the partnership was a taxpayer resident in Canada that had disposed of property to the corporation;
- (c) paragraph 85(1)(<u>i</u>) and subsection 85(4) of the said Act shall be repealed; and
- (d) where a taxpayer or a partnership (the "taxpayer") disposed of any capital property or eligible capital property

to a corporation that, immediately after the disposition, was controlled, directly or indirectly, in any manner whatever by the taxpayer, by the spouse of the taxpayer or by a person or group of persons by whom the taxpayer was controlled directly or indirectly in any manner whatever, and, but for this provision, subsection 24(2) or paragraphs 40(2)(e) or (g) of the said Act, the taxpayer would have had a capital loss therefrom or a deduction pursuant to paragraph 24(1)(a) of the said Act in computing his income for his taxation year in which he ceased to carry on a business, the following rules shall apply:

- (i) notwithstanding section 24 or paragraphs 40(2)(e) or (g) of the said Act, his capital loss therefrom or his deduction, pursuant to paragraph 24(1)(a) of the said Act in computing his income for his taxation year in which he ceased to carry on the business, otherwise determined, shall be deemed to be nil, and
- (ii) where, immediately after the disposition, the taxpayer owned any shares of any class of the capital stock of the corporation, in computing the adjusted cost base to him of all shares of any particular class of the capital stock of the corporation owned by him immediately after the disposition, there shall be added
 - (A) in the case of capital property, the amount, and
 - (B) in the case of eligible capital property, twice the amount

equal to that proportion of the amount, if any, by which the cost amount to him, immediately before the disposition, of the property so disposed of exceeds his proceeds of disposition (or in the case of eligible capital property, his eligible capital

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amount) that

- (C) the fair market value, immediately after the disposition, of all shares of that class so owned by him,
- is of
- (D) the fair market value, immediately after the disposition, of all shares of the capital stock of the corporation so owned by him.
- (60) That for the 1972 and subsequent taxation years,
 - (a) any election under subsection 85(1) or
 (2) of the said Act shall be made on or before the day (the "day") that is the earlier or earliest, as the case may be, of the days on or before which any taxpayer making the election is required to file a return of income for the taxation year in which the transaction to which the election relates occurred, and
 - (b) where the election referred to in subparagraph (a) hereof was not made on or before the day and that day is after May 6, 1974, the election shall be deemed to have been made on that day if
 - (i) the election is made in prescribed form on or before a day that is one year after the day, and
 - (ii) a penalty is paid at the time the election is made
 - (A) by the taxpayer referred to in subsection 85(1) of the said Act equal to ¼ of 1% of the amount by which the fair market value of the property disposed of by the taxpayer at the time of disposition exceeds the amount agreed upon by the taxpayer and the corporation

Late-filed section 85 elections

in the election, or

(B) by the partnership referred to in subsection 85(2) of the said Act equal to ¹/₄ of 1% of the amount by which the fair market value of the property disposed of by the partnership at the time of disposition exceeds the amount agreed upon by the partnership and the corporation in the election,

for each month or part thereof that the election has not been made during the period commencing with the day and ending at the time the election is made.

(61) That where after May 6, 1974, a taxpayer acquires shares of the capital stock of a particular Canadian corporation, within the meaning assigned by subsection 89(1) of the said Act, from that corporation in exchange for capital properties of the taxpayer that were shares of any particular class of the capital stock of another corporation (the "exchanged shares") and

- (a) the taxpayer and the particular Canadian corporation were dealing with each other at arm's length immediately before the exchange,
- (b) the taxpayer, persons with whom he does not deal at arm's length, or the taxpayer together with persons with whom he does not deal at arm's length, do not, immediately after the exchange,
 - (i) control, either directly or indirectly in any manner whatever, the particular Canadian corporation, or
 - (ii) beneficially own shares of the capital stock of the particular Canadian corporation representing more than 50% of its paid-up capital,
- (c) the taxpayer and the particular Canadian corporation have not elected with respect

Share for share exchange

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to the exchange, pursuant to the provisions of subsection 85(1) or (2) of the said Act, and

(d) no consideration is received by the taxpayer for the exchanged shares other than shares of one class of the capital stock of the particular Canadian corporation, notwithstanding that other consideration may be received by the taxpayer from the particular Canadian corporation for the disposition of other shares of the capital stock of that other corporation,

the following rules shall apply:

- (e) except where the taxpayer has, in his return of income for the taxation year in which the exchange occurred, included any portion of the gain or loss, otherwise determined, from the disposition of the exchanged shares in computing his income for that year the taxpayer shall be deemed
 - to have disposed of the exchanged shares for proceeds equal to their adjusted cost base to him immediately before the exchange, and
 - (ii) to have acquired the shares of the particular Canadian corporation at a cost equal to the adjusted cost base to him of the exchanged shares immediately before the exchange, and

where the exchanged shares were taxable Canadian property of the taxpayer, the shares of the particular Canadian corporation so acquired by him shall be deemed to be taxable Canadian property of the taxpayer; and

(f) the cost of any of the exchanged shares to the particular Canadian corporation, at any particular time up to and including the time it disposes of those shares, shall be deemed to be,

- (i) the fair market value thereof immediately before the exchange if at the particular time or at any earlier time after the time of exchange, the particular Canadian corporation owned shares of the capital stock of the other corporation
 - (A) to which are attached, not less than 10 per cent of all votes that could then be cast for any and all purposes by holders of all shares of the other corporation, and
 - **(B)** which represent not less than 10 per cent of the fair market value of all issued and outstanding shares of the other corporation, and

(ii) in any other case, nil.

- (62) That with respect to a reorganization of the capital of a corporation that occurs after May 6, 1974, section 86 of the said Act shall be repealed and the following rules substituted therefor:
 - (a) where, at a particular time that is after May 6, 1974, in the course of a reorganization of the capital of a corporation, a taxpayer has disposed of capital property that was all the shares of any particular class of the capital stock of the corporation that were owned by him at that time (the "old shares"), in return for consideration receivable from the corporation that includes other shares of the corporation (the "new shares"), the following rules shall apply:
 - (i) the cost to the taxpayer of any property (other than shares of the capital stock of the corporation or a right to receive any such shares) receivable by him as consideration for the old shares shall be deemed to be its fair market value at the time of the disposition;

Exchange of shares by a shareholder in course of reorganization of capital

- (ii) the cost to the taxpayer of any new shares of any class of the capital stock of the corporation receivable by him as consideration for the old shares shall be deemed to be that proportion of the amount, if any, by which the adjusted cost base to him, immediately before the disposition, of the old shares exceeds the fair market value of the consideration for the old shares (other than shares of the capital stock of the corporation or a right to receive any such shares) receivable by him from the corporation, that
 - (A) the fair market value, immediately after the disposition, of those new shares of that class,
 - is of
 - (B) the fair market value, immediately after the disposition, of all new shares of the capital stock of the corporation receivable by him as consideration for the old shares; and
- (iii) the taxpayer shall be deemed to have disposed of the old shares for proceeds of disposition equal to the amount of money, if any, plus the cost to him of the new shares and other property receivable by him as consideration for the old shares, and
- (b) this provision shall not be applicable to any case where section 51 or any of subsections 85(1) to (3) of the said Act is applicable.
- (63) That with respect to an amalgamation, within the meaning assigned by section 87 of the said Act, that occurs after May 6, 1974, the said section shall be amended as follows:
 - (a) subsection 87(1) of the said Act shall be amended so that

Amalgamations

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- (i) properties of a predecessor corporation that are amounts receivable from another predecessor corporation or investments in the shares of another predecessor corporation, and
- (ii) liabilities of a predecessor corporation that are amounts payable to another predecessor corporation

shall not be required to become properties or liabilities, as the case may be, of the new corporation by virtue of the merger;

- (b) paragraph 87(1)(c) thereof shall require that all the shareholders of the predecessor corporations (except any predecessor corporation) immediately before the merger receive shares of the new corporation by virtue of the merger;
- (c) subparagraphs 87(2)(c)(i) and (ii) thereof shall, for the purposes of computing the income of the new corporation for a taxation year from a business or property, apply to all amounts received or paid, as the case may be, by the new corporation;
- (d) a rule shall be added so that where
 - (i) a debt or other obligation of a predecessor corporation, other than any such debt or other obligation owed to any other predecessor corporation, was outstanding immediately before the amalgamation and became a debt or other obligation, as the case may be, of the new corporation on the amalgamation, and
 - (ii) the amount payable by the new corporation on its maturity is the same as the amount that would have been payable by the predecessor corporation on its maturity,

then the provisions of the said Act

- (iii) shall not apply in respect of the transfer of such debt or other obligation to the new corporation, and
 - (iv) shall apply as if the new corporation had incurred or issued the debt or other obligation at the time it was incurred or issued by the predecessor corporation;
- (e) paragraph 87(2)(r) thereof shall be amended so that the rule therein shall also apply to the computation of the new corporation's paid-up capital deficiency at any time after the amalgamation and the reference in that paragraph to "subparagraphs 89(1)(1)(i) to (iv)" shall be read as "subparagraph 89(1)(1)(iv)";
- (f) paragraph 87(2)(s) thereof shall be amended so that the rule therein shall also apply to the computation of the new corporation's 1971 capital surplus on hand at any time after the amalgamation and the reference in that paragraph to "subparagraphs 89(1)(d)(i) to (iv)" shall be read as "subparagraph 89(1)(d)(iii)";
- (g) a rule shall be added so that the amount, if any, by which the paid-up capital of the new corporation immediately after the amalgamation exceeds the aggregate of the paid-up capital in respect of each share of the capital stock of a predecessor corporation (other than a share held by another predecessor corporation) immediately before the amalgamation shall, for the purposes of computing the 1971 capital surplus on hand or the paid-up capital deficiency of the new corporation, be added to the aggregate of amounts determined under subparagraph (69)(d) of this Motion;
- (h) paragraphs 87(2)(z.1) and (aa) thereof shall be amended to apply only to a new corporation that has been a private corporation continuously from the amalgamation until the time of computation of its capital dividend account or refundable

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dividend tax on hand, as the case may be;

- (i) the reference in paragraph 87(3)(a) thereof to "subparagraphs 89(1)(d)(i) to (iv)" shall be read as "subparagraph 89(1)(d)(iii)";
- (j) subsection 87(4) thereof shall be amended to provide that for the purposes of computing the income of a shareholder (except any predecessor corporation) who owned, immediately before the amalgamation, capital properties that were shares of the capital stock of a predecessor corporation and received no consideration for the disposition of those shares on the amalgamation other than shares of the new corporation,
 - (i) the shareholder shall be deemed to have disposed of his shares of the capital stock of the predecessor corporation on the amalgamation for proceeds equal to the adjusted cost base to him of those shares immediately before the amalgamation, and
 - (ii) the shareholder shall be deemed to have acquired the shares of any particular class of the capital stock of the new corporation at a cost equal to that proportion of the proceeds described in clause (i) hereof that
 - (A) the fair market value, immediately after the amalgamation, of all the shares of that particular class so acquired by him

is of

(B) the fair market value, immediately after the amalgamation, of all the shares of the new corporation so acquired by him as consideration for the disposition of the shares described in clause (i) hereof, and A. 1999 .

where the shares of the predecessor corporation owned by the shareholder were taxable Canadian property of the shareholder, the shares of the new corporation received by him shall be deemed to be taxable Canadian property of the shareholder;

(k) a rule shall be added so that for the purposes of computing the income of a taxpayer (other than a predecessor corporation) who owned, immediately before the amalgamation, a capital property that was an option (the "old option") to acquire shares of a predecessor corporation and who received no consideration for the disposition of the old option on the amalgamation other than an option (the "new option") to acquire shares of the new corporation,

- (i) the taxpayer shall be deemed to have disposed of the old option on the amalgamation for proceeds equal to the adjusted cost base to him of that option immediately before the amalgamation, and
- (ii) the taxpayer shall be deemed to have acquired the new option at a cost equal to the proceeds of disposition of the old option, and

where the old option of the taxpayer was taxable Canadian property of the taxpayer, the new option received by the taxpayer shall be deemed to be taxable Canadian property of the taxpayer; and

(1) a rule shall be added so that, notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (d) hereof, for the purposes of computing the income of a taxpayer (other than a predecessor corporation) who owned, immediately before the amalgamation, a capital property that was a bond, debenture, mortgage, note or other similar obligation of a predecessor corporation (the "old property") and who received no consideration for the disposition of the old property on the amalgamation other than a bond, debenture, mortgage, note or other similar obligation, respectively, of the new corporation (the "new property"), provided that the amount payable to the holder of the new property on its maturity is the same amount that would have been payable to the holder of the older property on its maturity,

- (i) the taxpayer shall be deemed to have disposed of the old property on the amalgamation for proceeds equal to the adjusted cost base to him of the old property immediately before the amalgamation, and
- (ii) the taxpayer shall be deemed to have acquired the new property at a cost equal to the proceeds of disposition of the old property.
- (64) That with respect to an amalgamation, within the meaning assigned by section 87 of the said Act, that occurred after 1971, rules shall be added to that section to provide that
 - (a) where a predecessor corporation was a non-resident-owned investment corporation and had, immediately before the amalgamation, cumulative taxable income or an amount in its capital gains dividend account, such cumulative taxable income or amount shall be added to the cumulative taxable income and the capital gains dividend account, respectively, of the new corporation that is a non-resident-owned investment corporation; and
 - (b) depreciable property (other than property of a prescribed class) of a predecessor corporation shall be deemed to have been acquired by the new corporation before 1972 at the actual cost thereof to the predecessor corporation, and the undepreciated capital cost thereof to the new corporation shall be deemed to be the undepreciated capital cost thereof of the predecessor

Amalgamations: non-resident-owned investment corporation:

depreciable property other than property of a prescribed class The way of the Carpens and the

Winding-up of wholly-owned Canadian corporation corporation immediately before the amalgamation.

- (65) That where a Canadian corporation referred to in subsection 88(1) of the said Act (the "subsidiary") has been wound up after May 6, 1974, and all of the issued shares of the capital stock of the subsidiary were, immediately before the winding-up, owned by another Canadian corporation (the "parent"), the following rules shall apply:
 - (a) paragraph 88(1)(a) of the said Act
 - (i) shall not apply for the purposes of subparagraphs 89(1)(<u>1</u>) (ii) and (vii) of that Act, and
 - (ii) shall be amended to provide that the proceeds of disposition of the subsidiary, from the disposition of property that is eligible capital property, shall be an amount equal to twice the cost amount thereof to the subsidiary immediately before the winding-up;
 - (b) subparagraph 88(1)(d)(i) of the said Act shall be amended so that the amount therein determined shall be the amount by which the aggregate of amounts referred to in clause (A) thereof exceeds the aggregate of amounts referred to in clause (B) thereof plus the amount of any reserve (other than a reserve referred to in paragraph 20(1)(n) or subparagraph 40(1)(a) (iii) of the said Act) deducted in computing the subsidiary's income for its taxation year during which its assets were distributed to the parent on the windingup;
 - (c) subsections 84(2) and 88(2) of the said Act and section 21 of the Income Tax Application Rules, 1971, shall not apply;
 - (d) paragraph 88(1)(e) of the said Act shall be repealed and a rule substituted therefor to provide that, for the purposes of Parts

VII and VIII of the said Act, the subsidiary shall be deemed to have paid and the parent shall be deemed to have received a dividend on the shares of the capital stock of the subsidiary equal to the amount that would be the designated surplus of the subsidiary with respect to the parent corporation that would have been determined under paragraph 192(13)(b) of that Act if control of the subsidiary had been acquired by the parent immediately before the winding-up of the subidiary and the taxation year of the subsidiary which included that time had ended immediately before that time;

- (e) the subsidiary shall, for the purposes of computing its income for its taxation year during which its assets were transferred to the parent on the winding-up, be permitted to claim any reserve that would have been allowed under paragraphs 20(1)(1), (m) and (n) and subparagraph 40(1)(a)(iii) of the said Act if the assets had not been transferred to the parent on the windingup and no amount shall be included by virtue of paragraphs 12(1)(d) and (e) or subparagraph 40(1)(a)(ii) of that Act in computing the income of the subsidiary for its taxation year, if any, following the year in which its assets were transferred to the parent;
- (f) the provisions of paragraphs 87(2)(c), (g), (h), (i), (j), (k), (<u>1</u>), (m), (n), (o), (p), (q), (r), (s), (t), (u), (x), (z), (z.1), (cc), (ee) of the said Act; subparagraphs (63)(d) and (64)(b) of this Motion shall apply to the winding-up as if the references therein to
 - (i) "amalgamation" were read as "windingup",

 - (iii) "new corporation" were read as "parent",

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- (iv) "its first taxation year" were read as "its taxation year during which it received the assets of the subsidiary on the winding-up",
 - (v) "its last taxation year" were read as "its taxation year during which its assets were distributed to the parent on the winding up",
- (vi) "predecessor corporation's gain" were read as "subsidiary's gain",
- (vii) "predecessor corporation's income" were read as "subsidiary's income",
- - (ix) "predecessor corporation's foreign tax carryover" were read as "subsidiary's foreign tax carryover",
 - (x) "any predecessor private corporation" were read as "the subsidiary (if the subsidiary was a private corporation at the time of the winding-up)", and
 - (xi) "predecessor corporation's capital dividend account" were read as "subsidiary's capital dividend account";
- (g) in respect of the provisions of subparagraph (63)(d) as they apply to a winding-up, section 78 of the said Act shall be applicable thereto;
- (h) for the purposes of computing the cumulative deduction account, within the meaning assigned by subsection 125(6) of the said Act, of the parent at the end of its taxation year during which the subsidiary was wound up and any subsequent taxation year, there shall be added to the amount determined under paragraph (b) thereof from which the aggregate of the amounts referred to in subparagraphs (iii) and (iv) thereof are to be subtracted, an

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amount equal to the amount that would have been the subsidiary's cumulative deduction account at the end of its taxation year during which it was wound up if paragraph 125(6)(b) of the said Act were read without reference to subparagraph (iv) thereof;

- (i) for the purposes of computing the 1971 undistributed income on hand of the parent at any time after the winding-up, where the subsidiary had 1971 undistributed income on hand immediately before the winding-up, the amount thereof shall (except for the purpose of determining the designated surplus of the parent at any time) be added to the aggregate of the amounts determined under paragraphs 196(4)(a) to (c), inclusive, of the said Act; and
- (j) for the purpose of computing the refundable dividend tax on hand (within the meaning assigned by subsection 129(3) of the said Act) of the parent at the end of any taxation year ending after the subsidiary was wound up, the amount, if any, by which
 - (i) the subsidiary's refundable dividend tax on hand at the end of its taxation year during which it was wound up

exceeds

 (ii) the subsidiary's dividend refund (within the meaning assigned by subsection 129(1) of that Act) for its taxation year referred to in clause (i) hereof

shall, if the parent has been a private corporation continuously from the time of the winding-up to the end of the taxation year, be added to the aggregate determined under subsection 129(3) of that Act from which the parent's dividend refunds are to be subtracted. - 99 -

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- (k) for the purposes of paragraphs 110(1)(a) and (b) of the said Act, gifts made by the subsidiary in its last taxation year shall, to the extent that they were not deductible in computing its taxable income for that taxation year, be deemed to have been made by the parent in its first taxation year ending after the subsidiary was wound up.
- (66) That for the 1972 and subsequent taxation years, the definition of the capital dividend account of a corporation in paragraph 89(1)(b) of the said Act shall be amended by repealing subparagraph (i) thereof and substituting a rule therefor to include therein, at any particular time, $\frac{1}{2}$ of the amount, if any, by which
 - (a) the aggregate of the capital gains of the corporation for the period commencing with the beginning of the first taxation year commencing after the time the corporation last became a private corporation and ending after 1971, and ending immediately before the particular time

exceeds

- (b) the aggregate of its capital losses for that period.
- (67) That the paid-up capital of a corporation at any time after May 6, 1974 and at the end of its 1971 taxation year shall mean
 - (a) in respect of a share of any class of the capital stock of a corporation, an amount equal to the paid-up capital at that time in respect of the class of shares of the capital stock of the corporation to which that share belongs, divided by the number of issued shares of that class outstanding at that time;
 - (b) in respect of a class of shares of the capital stock of a corporation, the amount, if any, by which the aggregate of

Capital dividend account of corporations

Paid-up capital

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- (i) the amount of the paid-up capital of that class of shares at that time, determined without reference to this paragraph,
- (ii) all amounts each of which is an amount in respect of the issue of any share of that class by the corporation before that time equal to the amount, if any, by which
 - (A) the fair market value, at the time that share was issued, of the consideration received by the corporation for the issue of that share

exceeds

- (B) the increase in the amount referred to in clause (i) hereof by virtue of the issue of that share, and
- (iii) all amounts each of which is that portion of the net fair market value of a contribution of property (other than eligible capital property) to the corporation, before that time, by a holder of a share of that class that cannot reasonably be regarded as a gift made to or for the benefit of any other shareholder of the corporation, but only to the extent that such amount is not otherwise included in the paid-up capital in respect of that or any other class of shares of the capital stock of the corporation,

exceeds the aggregate of

(iv) all amounts each of which is an amount in respect of the redemption, acquisition or cancellation, before that time, in any manner whatever of a share of that class by the corporation equal to the amount, if any, by which

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 - (A) the paid-up capital in respect of that share immediately before such redemption, acquisition or cancellation

exceeds

- (B) the reduction in the amount referred to in clause (i) hereof by virtue of such redemption, acquisition or cancellation,
- (v) all amounts each of which is an amount in respect of a reduction of the paid-up capital of that class before that time, otherwise than by way of redemption, acquisition or cancellation of shares of that class, equal to the amount, if any, by which
 - (A) the amount paid by the corporation on the reduction

exceeds

- (B) the reduction in the amount of the paid-up capital referred to in clause (i) hereof by virtue of the reduction, and
- (vi) all amounts each of which is the amount by which the paid-up capital of that class of shares would (but for this clause) have been increased, otherwise than on the issue of a share of that class or on the contribution of property to the corporation or by virtue of the amalgamation of two or more corporations; and
- (c) in respect of all the shares of the capital stock of a corporation, an amount equal to the aggregate of all amounts each of which is an amount equal to the paid-up capital in respect of a class of shares of the capital stock of the corporation at that time.

Paid-up capital: special rules on conversion of property

Paid-up capital in respect of amalgamations

- (67.1) That for the purposes of subclause (67)(b)(ii) (A) of this Motion, where a corporation has issued any shares of a particular class of its capital stock in exchange for another share, bond, debenture, mortgage or note of the corporation (in this paragraph referred to as a "convertible property"), the fair market value of the convertible property at the time the shares of the particular class were issued shall be deemed to be
 - (a) where the convertible property was a share, the paid-up capital in respect of that share immediately before the exchange, or
 - (b) where the convertible property was a debt owing by the corporation, the amount of that debt immediately before the exchange.
- (67.2) That where there has been an amalgamation (within the meaning of section 87 of the said Act) of two or more corporations (each of which corporations is in this paragraph referred to as a "predecessor corporation") to form one corporate entity (in this paragraph referred to as` the "new corporation")
 - (a) for the purposes of subclause (67)(b)(ii)(A) of this Motion, the new corporation shall be deemed to have received no consideration for any shares of its capital stock which were issued in respect of the amalgamation,
 - (b) the paid-up capital in respect of any particular class of the capital stock of the new corporation shall, at any particular time which is both after the amalgamation and after May 6, 1974 be increased by that portion of the amount by which
 - (i) the aggregate of all amounts each of which is the paid-up capital, immediately prior to the amalgamation, of a share of the capital stock of a predecessor corporation (other than a share owned by another predecessor corporation)

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exceeds

(ii) the aggregate of all amounts each of which is the paid-up capital (that is referred to in clause (67)(b)(i) of this Motion), immediately after the amalgamation, in respect of a class of shares of the capital stock of the new corporation

that has not, prior to the particular time, been included in the paid-up capital of any other class of the capital stock of the new corporation, and

- (c) where the amalgamation occurred prior to May 7, 1974, the paid-up capital, immediately prior to the amalgamation, of a share of the capital stock of a predecessor corporation, shall, for the purposes of clause (b)(i) hereof, be determined as though the provisions in subparagraph (67)(a) and (b) of this Motion applied immediately prior to the amalgamation.
- (68) That where a corporation has made an election under subsection 83(1) of the said Act in respect of a dividend on a particular class of shares of the capital stock of the corporation that has become payable, or was paid if that time was earlier, after 1971 but before May 7, 1974, and
 - (a) the portion of the dividend that was payable out of the corporation's 1971 capital surplus on hand, pursuant to paragraph 83(1)(b) of the said Act, as it read at the time the dividend became payable, or was paid if that time was earlier,

exceeds

(b) the portion of the dividend that would have been payable out of the corporation's 1971 capital surplus on hand, if the said Act were read without reference to this paragraph, but with reference to paragraph (67) of this Motion,

Reduction in paid-up capital

notwithstanding any other provision of the said Act, the paid-up capital in respect of the particular class of shares, at the end of the corporation's 1971 taxation year and at any time after May 6, 1974 shall be reduced by the excess of the amount referred to in subparagraph (a) hereof over the amount referred to in subparagraph (b) hereof.

- (69) That in computing the paid-up capital deficiency of a corporation at any particular time after May 6, 1974, paragraph 89(1)(d) of the said Act shall be amended as follows:
 - (a) the reference in subparagraph (i) thereof to subparagraph 89(1)(1)(vi) of the said Act shall be read as a reference to that subparagraph as amended by subparagraph (72)(e) of this Motion;
 - (b) the reference in subparagraph (ii) thereof to subparagraph 89(1)(1)(vii) of the said Act shall be read as a reference to that subparagraph as amended by subparagraphs (72)(a) and (b) of this Motion;
 - (c) subparagraph (iii) thereof shall be repealed;
 - (d) subparagraph (iv) thereof shall be repealed with respect to dispositions of property between May 6, 1974 and November 19, 1974;
 - (e) the following amounts shall be added in determining the paid-up capital deficiency of the corporation:
 - (i) all amounts referred to in paragraph 89(1)(1)(ix) of the said Act;
 - (ii) all amounts each of which is an amount equal to the paid-up capital at the particular time in respect of a share of the capital stock of the corporation issued after 1971 that was received by a person described in subsection 35(1) of the said Act if that person, to-

Paid-up capital deficiency

gether with other persons with whom he does not deal at arm's length, controlled the corporation, directly or indirectly in any manner whatever at the time that share was issued;

(iii) where the particular time is after November 18, 1974 and at any time before the particular time the corporation issued any shares of its capital stock as consideration for the purchase of shares of a second corporation and at any time, before the particular time,

- (A) any particular taxpayer or the group of persons to whom those shares were issued
 - controlled the second corporation directly or indirectly in any manner whatever, or
 - beneficially owned shares of the capital stock of the second corporation representing over 50% of its paid-up capital, and
- (B) the particular taxpayer or group of persons referred to in subclause (A) hereof either
 - controlled the corporation directly or indirectly in any manner whatever,
 - beneficially owned shares of the capital stock of the corporation representing over 50% of its paid-up capital, or
 - held an amount of debt payable by the corporation that exceeded the amount of the paid-up capital of the corporation,

all amounts each of which is an amount equal to the lesser of

- (C) subject to the rule referred to in paragraph (70) of this Motion, all amounts each of which is an amount equal to the paid-up capital, immediately after its issue, of each share so issued (on the assumption that paragraph (67) of this Motion applied at any time), and
 - (D) the amount, if any, by which
 - 1. the aggregate of all amounts each of which is an amount equal to the paid-up capital, immediately after its issue, of each share so issued (on the assumption that paragraph (67) of this Motion applied at any time) and the fair market value at the time of purchase of any other consideration given by the corporation for the purchase of the shares of the second corporation,

exceeds the aggregate of

2. the lesser of,

- I. such amount as the corporation can substantiate as the paid-up capital limit of the second corporation at the time of purchase or on November 18, 1974 where that day is later
- II. all amounts each of which is the amount that the corporation can substantiate as the paid-up capital, at the time of purchase,

of each share of the second corporation so purchased,

- 3. the amount of any dividend which the corporation is deemed, by subsection 84(1) of the said Act, to have paid by virtue of the issue of those shares, and
- 4. the amount determined under subparagraph 89(1)(d)(iv) of the said Act in respect of the corporation by virtue of the issue of those shares;
- (f) the reference in subparagraph (vi) thereof to subparagraph 89(1)(1)(ii) of the said Act shall be read as a reference to that subparagraph as amended by subparagraphs (72)(a) and (b) of this Motion;
- (g) the reference in subparagraph (vi) thereof to subparagraph 89(1)(1)(iv.1) of the said Act shall be read as a reference to that subparagraph as amended by subparagraph (72)(c) of this Motion;
- (h) there shall be deducted in determining the paid-up capital deficiency of the corporation all amounts determined in respect of the corporation at the particular time by virtue of the amendments referred to in clauses (72)(d)(i), (ii), (iii), (iv) and (v) of this Motion; and
- (i) the reference in subparagraph (ix) thereof to "paragraph 111(1)(a)" shall be amended to refer to "paragraphs 111(1)(a) or (c)".

(70) That where the amendment proposed in clause (69)(e)(iii) of this Motion applies to the issue, on or before November 18, 1974, of any share of the capital stock of a corporation, the paid-up capital in respect of the share, at any time shall, for the purposes of subclause (69)(e)(iii)(C) of this Motion, be deemed to be the paid-up

Special reduction of paid-up capital deficiency capital in respect thereof that would be determined if the paid-up capital at that time, in respect of the class of shares to which that share belonged, was equal to the amount that would be determined under clause (67)(b)(ii) of this Motion in respect of that class of shares at that time.

- (70.1) That where a corporation has, at any particular time before July 1976, notified the Minister in writing that it wishes
 - (a) to have the amendment proposed in clause
 (69)(e)(iii) of this Motion apply to all shares, if any, issued by it before November 19, 1974, and
 - (b) to have the amendment proposed in paragraph (70.2) of this Motion apply to all debt, if any, issued by it before November 19, 1974

the following rules apply:

- (c) the amendment proposed in paragraph (70) of this Motion shall not apply for the purposes of computing the paid-up capital deficiency of the corporation at any time after the particular time,
- (d) the amendment proposed in paragraph (70.2) of this Motion shall be read without reference to "and after November 18, 1974",
- (e) the amendment proposed in subclause (70.2) (c)(ii)(C) of this Motion shall be read as "such amount as the corporation can substantiate as the paid-up capital limit of the second corporation at the time the debt was issued or on November 18, 1974, where that day is later",
- (f) the amendment proposed in paragraph (70.2)(d) of this Motion shall not apply to payments, before the particular time, of or on account of any debt issued by the corporation prior to November 19, 1974, or any debt substituted for that debt, and

Special rules relating to paid-up capital deficiency

- (g) no direction shall be made under subsection 247(1) of the said Act in respect of any amount received, after the particular time, by a taxpayer in respect of
 - (i) any disposition of or reduction in the paid-up capital of shares, referred to in subparagraph (a) hereof, or
 - (ii) any payment on account of debt, referred to in subparagraph (b) hereof or any debt substituted therefor.
- (70.2) That where at any time before a particular time and after November 18, 1974, a corporation issued any debt payable by it as consideration for the purchase of shares of the capital stock of any other corporation and, at any time before the particular time
 - (a) any person or group of persons to whom that debt was issued
 - (i) controlled that other corporation, directly or indirectly, in any manner whatever, or
 - (ii) beneficially owned shares of the capital stock of that other corporation representing more than 50% of its paid-up capital, and
 - (b) the person or group of persons referred to in subparagraph (a) hereof either
 - (i) controlled the corporation, directly or indirectly, in any manner whatever,
 - (ii) beneficially owned shares of the capital stock of the corporation representing more than 50% of its paid-up capital, or
 - (iii) held an amount of debt of the corporation that exceeded the amount of the paid-up capital of the corporation,

the following rules apply

Paid-up capital deficiency: debt limit

- (c) the corporation shall be deemed to have a "debt limit", in respect of the amount of that debt, equal to the amount, if any, by which
 - (i) the amount of that debt was issued

exceeds

- (ii) the amount, if any, by which the aggregate of
 - (A) the amount of that debt that was issued, and
 - (B) the fair market value, at the time that debt was issued, of any other consideration (other than shares of the capital stock of the corporation) given by the corporation for the purchase of the shares of the other corporation

exceeds the lesser of

- (C) such amount as the corporation can substantiate as the paid-up capital limit of the other corporation at the time that debt was issued, or
- (D) such amount as the corporation can substantiate as the paid-up capital, at the time that debt was issued, of the shares of the other corporation so purchased,
- (d) where the corporation has, after the particular time, made any payment of or on account of that debt, or any other debt substituted for that debt,
 - a dividend shall be deemed to have been paid by the corporation at the time that payment was made equal to the lesser of

- (A) the amount of that payment, or
- (B) the amount by which
 - the aggregate of all payments of or on account of that debt, or any other debt substituted therefor, including the payment referred to in subclause (A) hereof,

exceeds

- the amount of the debt limit, in respect of that debt, referred to in subparagraph (c) hereof, and
- (ii) a dividend shall be deemed to have been received at the time that payment was made, by each person who received any portion of that payment, equal to that proportion of the dividend so deemed to have been paid by the corporation at that time that the amount received by that person on that payment is of the amount of that payment, and
- (e) where any portion of that debt, or any other debt substituted therefor, is converted into shares of the capital stock of the corporation, an amount equal to the lesser of
 - (i) the amount of the debt that was so converted, or
 - (ii) the amount determined under clause (c)(ii) hereof in respect of that debt

shall be deemed to be an amount determined under the amendment proposed in clause (69)(e)(iii) of this Motion at the time of the conversion. before 1949

1971 capital surplus on hand

- (71) That for the 1972 and subsequent taxation years, for the purposes of subparagraphs $89(1)(\underline{1})(\underline{i})$ and (iii) of the said Act, the actual cost of depreciable property that was acquired by a corporation before the commencement of its 1949 taxation year that is capital property referred to in those subparagraphs shall be deemed to be the capital cost of such property, within the meaning assigned by section 144 of the said Act as it read in its application to the 1971 taxation year.
- (72) That in computing the 1971 capital surplus on hand of a corporation at any particular time after May 6, 1974, paragraph $89(1)(\underline{1})$ of the said Act shall be amended as follows:
 - (a) subparagraphs (ii) and (vii) thereof shall be read subject to the amendment in paragraph (73) of this Motion;
 - (b) the computation of an amount under subparagraphs (ii) and (vii) thereof shall be made as if
 - (i) the property exchanged (the "old property"), pursuant to any of sections 51 (subject to the amendment in paragraph (33) of this Motion), 86 (subject to the amendment in paragraph (62) of this Motion), 87 (subject to the amendment in paragraph (63) of this Motion) and 77 of the said Act (subject to the amendment in paragraph (53) of this Motion), and paragraph (61) of this Motion, had not been disposed of by the taxpayer but had been altered in form only and had continued in existence in the form of the property received by virtue of the exchange (the "new property"), and
 - (ii) the new property had not been acquired by the taxpayer by virtue of the exchange, but had been in existence prior thereto in the form of the old property that was altered, in form only, by virtue of the exchange;

- (c) the amount determined under clause (iv.1)(B) thereof shall be an amount equal to the aggregate of
 - (i) the eligible capital amount, and
 - (ii) where the amount in respect of an eligible capital amount is received as consideration for the disposition of, or for allowing the expiry of a government right, such amount as is included in respect thereof in the tax equity of the corporation at the end of its 1971 taxation year by virtue of subparagraph 89(1)(h) (ii.1) of the said Act;
- (d) the following amounts shall be added in determining the 1971 capital surplus on hand of the corporation:
 - all amounts each of which is an amount (i) that became payable to the corporation after the end of its 1971 taxation year and before 1972 in respect of a property, owned by it at the end of its 1971 taxation year or acquired by it thereafter and disposed of by it before 1972, that would have been eligible capital property if it had been disposed of after 1971, equal to the amount, if any, by which the amount that became payable exceeds any amount included in respect of that property in the tax equity of the corporation at the end of its 1971 taxation year by virtue of subparagraph 89(1)(h) (ii.1) of the said Act;
 - (ii) all amounts, each of which is an amount equal to the amount, if any, by which
 - (A) the aggregate of all amounts that have become due to the corporation prior to the particular time in respect of the disposition after 1971 of a property owned by the

corporation on December 31, 1971 that is a property referred to in paragraph 59(3)(a) or (b) of the said Act

exceeds

- (B) the relevant percentage, as defined in subsection 59(4) of that Act, of the amount receivable by the corporation in respect of that disposition;
- (iii) all amounts each of which is an amount receivable in respect of a property referred to in paragraph 59(3)(a) or (b) of the said Act owned by the corporation at the end of its 1971 taxation year or acquired by it thereafter and disposed of by it before 1972;
- (iv) all amounts each of which is an amount deducted by virtue of paragraph 29(1)(b) or 29(2)(b) of the said Act in computing the income of the corporation for a taxation year ending before the particular time;
- (v) the amount, if any, by which
 - (A) the proceeds of any life insurance policy received by the corporation after the end of its 1971 taxation year and before 1972 in consequence of the death of any person whose life was insured under the policy,

exceeds

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- (B) the aggregate of
 - all amounts included in the tax equity of that corporation at the end of its 1971 taxation year in respect of the policy, and

- all amounts paid as or on account of premiums paid under the policy by that corporation after the end of its 1971 taxation year and before 1972; and
- (vi) all amounts determined under subparagraphs 89(1)(d)(vii) and (x) of the said Act in respect of the corporation at the particular time;
- (e) the amount referred to in subparagraph (vi) thereof shall be computed as if no amount were allowed as a deduction under subparagraph 82(1)(a) (ii) of the said Act, as it read in its application to the 1971 taxation year, that was not deductible in computing the corporation's income for the 1971 or any previous taxation year for the purposes of Part I of the said Act as it read in its application to that year, but would have been deductible in computing its income for the 1971 taxation year if the said Act as it read in its application to that year had been read without reference to any restriction on the quantum of any deduction thereunder; and
- (f) there shall be deducted in determining the 1971 capital surplus on hand of the corporation
 - (i) all amounts determined under clauses(69)(e)(ii) and (iii) of this Motion in respect of the corporation at the particular time, and
 - (ii) where the particular time is after November 18, 1974, all amounts determined under subparagraph 89(1)(d)(iv) of the said Act (as amended by subparagraph 69(d) of this Motion) in respect of the corporation at the particular time.

Special rules concerning 1971 capital surplus on hand and paid-up capital deficiency

- (73) That in computing the 1971 capital surplus on hand or the paid-up capital deficiency of a corporation at any particular time after May 6, 1974, the following rules shall apply:
 - (a) the amount referred to in subparagraphs 89(1)(1)(ii) and (vii) of the said Act (subject to the amendment in subparagraphs (72)(a) and (b) of this Motion) shall be deemed to be nil where the property disposed of is
 - (i) a share of the capital stock of a subsidiary corporation referred to in subsection 88(1) of the said Act that was disposed of on the winding-up of the subsidiary where that winding-up commenced after May 29, 1973;
 - (ii) a share of the capital stock of another Canadian corporation that was controlled, within the meaning assigned by subsection 186(2) of the said Act, by the corporation and that was disposed of by the corporation after 1971 to a person with whom the corporation was not dealing at arm's length immediately after the disposition, other than a disposition referred to in clauses (a)(i) or (iii) or subparagraph (b) hereof, or
 - (iii) subject to subsection 26(21) of the Income Tax Application Rules, 1971, a share of the capital stock of a particular corporation that was disposed of by the corporation after May 6, 1974, by virtue of an amalgamation, within the meaning assigned by subsection 87(1) of the said Act, where the corporation controlled, within the meaning assigned by subsection 186(2) of the said Act, both the particular corporation immediately prior to the amalgamation and the new corporation immediately after the amalgamation; and

- (b) where another corporation that is a Canadian corporation owned a capital property on December 31, 1971 and subsequently disposed of it to the corporation in a transaction to which section 85 of the said Act applied, the other corporation shall be deemed not to have disposed of that property by virtue of the transaction and the corporation shall be deemed to have owned that property on December 31, 1971 and to have acquired it at an actual cost equal to the actual cost of that property to the other corporation.
- (74) That for the 1972 and subsequent taxation years, the rules contained in subdivision i of Part I of the said Act, together with other rules as hereinafter referred to, shall be amended so that:
 - (a) subsections 90(2) and (3) of the said Act shall be repealed;
 - (b) section 91 of the said Act shall be repealed and rules substituted therefor to provide that:
 - in computing the income for a taxation (i) year of a taxpayer resident in Canada, there shall be included, in respect of each share owned by him of the capital stock of a controlled foreign affiliate of the taxpayer, as income from the share, the percentage of the foreign accrual property income of any controlled foreign affiliate of the taxpayer, for each taxation year of the affiliate ending in the taxation year of the taxpayer, equal to that share's participating percentage in respect of the affiliate, determined at the end of the appropriate taxation year of the affiliate;
 - (ii) where an amount in respect of a share has been included in computing the income of a taxpayer for a taxation year by virtue of clause (b)(i) or

Shareholders of corporations not resident in Canada: foreign accrual property income

(iii) hereof and the Minister is satisfied that, by reason of the operation of monetary or exchange restrictions of a country other than Canada, the inclusion of the whole amount with no deduction for a reserve in respect thereof would impose undue hardship on the taxpayer, there may be deducted in computing the taxpayer's income for the year such amount as a reserve in respect of the amount so included as the Minister deems reasonable in the circumstances;

- (iii) in computing the income of a taxpayer for a taxation year, there shall be included each amount in respect of a share that was deducted by virtue of clause (b)(ii) hereof in computing his income for the immediately preceding year;
 - (iv) where, by virtue of clause (b)(i) hereof, an amount in respect of a share has been included in computing the income of a taxpayer for a taxation year or for any of the immediately preceding 5 taxation years (the "income amount") there may be deducted in computing the taxpayer's income for the year the lesser of
 - (A) the product obtained when
 - the foreign accrual tax applicable to the income amount to the extent that an amount in respect of such tax was not deductible under this clause in any previous year

is multiplied by

 the relevant tax factor; and

- (B) the amount, if any, by which the income amount exceeds the aggregate of the amounts in respect of that share, deductible under this clause in any of the immediately preceding 5 taxation years in respect of the income amount;
- (v) where in a taxation year a taxpayer resident in Canada has received a dividend on a share of the capital stock of a corporation that was at any time a controlled foreign affiliate of the taxpayer, there may be deducted, in respect of such portion of the dividend as is prescribed to have been paid out of the taxable surplus of the affiliate, in computing the taxpayer's income for the year, the lesser of
 - (A) the amount by which that portion of the dividend exceeds the amount, if any, deductible in respect thereof under subclause (n)(i)(B) hereof, and
 - (B) the amount, if any, by which
 - the aggregate of amounts required by clause (c)(i) hereof to be added in computing the adjusted cost base to him of the share before the dividend was so received by him

exceeds

2. the aggregate of amounts required by clause (c)(ii) hereof to be deducted in computing the adjusted cost base to him of the share before the dividend was so received by him.

- (c) subsection 92(1) of the said Act shall be repealed and a rule substituted therefor to provide that in computing, at any time in a taxation year, the adjusted cost base to a taxpayer resident in Canada of any share owned by him of the capital stock of a foreign affiliate of the taxpayer
 - (i) there shall be added any amount required to be included in respect of that share by virtue of clauses
 (b)(i) and (iii) hereof in computing his income for the year or any preceding taxation year (or that would have been so required to be included but for sections 74 and 75 of that Act), and
 - (ii) there shall be deducted in respect of that share
 - (A) any amount deducted by him by virtue of clauses (b)(ii) and (iv) hereof, and
 - (B) any dividend received by him before that time, to the extent of the amount deducted by him in respect thereof by virtue of clause (b)(v) hereof,

in computing his income for the year or any preceding taxation year (or that would have been deductible by him but for sections 74 and 75 of that Act);

(d) that part of subsection 92(2) of the said Act following paragraph (b) thereof and preceding paragraph (d) thereof shall be repealed and a rule substituted therefor to provide that there shall be deducted, in respect of any dividend received on the share referred to in paragraph 92(2)(a) or (b) of that Act, whichever is appropriate, before the relevant time by the owner of the share, an amount equal to the amount, if any, by which such portion of the

amount of the dividend so received as was deductible under subclause (n)(i)(D) hereof from the income of the owner for the year in computing his taxable income for the year or as would have been so deductible if the owner had been a corporation resident in Canada, exceeds the portion referred to in paragraph 92(2)(d) of that Act;

- (e) subsection 92(3) of the said Act shall be repealed and a rule substituted therefor to provide that in computing, at any time in a taxation year, the adjusted cost base to a corporation resident in Canada of any share of the capital stock of a foreign affiliate of the corporation, there shall be deducted an amount in respect of any dividend received on the share by the corporation before that time equal to such portion of the amount so received as was deducted under subsection 113(2) of that Act, as amended by clauses (n)(ii) and (iii) hereof, from the income of the corporation for the year or any preceding taxation year for the purposes of computing its taxable income;
- (f) subsection 93(1) of the said Act shall be repealed and a rule substituted therefor to provide that where at any time a corporation resident in Canada has so elected, in prescribed manner and within the prescribed time, in respect of any share of the capital stock of a foreign affiliate of the corporation disposed of by it or by another foreign affiliate of the corporation, for the purposes of the Act, an amount equal to the lesser of
 - (i) the amount designated by the corporation in its election, and
 - (ii) the proceeds of disposition of the share

shall be deemed to have been a dividend received on the share from the affiliate by

the disposing corporation or disposing affiliate, as the case may be, immediately before the disposition, and not to have been proceeds of disposition;

- (g) paragraph 93(3)(a) of the said Act shall be repealed, and a rule substituted therefor to provide that, for the purposes of subsection 93(2) of that Act, a dividend received by a corporation resident in Canada is an exempt dividend to the extent of the amount in respect of the dividend that is deductible from the income of the corporation in computing its taxable income by virtue of subclauses (n)(i)(A), (B) or (C) hereof;
- (g.1) a rule shall be added so that where a taxpayer resident in Canada or a foreign affiliate of the taxpayer (in this subparagraph referred to as the "vendor") has acquired shares of a foreign affiliate of the taxpayer (in this subparagraph referred to as the "acquired affiliate") on the disposition of shares of any other foreign affiliate of the taxpayer then the following rules apply:
 - (a) the capital loss therefrom otherwise determined shall be deemed to be nil, and
 - (b) where, immediately after the disposition, the vendor owned any shares of any class of the capital stock of the acquired affiliate, in computing the adjusted cost base to the vendor of all shares of any particular class of the capital stock of the acquired affiliate owned by it immediately after the disposition there shall be added the amount that is equal to that proportion of the amount, if any, by which
 - (i) the cost amount to it immediately before the disposition of the shares disposed of

exceeds

(ii) the proceeds of the disposition

that

- (iii) the fair market value, immediately after the disposition, of all shares of that class owned by it at that time
 - is of
 - (iv) the fair market value, immediately
 after the disposition of all
 shares of the capital stock of
 the acquired affiliate owned by
 it at that time;
- (h) section 94 of the said Act shall be repealed and rules substituted therefor to provide that:
 - (i) where
 - (A) at any time in a taxation year of a trust that is not resident in Canada, or that but for subclause (C) hereof would not be so resident, other than
 - an inter vivos trust created at any time before 1960 by a person who, at that time was a nonresident person, or
 - a testamentary trust that arose in consequence of the death of an individual which occurred before 1976,

a person beneficially interested in the trust (a "beneficiary") was

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- 3. a person resident in Canada,
- a corporation or trust with which a person resident in Canada was not dealing at arm's length, or
- a controlled foreign affiliate of a person resident in Canada, and
- (B) at any time in or before the taxation year of the trust, the trust, or a non-resident corporation that would, if the trust were resident in Canada, be a controlled foreign affiliate of the trust, has acquired property directly or indirectly in any manner from
 - 1. a particular person who
 - I. was the person referred to in subclause (A) hereof, was related to that individual or was the uncle, aunt, nephew or niece of that person,
 - II. was resident in Canada at any time in the 18 month period before the end of that year or, in the case of a person who has ceased to exist, was resident in Canada at any time in the 18 month period before he ceased to exist, and
 - III. in the case of an individual, had before the end of that year been resident in Canada for a period

of, or periods the aggregate of which is, more than 60 months, or

 a trust or corporation that was not dealing at arm's length with a particular person described in subsubclause 1.,

the following rules apply for that taxation year of the trust:

- (C) where the amount of the income or capital of the trust to be distributed at any time to any beneficiary of the trust depends upon the exercise by any person of, or the failure by any person to exercise, any discretionary power,
 - the trust shall be deemed for the purposes of Part I of that Act to be a person resident in Canada not exempt from tax under section 149 of that Act whose taxable income for the taxation year is the aggregate of
 - I. the amount, if any, that would but for this sub-subclause be its taxable income earned in Canada for that year, and
 - II. the amount that would, if it were a trust to which subclause (D) hereof applies, be its foreign accrual property income for that year, and

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- III. the amount if any, that would be required by subparagraph (74)(b) to be included in computing its income for the year in excess of any deductions under clauses (b)(ii), (iv) and (v) hereof;
- for the purposes of section 126 of that Act, as amended by subparagraph (o) hereof.
 - I. the amount referred to in sub-sub-subclauses 1. II and III hereof shall be deemed to be the income of the trust from sources in the country other than Canada in which the trust would, but for sub-subclause 1. hereof be resident, and
 - II. such part of any income or profits tax paid by the trust for the year (other than any tax paid by virtue of this subparagraph) that may reasonably be regarded as having been paid in respect of that income shall be deemed to be the non-business-income tax paid by the trust to the government of that country; and

- (D) in any other case, for the purposes of clauses (b)(i) to (iv), inclusive, and subparagraph (i) hereof,
 - 1. the trust shall, with respect to any beneficiary under the trust the fair market value of whose beneficial interest in the trust is not less than 10% of the aggregate fair market value of all beneficial interests in the trust, be deemed to be a non-resident corporation that is controlled by the beneficiary,
 - 2. the trust shall be deemed to be a non-resident corporation having a capital stock of a single class divided into 100 issued shares, and
 - 3. each beneficiary under the trust shall be deemed to own at any time the number of the issued shares that is equal to the proportion of 100 that
 - I. the fair market value at that time of his beneficial interest in the trust

is of

- II. the fair market value at that time of all beneficial interests in the trust;
- (ii)
-) where subclause (i)(C) hereof is applicable to a trust, each person described in sub-sub-subclause (i)(B)1. or 2. hereof shall jointly and severally

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with the trust have the rights and obligations of the trust by virtue of Divisions I and J of the said Act and shall be subject to the provisions of Part XV of that Act, but no amount in respect of taxes, penalties, costs and other amounts payable under the said Act shall be recoverable from any such person except to the extent of

- (A) amounts paid to him by the trust or the payment of which from the trust he is entitled to enforce; and
- (B) amounts received by him on the disposition of an interest in the trust;
- (iii) in computing
 - (A) the amount of taxable income of a trust to which subclause (i)(C) applies for any taxation year, there may be deducted such portion of the amount that would, but for this subclause, be included in computing the taxable income of the trust for the year by virtue of clauses 94 (1)(c)(i)(B) and (C) of the said Act as may reasonably be considered as having become an amount payable in the year within the meaning of subsection 104(24) of that Act to a beneficiary, and
 - (B) the foreign accrual property income of a trust to which subclause (i)(D) hereof applies for any taxation year, there may be deducted such portion of the amount that would, but for this subclause, be the foreign accrual property

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income of the trust as may reasonably be considered as having become an amount payable in the year within the meaning of subsection 104(24) of the said Act to a beneficiary;

- (iv) in computing, at any time in a taxation year, the adjusted cost base to a taxpayer resident in Canada of a capital interest in a trust to which subclause (i)(D) hereof applies
 - (A) there shall be added any amount required by clauses (b)(i) and (iii) hereof to be included in computing his income for the year or any preceding taxation year (or that would have been so required to be included but for sections 74 and 75 of the said Act) in respect of that interest, and
 - (B) there shall be deducted any amount deducted by him by virtue of clauses (b)(ii) and (iv) hereof in computing his income for the year or any preceding taxation year (or that would have been so deductible by him but for sections 74 and 75 of the said Act) in respect of that interest; and
 - (v) for the purposes of subclause (i)(B) hereof, a trust or a non-resident corporation shall be deemed to have acquired property from any person who has given a guarantee on its behalf or from whom it has received any other financial assistance whatever;
- (i) section 95 of the said Act shall be repealed and rules substituted therefor to provide that:

- (i) in subdivision i of that Act,
 - (A) "controlled foreign affiliate", at any time, of a taxpayer resident in Canada means a foreign affiliate of the taxpayer that was, at that time, controlled directly or indirectly in any manner whatever, by
 - 1. the taxpayer,
 - the taxpayer and not more than four other persons resident in Canada, or
 - a related group of which the taxpayer was a member;
 - (B) "foreign accrual property income" of a foreign affiliate of a taxpayer, for any taxation year of the affiliate, means the amount, if any, by which the aggregate of
 - the affiliate's incomes for the year from property and businesses other than active businesses, other than
 - I. interest that would, by virtue of paragraph 81(1)(m) of the said Act, not be included in computing the income of the affiliate if it were resident in Canada,
 - II. a dividend from another foreign affiliate of the taxpayer, or

- III. a taxable dividend to the extent that the amount thereof would, if the dividend were received by the taxpayer, be deductible by him under section 112 of that Act, and
- 2. such portion of the affiliate's taxable capital gains for the year from dispositions of property (other than property used by it principally for the purpose of gaining or producing income from an active business) as may reasonably be considered to have accrued after its 1975 taxation year,

exceeds the aggregate of

- 3. the affiliate's losses for the year from property and businesses other than active businesses determined as if there were not included in the affiliate's income any amount described in sub-sub-subclause 1.I., II., or III. hereof,
- 4. such portion of the affiliate's allowable capital losses for the year from dispositions of property (other than property used by it principally for the purpose of gaining or producing income from an active business) as may reasonably be considered to have accrued after its 1975 taxation year, and

- 5. the amount prescribed to be the deductible loss of the affiliate for the year and the five immediately preceding taxation years;
- (C) "foreign accrual tax" applicable to any amount included in computing a taxpayer's income by virtue of clause (b)(i) hereof for a taxation year in respect of a particular foreign affiliate of the taxpayer means the portion of any income or profits tax that was paid by
 - 1. the particular affiliate, or
 - 2. any other foreign affiliate of the taxpayer in respect of a dividend 'received from the particular affiliate

that may reasonably be regarded as applicable;

- (D) "foreign affiliate", at any time, of a taxpayer (other than a non-resident-owned investment corporation) resident in Canada means a corporation (other than a corporation resident in Canada) in which, at that time, the taxpayer's equity percentage was not less than 10%;
- (E) "participating percentage" of a particular share owned by a taxpayer of the capital stock of a corporation in respect of any foreign affiliate of the taxpayer that at the end of its taxation year was a controlled foreign affiliate of the taxpayer means

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- where the foreign accrual property income of the affiliate for that year exceeds \$5,000, is
 - I. where each corporation that is relevant to the determination of the taxpayer's equity percentage in the affiliate has only one class of issued shares at the end of that taxation year of the affiliate, the percentage that would be the taxpayer's equity percentage in the affiliate at that time on the assumption that he owned no shares other than the particular share (but in no case shall that assumption be made for the purpose of determining whether or not a corporation is a foreign affiliate of the taxpayer), and
 - II. in any other case, the percentage determined in prescribed manner;

(F) "relevant tax factor" means

- where the taxpayer is an individual, 2, or
- where the taxpayer is a corporation, the factor obtained when one is divided by the percentage referred to in section 123 of the said Act for the taxation year; and
- (G) "taxation year" in relation to a foreign affiliate of a taxpayer means the period for which the accounts of the foreign affiliate have been ordinarily made up but no such period may exceed 53 weeks;
- (ii) for the purposes of subdivision i of the said Act,
 - (A) in computing the income from an active business of a foreign affiliate of a taxpayer there shall be included
 - any income from sources in a country other than Canada that would otherwise be income from property or a business other than an active business, to the extent that it pertains to or is incident to an active business carried on in a country other than Canada by the affiliate or any other foreign affiliate of the taxpayer, and
 - 2. any amount paid or payable to the affiliate by
 - I. another foreign affiliate of the taxpayer, or

to the extent that it is or would be, if the nonresident corporation were a foreign affiliate of the taxpayer, deductible in computing the amount prescribed to be its earnings from an active business other than a business carried on by it in Canada

- (B) income of a controlled foreign affiliate of a taxpayer from services or an undertaking to provide services shall be deemed to be income from a business other than an active business if
 - the amount paid or payable in consideration therefor is deductible in computing the income from a business carried on in Canada by any person in relation to which the affiliate is a controlled foreign affiliate or by a person related to that person, or
 - the services are performed or are to be performed by any person referred to in sub-subclause 1. hereof who is an individual resident in Canada;
- (C) where a foreign affiliate of a taxpayer (the "disposing affiliate") has disposed of capital property that was shares of the capital stock of another foreign affiliate of the taxpayer (the

"shares disposed of") to any corporation that was, immediately following the disposition, a foreign affiliate of the taxpayer (the "acquiring affiliate") for consideration that includes shares of the capital stock of the acquiring affiliate,

- the cost to the disposing affiliate of any property (other than shares of the capital stock of the acquiring affiliate) receivable by the disposing affiliate as consideration for the disposition shall be deemed to be the fair market value of the property at the time of the disposition,
- 2. the cost to the disposing affiliate of any shares of any class of the capital stock of the acquiring affiliate receivable by the disposing affiliate as consideration for the disposition shall be deemed to be that proportion of the amount, if any, by which the aggregate of the relevant cost bases to it, immediately before the disposition, of the shares disposed of exceeds the fair market value at that time of the consideration receivable for the disposition (other than shares of the capital stock of the acquiring affiliate) that
 - I. the fair market value, immediately after the disposition, of those shares of the acquiring affiliate of that class

- II. the fair market value, immediately after the disposition, of all shares of the capital stock of the acquiring affiliate receivable by the disposing affiliate as consideration for the disposition,
- 3. the disposing affiliate's proceeds of disposition of the shares shall be deemed to be an amount equal to the cost to it of all shares and other property receivable by it from the acquiring affiliate as consideration for the disposition, and
- 4. the cost to the acquiring affiliate of the shares acquired from the disposing affiliate shall be deemed to be an amount equal to the disposing affiliate's proceeds of disposition referred to in sub-subclause 3;
- where there has been a merger of (D) a foreign affiliate of a taxpayer (the "predecessor affiliate") and one or more other corporations to form one corporate entity that immediately after the merger is a foreign affiliate of the taxpayer (the "new affiliate") and such merger is not as a result of the acquisition of property of one corporation by another corporation, pursuant to the purchase of such property by the other corporation nor as a result of the distribution of such property to another corporation upon the winding-up of the predecessor affiliate, the provisions of subsection 87(4)

of the said Act as amended by subparagraph (63)(j) of this Motion shall apply to the taxpayer as if the references therein to,

- "amalgamation" were read as 1. "merger",
- 2. "predecessor corporation" were read as a reference to "predecessor affiliate",
- "new corporation" were read 3. as a reference to "new affiliate",
- 4. "adjusted cost base" were read as a reference to "relevant cost base", and
- 5. "May 6, 1974" were read as "1971"、
- (E) where on the dissolution of a foreign affiliate of a taxpayer (the "disposing affiliate") one or more shares of the capital stock of another foreign affiliate of the taxpayer have been disposed of to a shareholder that is another foreign affiliate of the taxpayer,
 - 1. the disposing affiliate's proceeds of disposition of each such share and the cost thereof to the shareholder shall be deemed to be an amount equal to the relevant cost base to the disposing affiliate of such share immediately before the dissolution, and
 - 2. the shareholder's proceeds of disposition of the shares of the disposing affiliate

shall be deemed to be an amount equal to the aggregate of

- I. the cost to him of the shares of the other foreign affiliate as determined in sub-subclause 1., and
- II. the fair market value
 of any property (other
 than the shares referred
 to in sub-sub-subclause
 I) disposed of by the
 disposing affiliate
 to the shareholder on
 the dissolution,
- (F) except as provided in subclauses (C), (D) and (E) hereof each taxable capital gain of a foreign affiliate of a taxpayer and each allowable capital loss of a foreign affiliate of a taxpayer shall be computed in accordance with the provisions of subdivision c of the said Act as though the foreign affiliate were resident in Canada, except that in computing any such gain or loss from the disposition of property owned by the affiliate at the time it last became a foreign affiliate of the taxpayer, there shall not be included such portion of the gain or loss, as the case may be, as may reasonably be considered, to have accrued before that time;
- (iii) for the purposes of subclause (ii)(B)
 hereof, "services" includes the
 insurance of Canadian risks but does
 not include

- (A) the transportation of persons or goods, or
- (B) services performed in connection with the purchase for import or the sale for export of goods;
- (iv) in this subparagraph
 - (A) the "direct equity percentage" at any time of any person in a corporation is the percentage determined by the following rules:
 - for each class of the issued shares of the capital stock of the corporation, determine the proportion of 100 that the number of shares of that class owned by that person at that time is of the total number of issued shares of that class at that time, and
 - 2. select the proportion determined under subsubclause 1. hereof for that person in respect of the corporation that is not less than any other proportion so determined for that person in respect of the corporation at that time;

and the proportion selected under sub-subclause 2. hereof, when expressed as a percentage, is that person's direct equity percentage in the corporation; and

(B) the "equity percentage" at any time of a person, in any particular' corporation, is the aggregate of

- 2. all percentages each of which is the product obtained when the person's equity percentage in any corporation (other than a corporation resident in Canada) is multiplied by that corporation's direct equity percentage at that time in the particular corporation;
- (C) the "relevant cost base" to a foreign affiliate of property at any time means the adjusted cost base to the affiliate of the property at that time or such greater amount as the taxpayer claims not exceeding the fair market value of the property at that time.
- (v) for the purposes of subdivision i of the said Act,
 - (A) an income bond or income debenture issued by a corporation (other than a corporation resident in ... Canada) shall be deemed to be a share of the capital stock of the corporation unless any interest or other similar periodic amount paid by the corporation on or in respect of the bond or debenture was, under the laws of the country in which the corporation was resident, deductible in computing the amount for the year on which the corporation was liable to pay income or profits tax imposed by the government of that country; and

(B) where

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any person has a right under a contract, in equity or otherwise, either immediately or in the future and either absolutely or contingently, to, or to acquire, shares of the capital stock of a corporation, those shares shall, if one of the main reasons for the existence of the right may reasonably be considered to be the reduction or postponement of the amount of taxes that would otherwise be payable under the said Act, be deemed to be owned by that person, and

2. any foreign affiliate of a taxpayer or any non-resident corporation controlled directly or indirectly in any manner whatsoever by the taxpayer or by a related group of which the taxpayer was a member has issued shares of a class of its capital stock and one of the main reasons for the existence or issuance of one or more of the shares of that class may reasonably be considered to be the reduction or postponement of the amount of taxes that would otherwise be payable under the said Act. those shares shall be deemed not to have been issued; and

(vi) for the purposes of subdivision i and subsection 52(3) of the said Act, the amount of any stock dividend paid by a foreign affiliate of a corporation resident in Canada shall, in respect of the corporation, be deemed to be nil;

- (j) the said Act shall be amended by adding thereto a rule to provide that where a taxpayer has disposed of one or more shares of the capital stock of a foreign affiliate of the taxpayer to any corporation that was, immediately following the disposition, a foreign affiliate of the taxpayer (the "acquiring affiliate") and has received as part or all of the proceeds of disposition one or more shares of the capital stock of the acquiring affiliate,
 - (i) the cost to the taxpayer of any property (other than shares of the capital stock of the acquiring affiliate) receivable by him as consideration for the disposition shall be deemed to be the fair market value of the property at the time of the disposition;
 - (íi) the cost to the taxpayer of any shares of any class of the capital stock of the acquiring affiliate receivable by him as consideration for the disposition shall be deemed to be that proportion of the amount, if any, by which the aggregate of the adjusted cost bases to him. immediately before the disposition, of the shares disposed of exceeds the fair market value at that time of the consideration receivable for the disposition (other than shares of the capital stock of the acquiring affiliate) that
 - (A) the fair market value, immediately after the disposition, of those shares of the acquiring affiliate of that class
 - is of
 - (B) the fair market value, immediately after the disposition, of all shares of the capital stock of

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the acquiring affiliate receivable by him as consideration for the disposition;

(iii) the taxpayer's proceeds of disposition of the shares shall be deemed to be an amount equal to the cost to him of all shares and other property receivable by him from the acquiring affiliate as consideration for the disposition; and

(iv) the cost to the acquiring affiliate of the shares acquired from the taxpayer shall be deemed to be an amount equal to the taxpayer's proceeds of disposition referred to in clause (iii) hereof.

the said Act shall be amended by adding thereto a rule to provide that where there has been a merger of a foreign affiliate of a taxpayer (in this subsection referred to as a "predecessor foreign affiliate") and one or more other corporations to form one corporate entity (in this subparagraph referred to as a "new foreign affiliate") that is a foreign affiliate of the taxpayer. and such merger is not as a result of the acquisition of property of one corporation by another corporation, pursuant to the purchase of such property by the other corporation or as a result of the distribu-, tion of such property to another corporation upon the winding-up of the predecessor foreign affiliate, the provisions of subparagraph (63)(j) apply to the taxpayer as if the references therein to

(i) "amalgamation" were read as "merger";

- (ii) "predecessor corporation" were read as a reference to "predecessor foreign affiliate" of the taxpayer;
- (iii) "new corporation" were read as a reference to "new foreign affiliate"; and

(iv) "May 6, 1974" were read as "1971";

- (1) section 88 of the said Act shall be amended by adding thereto a rule to provide that where on the dissolution of a foreign affiliate of a taxpayer (the "disposing affiliate"), one or more shares of the capital stock of another foreign affiliate of the taxpayer have been disposed of to the taxpayer,
 - (i) the disposing affiliate's proceeds of disposition of each such share and the cost thereof to the taxpayer shall be deemed to be an amount equal to the adjusted cost base to the disposing affiliate of the share immediately before the dissolution, or such greater amount as the taxpayer claims not exceeding the fair market value of the share immediately before the dissolution, and
 - (ii) the taxpayer's proceeds of disposition of the shares of the disposing affiliate shall be deemed to be an amount equal to the aggregate of
 - (A) the cost to him of the shares of the other foreign affiliate, as determined in clause (i), and
 - (B) the fair market value of any property (other than the shares referred to in subclause (A)) disposed of by the disposing affiliate to the taxpayer on the dissolution.
- (m) section 112(2) of the said Act shall be amended so that a corporation therein referred to as the payer of a dividend shall not include a foreign affiliate of a corporation therein referred to that received the dividend;
- (n) section 113 of the said Act shall be amended as follows:

- (i) paragraphs (1)(a) and (b) thereof shall be repealed and rules substituted therefor to provide that the amount that may be deducted by the corporation therein referred to shall be an amount equal to the aggregate of
 - (A) an amount equal to such portion of the dividend as is prescribed to have been paid out of the exempt surplus of the affiliate,
 - (B) an amount equal to the lesser of
 - 1. the product obtained when the foreign tax prescribed to be applicable to such portion of the dividend as is prescribed to have been paid out of the taxable surplus of the affiliate is multiplied by the amount by which

I. the relevant tax factor

exceeds

II one;

- 2. that portion of the dividend,
- (C) an amount equal to the lesser of
 - 1. the product obtained when
 - I. the non-business-income tax paid by the corporation applicable to such portion of the dividend as is prescribed to have been paid out of the taxable surplus of the affiliate

is multiplied by

II. the relevant tax factor,
 and

- 2. the amount by which the portion of the dividend as is prescribed to have been paid out of the taxable surplus of the affiliate exceeds the deduction in respect thereof referred to in subclause (B) hereof;
- (D) an amount equal to such portion of the dividend as is prescribed to have been paid out of the pre-acquisition surplus of the affiliate;
- (ii) subparagraph (2)(a)(i) thereof shall
 be repealed and the following words
 substituted therefor: "the deduction
 in respect of the dividend permitted
 by subsection 91(5) in computing the
 corporation's income for the year,
 and";

(iii)

paragraph (2)(b) thereof shall be repealed and rules substituted therefor to provide that the amount therein shall be the amount, if any, by which

 (A) the adjusted cost base to the corporation of the share at the end of its 1975 taxation year

exceeds the aggregate of

(B) the amount, if any, by which the aggregate of amounts required by clause (c)(i) hereof to be added in computing the adjusted cost base referred to in subclause (iii)(A) hereof exceeds the aggregate of amounts required by clause (c)(ii) hereof to be deducted in computing that adjusted cost base,

- (C) such amounts in respect of dividends received by the corporation on the share after the end of its 1975 taxation year and before the particular time as are deductible under subclause (i)(C) hereof in computing the taxable income of the corporation for taxation years ending after 1975, and
- (D) the aggregate of amounts deducted under subsection 113(2) of the said Act as amended by this subparagraph in respect of dividends received by the corporation on the share before the particular time; and
- (iv) subsections 113(3) to (7) of the said Act shall be repealed and rules substituted therefor to provide that
 - (A) in the said section
 - 1. "relevant tax factor" shall
 have the meaning given that
 expression by subclause
 (i)(i)(F) hereof; and
 - 2. "non-business income tax" paid by a taxpayer shall have the meaning given that expression by paragraph 126(7)(c) of the said Act as amended by subparagraph (o) hereof;
 - (B) such portion of any dividend received at any time in a taxation year by a corporation resident in Canada on a share owned by it of the capital stock of a foreign affiliate of the corporation, that was received after the 1971 taxation year of the affiliate and before the

affiliate's 1976 taxation year, as exceeds the amount deductible in respect of the dividend under subclause (i)(D) hereof in computing the corporation's taxable income for the year shall, for the purpose of subclause (i)(A) hereof, be deemed to be the portion of the dividend prescribed to have been paid out of the exempt surplus of the affiliate; and

- (o) section 126 of the said Act shall be amended to delete that part of paragraph 126(7)(c) of the said Act following subparagraph (ii) thereof.
- (75) That for the 1972 and subsequent taxation years, for the purposes of subsection 96(1) and sections 101 and 103 of the said Act,
 - (a) the members of a partnership, the principal activity of which is carrying on a business in Canada, may make an agreement (the "agreement") to allocate a share of the income or loss of the partnership to
 - (i) any taxpayer who ceased at some time to be a member of any partnership if the members of such a partnership had made an agreement of the nature described in this subparagraph,
 - (ii) the spouse, estate or heir of the taxpayer, or
 - (iii) a person who acquired from the taxpayer a right under an agreement described in this subparagraph;
 - (b) a taxpayer, spouse, estate, heir or person referred to in subparagraph (a) hereof (the "taxpayer") shall be deemed to be a member of the partnership;

Income of partnership paid to retired partner or heirs of deceased partner

- (c) any amount allocated to the taxpayer under the agreement shall be included in computing the income of the taxpayer for his taxation year in which the fiscal period of the partnership, in respect of which the amount is allocated, ends;
- (d) where in a taxation year the taxpayer disposes of a right under the agreement, whether or not the taxpayer is a resident of Canada at the time of the disposition, the proceeds of disposition therefrom shall be included in computing the taxpayer's income for that year;
- (e) the acquiror of the right referred to in subparagraph (d) hereof may deduct the cost thereof from income allocated to him under the agreement or from the proceeds from the disposition by him of the right;
- (f) for the purposes of the said Act, a right pursuant to the agreement shall be deemed not to be a capital property;
- (g) where at the time of death of the taxpayer he had a right pursuant to the agreement, such right shall be subject to the rules in subsections 70(2) to (4), inclusive, of the said Act; and
- (h) each taxpayer who is deemed by subparagraph
 (b) hereof to be a member of the partnership shall, for the purposes of subsection
 2(3) of the said Act, be deemed to carry on the business of the partnership in Canada.
- (76) That for the 1972 and subsequent taxation years,

(a) any election under subsection 97(2) or 98(3) of the said Act shall be made on or before the day (the "day") that is the earliest of the days on or before which any taxpayer making the election is required to file a return of income for the taxation year in which the transaction to which the election relates occurred, and

Late-filed subsection 97(2) or 98(3) elections

- (b) where the election referred to in subparagraph
 (a) hereof was not made on or before the
 day and that day is after May 6, 1974, the
 election shall be deemed to have been made
 on that day if
 - (i) the election is made in prescribed form on or before a day that is one year after the day, and
 - (ii) a penalty is paid at the time the election is made
 - (A) by the taxpayer referred to in subsection 97(2) of the said Act equal to ¹/₄ of 1% of the amount by which the fair market value of the property disposed of by the taxpayer at the time of disposition exceeds the amount agreed upon by the taxpayer and the members of the partnership in the election, or
 - (B) by the persons referred to in subsection 98(3) of the said Act equal to $\frac{1}{4}$ of 1% of the amount by which
 - the aggregate of all amounts of money, if any, and the fair market value of partnership property received by those persons as consideration for their interests in the partnership at the time that the partnership ceased to exist

exceeds

 the aggregate of each person's proceeds of disposition of his interest in the partnership as determined under paragraph 98(3)(a) of the said Act,

for each month or part thereof that the election has not been made during the period commencing with the day and ending at the time the election is made.

(77) That for the 1972 and subsequent taxation years,

- (a) for the purpose of the election referred to in subsection 97(2) of the said Act,
 - (i) the member from whom the partnership acquired the property, as well as all the other persons who are members of the partnership immediately after the acquisition of such property, shall be required to jointly make the election, and
 - (ii) the rules in subsection 96(3) of the said Act shall apply to such an election; and
- (b) the rules in subsection 98(5) of the said Act relating to the continuance by a former member of the partnership, of the business of a Canadian partnership that ceased to exist, shall
 - (i) apply to a trust or corporation that was a former member of the partnership; and

(ii) be amended to provide that

(A) where at a particular time all other persons who were members of the partnership dispose of their interests therein to the former member who becomes the sole proprietor, he shall be deemed to have acquired partnership interests from all such members and not to have acquired property of the partnership at that time, and

partnership business carried on as sole proprietorship

Contribution of property to a partnership: rules applicable where election is made

- (B) the amount to be included in computing the former member's proceeds of disposition by virtue of subparagraph 98(5)(a)(i) of the said Act shall be deemed to be the aggregate of
 - the adjusted cost base of his partnership interest immediately before such acquisitions, and
 - the cost to him of all the partnership interests deemed to have been acquired by him.

Former members of partnership: retention of interest in partnership

- (78) That where at any time after 1971 a taxpayer has ceased to be a member of a partnership, subsection 98(1.1) of the said Act shall be repealed and the following rules shall be substituted therefor:
 - subject to the provisions of sections 48 (a) and 70 of the said Act, the taxpayer shall be deemed not to have disposed of his interest in the partnership immediately before the time that he ceased to be a member of the partnership (the "residual interest") and to continue to have an interest therein, until such time as all of his rights (other than a right to a share of the income or loss of the partnership under an agreement referred to in subparagraph (75)(a) hereof) to receive any property from the partnership in satisfaction of his residual interest are satisfied in full;
 - (b) where the taxpayer's rights under his residual interest are satisfied in full before the end of the fiscal period of the partnership in which the taxpayer ceased to be a member, the taxpayer shall be deemed not to have disposed of his residual interest until the end of that fiscal period of the partnership;

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(c) notwithstanding subsection 40(3) of the said Act, where in computing the adjusted cost base to the taxpayer of the residual interest at the end of a fiscal period of the partnership,

> (i) the aggregate of amounts required to be deducted therefrom in computing the adjusted cost base to the taxpayer of the residual interest at that time by virtue of subsection 53(2) of the said Act

exceeds ,

(ii) the aggregate of

- (A) the cost to him of the residual interest determined for the purpose of computing the adjusted cost base to him of that interest at that time, and
- **(B)** all amounts required to be added thereto in computing the adjusted cost base to him of that interest at that time by virtue of subsection 53(1) of that Act,

such excess shall be deemed to be a gain of the taxpayer for the year from the disposition of the residual interest;

- (d) where the taxpayer has a residual interest
 - (i) by virtue of subparagraph (b) hereof, he shall, except for the purposes of subsection 110(5) of the said Act, be deemed not to be a member of the partnership; and
 - (ii) in any other case, he shall, except for the purposes of subsection 85(3) of the said Act, be deemed not to be a member of the partnership;
- (e) where the partnership in which the taxpayer has a residual interest ceases to

exist without his residual interest being satisfied in full and the members of another partnership agree to satisfy his residual interest, the taxpayer shall be deemed to have a residual interest in the other partnership; and

- (f) where by virtue of the death of an individual, a taxpayer has acquired a property that was an interest in a partnership to which, immediately before the individual's death, subparagraph (a) hereof applied,
 - (i) the taxpayer shall be deemed to have acquired a right to receive partnership property and not an interest in a partnership, at a cost equal to the amount determined to be the proceeds of disposition of the interest in the partnership to the deceased individual by virtue of paragraph 70(5)(a) or 70(6)(d) of the said Act, as the case may be; and
 - (ii) section 43 of the said Act shall not apply to the right.
- (79) That for the 1974 and subsequent taxation years, where an <u>inter vivos</u> trust other than a mutual fund trust (the "trust") has a beneficiary who is a non-resident person, a nonresident-owned investment corporation or an <u>inter vivos</u> trust with a beneficiary who is a non-resident person (the "designated beneficiary"),
 - (a) subsection 104(8) of the said Act shall be repealed;
 - (b) the designated beneficiaries' proportionate share of the trust's income for a taxation year from a source that is any of real properties situated in Canada, timber resource properties, Canadian resource properties, businesses carried on by it in Canada or capital gains from the disposition of property that would have been taxable Canadian property if at no time in the year the trust had been

Trusts: payments of certain amounts by <u>inter vivos</u> trusts to non-resident beneficiaries resident in Canada minus any allowable capital losses from the disposition of such property and losses from real properties situated in Canada, from timber resource properties or from businesses carried on by it in Canada ("designated income"), shall not be allowed as a deduction to the trust in computing its income for the year;

- (c) for the purposes of subparagraph (b) hereof, the designated beneficiaries' proportionate share of the designated income of a trust shall be that proportion of the amount, if any, by which
 - (i) the designated income of the trust for the year

exceeds

- (ii) the amount that would be the income of the trust for the taxation year if no deduction were made under subsection 104(6) or (12) of the said Act or under regulations made pursuant to paragraph 20(1)(a) of the said Act, less the aggregate of all amounts each of which is
 - A. such part of the amount that would be the income of the trust for the taxation year if no deduction were made under subsection 104(6) or (12) of the said Act or under regulations made pursuant to paragraph 20(1)(a) of the said Act that would, but for this paragraph, be payable in the year to a beneficiary of the trust,
 - B. an amount in respect of the accumulating income of the trust for the year that was included in computing the income of a preferred beneficiary of the trust by virtue of subsection 104(14) of the said Act, or

- C. an amount paid by the trust in the year to the extent it was included in computing the income of a beneficiary of the trust by virtue of subsection 105(2) of the said Act,
- that

(iii) the aggregate of amounts each of which is an amount in respect of the income of the trust for the year that would, but for this paragraph, be payable in the year to a designated beneficiary

- is of'
- (iv) the aggregate of amounts determined under subclauses (A), (B) and (C) hereof;
- (d) there shall be subtracted from the amount determined under subsection 104(13) and paragraph 212(1)(c) of the said Act in respect of a particular designated beneficiary, that designated beneficiary's proportionate share of the amount that the trust cannot deduct by virtue of subparagraph (b) hereof;
- (e) subsection 104(9) of the said Act shall be repealed; and
- (f) subsection 104(21) of the said Act shall not apply in respect of non-resident beneficiaries.
- (80) That for the 1973 and subsequent taxation years, paragraph 104(15)(c) of the said Act shall be amended to remove the restriction that the amount determined by regulations to be the prescribed share of a particular beneficiary referred to therein of the accumulating income of a trust for a taxation year must reasonably be regarded as having been earned for the benefit of the particular beneficiary.

Trusts: preferred beneficiary's share of the accumulating income Trusts: portion of interest of trust deemed to be interest of beneficiary

- (80.1) That for the 1974 and subsequent taxation years, such portion of the amount, if any, determined in respect of a trust for a taxation year under clause (2)(a)(ii) of this Motion if subparagraph (2)(a) of this Motion were read without reference to the words "(other than a trust that is not a testamentary trust within the meaning assigned by paragraph 108(1)(<u>i</u>) of the said Act)" therein as
 - (a) may reasonably be considered (having regard to all the circumstances including the terms and conditions of the trust arrangement) to be part of the amount that, by virtue of subsection 104(13) or (14) or section 105 of the said Act, as the case may be, was included in computing the income for the taxation year of a particular beneficiary under the trust, and
 - (b) was not designated by the trust in respect of any other beneficiary thereunder,

shall, if so designated by the trust in respect of the particular beneficiary in the return of its income for the year under Part I of the said Act, be deemed to be interest for the year of the particular beneficiary and not to be interest of the trust.

(81) That for the 1972 and subsequent taxation years,

- (a) for the purposes of subsection 107(1) of the said Act and notwithstanding paragraph 69(1)(c) of the said Act, the cost to a taxpayer of a capital interest in a testamentary trust shall be deemed to be
 - (i) where the interest was purchased, the cost otherwise determined;
 - (ii) where paragraph 70(5)(c) of the said Act applies, the cost therein determined; and
 - (iii) in any other case, nil;

Trusts: cost of a capital interest in a testamentary trust: disposition of capital interest:

exclusion of certain dividends from trust income

Trusts: definition of trust to exclude certain types of trust

Deduction in computing taxable income: transfer to spouse

Medical expenses: care and training of physically or mentally handicapped individuals: (b) the words "that proportion" and "¹/₂ of that proportion" in subsection 107(3) of the said Act shall be deleted and replaced by the words "the amount" and "¹/₂ of the amount", respectively; and

(c) for the purposes of subparagraph 70(6)(b)(i), paragraph 73(1)(a) and subparagraph 104(4) (a)(i) of the said Act, income of a trust shall be computed without taking into account dividends referred to in subsection 131(1) of that Act.

(81.1) That for the purposes of subsections 104(4),
 (5), (12), (14) and (15) and sections 105 to 107
 of the said Act, the term "trust" does not
 include

- (a) for the 1972 and subsequent taxation years, a trust governed by a registered education savings plan; and
- (b) for the 1974 and subsequent taxation years, a trust governed by a registered home ownership savings plan.
- (81.2) That for the 1975 and subsequent taxation years, the deduction allowed to a taxpayer 65 years of age and over under paragraph 109(1)(h) of the said Act may, to the extent it is not deductible by the taxpayer in the year, be deducted by the spouse of the taxpayer.

(81.3) That for the 1974 and subsequent taxation years,

(a) subparagraph 110(1)(c)(vi) of the said Act shall be repealed and a rule substituted therefor so that a taxpayer may deduct under paragraph 110(1)(c) of the said Act, payments made by him for the care, or the care and training at a school, institution or other place of an individual who is the taxpayer, his spouse or any such dependant who has been certified by an appropriately qualified person to be an individual who, by reason of a physical or mental handicap requires for his care or for his care and training, the equipment, facilities or personnel specially provided by that school, institution or other place for that purpose; and

(b) a taxpayer may deduct under paragraph 110 (1)(c) of the said Act, payments made by him on behalf of an individual who was the taxpayer, his spouse, or any such dependant who was totally blind

- (i) for a dog trained to guide a blind person provided by a person or organization one of whose main purposes is the training of such dogs (in this subparagraph referred to as a guide dog),
- (ii) for the care and maintenance of a guide dog including food and veterinarian care,
- (iii) for reasonable travelling expenses of the individual incurred in travelling to and from a school, institution, or other place that trains blind persons in the handling of guide dogs, and
 - (iv) for reasonable board and lodging expenses of the individual incurred while he was required to live away from his ordinary place of residence because he was in full-time attendance at a school, institution or other place that trains blind persons in the handling of guide dogs.
- (82) That for the 1972 and subsequent taxation years, an individual referred to in subsection 110(2) of the said Act shall be entitled to deduct from his income for a year, if the deduction is made pursuant to that subsection, superannuation and pension benefits received during the year, in addition to his earned income therein referred to.

Members of religious orders having taken vows of perpetual poverty: deduction from income

guide dogs

Deductions in computing individual's taxable income (82.1) That for the 1975 and subsequent taxation years, individual taxpayers will be required to make deductions in computing taxable income under sections 109, 110.1, 110.2, 110 and 111 respectively, in that order.

(83) That

- (a) in respect of losses arising from transactions made after May 6, 1974,
 - (i) subsections 112(3) and (4) of the said Act shall be repealed and the following: rules shall be substituted therefor:
 - (A) where a corporation owns a share that is a capital property and receives a taxable dividend or capital dividend in respect of that share, the amount of any loss of the corporation arising from transactions with reference to the share on which the dividend was received shall, unless it is established by the corporation that
 - the corporation owned the share 365 days or longer before the loss was sustained, and
 - 2. the corporation did not, at the time the dividend was received, own more than 5% of the issued shares of any class of the capital stock of the corporation from which the dividend was received,

be deemed to be the amount of that loss otherwise determined, minus the aggregate of all amounts received by the corporation in respect of:

3. taxable dividends on the share to the extent that the

Losses from transactions with respect to shares

amounts thereof were deductible from the corporation's income for any taxation year by virtue of section 112 or subsection 138(6) of the said Act and were not amounts upon which the corporation was required to pay tax under Part VII of the said Act, or

capital dividends on the share;

- (B) where a taxpayer owns a share that is not a capital property and receives a dividend in respect of that share, the amount of any loss of the taxpayer arising from transactions with reference to the share on which the dividend was received shall, unless it is established by the taxpayer that
 - he owned the share 365 days or longer before the loss was sustained, and
 - 2. he did not, at the time the dividend was received, own more than 5% of the issued shares of any class of the capital stock of the corporation from which the dividend was received

be deemed to be the amount of that loss otherwise determined, minus the aggregate of all amounts received by him in respect of dividends (other than capital gains dividends, within the meaning assigned by subsection 131(1) of the said Act,) on the share to the extent that the amounts thereof were not amounts upon which he was required to pay tax under Part VII of the said Act; and

- (C) where a taxpayer has acquired a share (the "new share") in exchange for another share (the "old share") by means of a transaction to which sections 51 (subject to the amendment in paragraph (33) of this Motion), 86 (subject to the amendment in paragraph (62) of this Motion), or 87 (subject to the amendment in paragraph (63) of this Motion), of the said Act or paragraph (61) of this Motion applies, subparagraph (a) hereof shall apply to the old and the new share as though they were the same share;
- (b) where a taxpayer owns a share that is not a capital property and receives a dividend in respect of that share, a rule shall be added so that for the purposes of subsection 10(1) of the said Act and any regulations made thereunder, the fair market value at any particular time that is after November 18, 1974, shall, unless it is established by the taxpayer that
 - (i) he owned the share 365 days or longer before the particular time, and
 - (ii) he did not, at the time the dividend was received, own more than 5% of the issued shares of any class of the capital stock of the corporation from which the dividend was received,

be deemed to be the aggregate of its fair market value at the particular time otherwise determined and all amounts received before that time by him in respect of dividends (other than capital gains dividends within the meaning assigned by subsection 131(1) of the said Act) on the share to the extent that the amounts thereof were not amounts upon which he was required to pay tax under Part VII. Taxable Canadian property: options

Taxable Canadian property: shares of a non-resident owned investment corporation

Taxable income of non-resident earned in Canada

Liability of purchaser in certain cases:

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- (84) That effective after May 6, 1974, property described in subparagraphs 115(1)(b)(i) to (ix) of the said Act shall include an option in respect of that property whether or not such property is in existence.
- (85) That for the 1972 and subsquent taxation years, a share of the capital stock of a non-residentowned investment corporation shall not be taxable Canadian property of the shareholder if, on the first day of the corporation's taxation year in which the shareholder disposed of the share, the corporation did not own any taxable Canadian property, within the meaning assigned by subsection 248(1) of the said Act for the purposes of section 2 thereof.
- (86) That for the 1973 and subsequent taxation years, subparagraph 115(2)(e)(i) of the said Act shall be amended to exclude remuneration
 - (a) that is subject to an income or profits tax imposed by the government of a country other than Canada, or
 - (b) that is paid to an employee in connection with the selling of property, the negotiating of contracts or the rendering of services for his employer, or a foreign affiliate of his employer, or any other person with whom his employer does not deal at arm's length, in the ordinary course of a business carried on by his employer or by that foreign affiliate or that other person.
- (87) That where after May 6, 1974, a non-resident person disposes of
 - (a) taxable Canadian property and, by virtue of subsection 116(5) of the said Act, a purchaser is required to pay tax under Part I of the said Act on behalf of the non-resident person, that Act shall be amended to require the remittance of the

dispositions of taxable Canadian property by gift or non-arm's length transaction

Foreign tax deduction

Foreign tax deduction tax to the Receiver General of Canada within 30 days after the end of the month in which the purchaser acquired the property or within 30 days after November 18, 1974 whichever is the later; and

- (b) taxable Canadian property (other than excluded property or property that is transferred on or after his death)
 - (i) to any person by way of gift <u>inter</u> vivos, or
 - (ii) to any person with whom he was not dealing at arm's length for no proceeds or for proceeds less than the fair market value of the property,

the purposes of section 116 of that Act, the person acquiring the property shall be deemed to have purchased the property for the fair market value thereof at the time he acquired it.

- (88) That for the 1972 and subsequent taxation years for purposes of computing the deduction for nonbusiness-income tax paid to the government of a country other than Canada
 - (a) clause 126(1)(b)(i)(C) of the said Act shall be amended to require the assumption to be made that no businesses were carried on by the taxpayer in the country in which the income has its source; and
 - (b) subparagraph 126(1)(b)(i) of that Act be further amended to require the assumption to be made that where the taxpayer is an individual, no amount was deductible under clause 74(b)(v) hereof in computing the income of the taxpayer for the year.
- (89) That for the 1974 and subsequent taxation years, where a non-resident person disposes of property that he had elected by virtue of paragraph 48(1)(c) of the said Act to have treated as taxable Canadian property, that person shall be entitled to deduct from the tax

Contributions to registered parties and candidates

Refundable dividend tax on hand of a private corporation: Canadian investment income

Investment corporations: distribution of income requirement

Mutual fund corporation: refundable capital gains tax on hand: otherwise payable under Part I of the said Act an amount in respect of any tax levied by the government of a country other than Canada on the gain or profit from the disposition of that property.

- (89.1) That effective after July 31, 1974, section 126.1 of the said Act shall be repealed and the provisions thereof incorporated in section 127 of the said Act.
 - (90) That for taxation years ending after May 6, 1974, income from property used or held in the course of carrying on an active business by a private corporation shall be excluded from its investment income within the meaning assigned by subsection 129(4) of that Act.
 - (91) That for the 1972 and subsequent taxation years, the amount required by virtue of subsection 130(3) of the said Act to be distributed before the end of a year by an investment corporation to its shareholders shall be reduced by the amount that the corporation's non-capital loss for the year would have been on the assumption that the corporation did not have any taxable capital gains in the year.

(92) That for taxation years of

- (a) a mutual fund corporation ending after May 6, 1974, the amount determined under subparagraph 131 (6)(d)(i) of the said act shall be the aggregate of amounts each of which is an amount in respect of that or any previous taxation year throughout which it was a mutual fund corporation, equal to the least of
 - (i) 40% of its taxable income for the year,
 - (ii) 40% of its taxed capital gains for the year, and
 - (iii) where the taxation year ended after May 6, 1974, the tax payable under Part I of the said Act by it for the year; and

mutual fund trust: refundable capital gains tax on hand

- (b) a mutual fund trust ending after May 6, 1974, the amount determined under subparagraph 132 (4)(b)(i) of the said Act shall be the aggregate of amounts each of which is an amount in respect of that or any previous taxation year throughout which it was a mutual fund trust, equal to the least of
 - (i) 40% of its taxable income for the year,
 - (ii) 40% of its taxed capital gains for the year, and
 - (iii) where the taxation year ended after May 6, 1974 the tax payable under Part I of the said Act by it for the year.

(93) That

- (a) for the 1972 and subsequent taxation years of a non-resident-owned investment corporation, the definition of Canadian property in paragraph 133(8)(b) of the said Act shall include property that would be taxable Canadian property of the corporation if it had not been resident in Canada at any time in the taxation year; and
- (b) for a 1972 taxation year of a nonresident-owned investment corporation that commenced before 1972, an adjustment shall be made to the allowable refundable tax on hand of the corporation, within the meaning assigned by paragraph 133(9)(a) of the said Act, to take account of taxable capital gains of the corporation in that year.
- (94) That for the 1969 and subsequent taxation years, for the purpose of subsection 135(4) of the said Act,
 - (a) where a person has sold or delivered a quantity of goods or products to a marketing board,
 - (b) the marketing board has sold or delivered the same quantity of the same goods or

Non-resident-owned investment corporation: capital gains dividend account

allowable refundable tax on hand

Co-operatives: sales through a marketing board products to a taxpayer of which the person is a member, and

(c) the taxpayer has credited the person with an amount based on that quantity of goods or products of that class, grade and quality acquired by it from the marketing board,

the quantity of goods or products referred to in subparagraph (c) hereof shall be deemed to have been sold or delivered by the person to the taxpayer and to have been acquired by the taxpayer from that person.

(95) That for the 1972 and subsequent taxation years,

- (a) any amount paid or payable by a credit union to a member thereof in respect of his share in a credit union (other than any such amount paid or payable as or on account of capital but including any amount paid to the member thereof in excess of the paid-up capital of his share) shall be deemed to have been paid or payable by the credit union as interest, and upon receipt by the member, to have been received by him as interest;
- (b) section 82, subsections 83(1) and 84(2) to (4), inclusive, of the said Act shall not apply to credit unions;
- (c) the definition of "allocation in proportion to borrowing" shall be extended to include an amount credited by a credit union to a member and computed at a rate in relation to the rate of interest on the money borrowed by the member from the credit union;
- (d) the words "its revenues primarily from" in subparagraph 137(6)(b)(i) of the said Act shall be repealed and the words "substantially all of its revenues from" shall be substituted "therefor;

Credit unions: payments in respect of members' shares:

allocation in proportion to borrowing:

sources of income: members

- (e) the sources that a credit union must derive its revenue from under the said subparagraph shall be extended to include:
 - (i) securities of or loans to, or guaranteed by, the Government of Canada or a province, a Canadian municipality, or an agency thereof, or securities of or loans to a municipal or public body performing a function of government in Canada or an agency thereof,
 - (ii) loans to or deposits with a bank or a corporation licensed or otherwise authorized under a law of Canada or a province to carry on in Canada the business of offering to the public its services as trustee,
 - (iii) charges, fees and dues levied against members or members of members, and
 - (iv) loans to or deposits with another credit union of which it is a member; and
- (f) that part of subparagraph 137(6)(b)(ii) of the said Act preceding clause (B) thereof shall be repealed and rules substituted therefor to provide that a corporation shall qualify as a credit union if substantially all of the members thereof are corporations, associations or federations
 - (i) incorporated as credit unions or cooperative credit societies that derive substantially all of their revenue from sources described in subparagraph 137(6)(b)(i) of that Act as amended by subparagraph (e) hereof, or

Deposit insurance corporations

- (ii) all of whose shares are owned by credit unions, cooperatives or a combination thereof.
- (96) That for the 1975 and subsequent taxation years, in computing the income for a taxation year of a corporation that is a deposit insurance corporation (the "corporation"), the following rules shall apply:
 - (a) the corporation's income shall, except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, be computed in accordance with the rules applicable in computing income for the purposes of Part I of the said Act;
 - (b) such of the following amounts as are applicable shall be included:
 - (i) the aggregate of profits or gains made in the year by the corporation in respect of bonds, debentures, mortgages, hypothecs, notes or other similar obligations owned by it that were disposed of by it in the year, and
 - (ii) the aggregate of each such portion of each amount, if any, by which the principal amount, at the time it was acquired by the corporation, of a bond, debenture, mortgage, hypothec, note or other similar obligation owned by it at the end of the year exceeds the cost to the corporation of acquiring it as was included by the corporation in computing its profit for the year;
 - (c) the amount of any premiums or assessments received from member institutions shall not be included;
 - (d) such of the following amounts as are applicable may be deducted:
 - (i) the aggregate of losses sustained in the year by the corporation in respect

of bonds, debentures, mortgages, hypothecs, notes or other similar obligations owned by it that were disposed of by it in the year,

(ii) the aggregate of each such portion of each amount, if any, by which the cost to the corporation of acquiring a bond, debenture, mortgage, hypothec, note or other similar obligation owned by it at the end of the year exceeds the principal amount thereof at the time it was acquired as was deducted by the corporation in computing its profit for the year,

(iii) as a reserve in respect of its investments, such amount as may be claimed by the corporation, not exceeding the lesser of

> $1\frac{1}{2}$ % of the aggregate of the (A) amortized cost to it at the end of the year of each bond, debenture, mortgage, hypothec, note or other similar obligation owned by it at that time (other than a bond or debenture that matures within one year after that time or a bond, debenture, mortgage, hypothec, note or similar obligation issued by a member institution) and each amount due and unpaid at that time as or on account of interest payable thereunder to the corporation, and

> (B) the aggregate of 1/3 of the amount determined under subclause
> (A) hereof and the amount, if any, deducted by the corporation under this subparagraph in computing its income for the immediately preceding taxation year,

- (iv)
 - all expenses incurred in the course of collecting premiums or assessments from member institutions, and
- (v) the aggregate of all expenses incurred by the taxpayer
 - (A) in the performance of its duties as curator of a bank, or as liquidator or receiver of a member institution when duly appointed as such curator, liquidator or receiver, and
 - (B) in the course of making or causing to be made inspections which may reasonably be considered to be appropriate for the purposes of assessing the solvency or financial stability of a member institution;
- (e) no deduction may be made
 - (i) in respect of
 - (A) the amount of any grant, subsidy or other assistance provided to member institutions including any amounts paid in excess of the fair market value of any acquired property,
 - (B) any amounts paid to its member institutions in respect of amounts described in subparagraph (c) hereof, or
 - (ii) under paragraph 20(1)(1) or section 33
 of the said Act, or
 - (iii) under paragraph 20(1)(p) of that Act in respect of debts owing to it by any of its member institutions; and
- (f) there shall be included any amount deducted under clause (d)(iii) hereof as a reserve in computing the corporation's income for the immediately preceding taxation year;

and for the purposes of this paragraph,

- (g) a deposit insurance corporation shall mean
 - (i) a corporation that was incorporated by or under a law of Canada or a province respecting the establishment of a stabilization fund or board if
 - (A) it was incorporated primarily
 - to provide or administer a stabilization, liquidity or mutual aid fund for credit unions, and
 - assist in payment of any losses suffered by members of credit unions in liquidation,
 - (B) throughout the taxation year it was a Canadian corporation, and
 - (C) in the case of the corporation's 1975 taxation year, on the last day of that year the cost amount to it of its investment property was at least 50% of the cost amount to it of all its property, and in any other case the cost amount to the corporation of its investment property was, throughout its taxation year, at least 50% of the cost amount to it of all its property, or
 - (ii) a corporation incorporated by the Canada Deposit Insurance Corporation Act;
- (h) a member institution, in relation to a particular deposit insurance corporation, shall mean
 - (i) a corporation whose liabilities in respect of deposits are insured by, or

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, , (ii) a credit union that is qualified for assistance from

that deposit insurance corporation;

- (i) investment property shall mean
 - (i) bonds, debentures, mortgages, hypothecs, notes or other similar obligations
 - (A) of or guaranteed by the Government of Canada,
 - (B) of the government of a province or an agency thereof,
 - (C) of a municipality in Canada or a municipal or public body performing a function of government in Canada,
 - (D) of a corporation, commission or association not less than 90% of the shares or capital of which is owned by Her Majesty in right of a province or by a Canadian municipality, or of a subsidiary to such a corporation, commission or association. or
 - (E) of an educational institution or a hospital if repayment of the principal amount thereof and payment of the interest thereon is to be made, or is guaranteed, assured or otherwise specifically provided for or secured by the government of a province,
 - (ii) deposit certificates or guaranteed investment certificates with

- (A) a bank to which the Bank Act or the Quebec Savings Banks Act applies, or
- (B) a corporation licensed or otherwise authorized under the laws of Canada or a province to carry on in Canada the business of offering to the public its services as trustee, and
- (iii) the amount of any money of the corporation;
- (j) amortized cost of a bond, debenture, mortgage, hypothec, note or other similar obligation (the "security") at a particular time to a deposit insurance corporation shall mean the amount, if any, by which the aggregate of
 - (A) the lesser of
 - the cost to the corporation of acquiring the security, and
 - the fair market value of the security at the time of acquisition, and
 - (B) any amount in respect of the security that has been included by virtue of clause (b)(ii) hereof in computing the corporation's income for any taxation year ending before or concurrently with that time,

exceeds the aggregate of

(C) any amount in respect of the security that was deductible under clause (d)(ii) hereof in computing the corporation's income for any taxation year ending before or concurrently with that time, and

 (D) the aggregate of all amounts that, before that time, the corporation was entitled to receive as, on account or in lieu of payment of, or in satisfaction of the principal amount of the security;

and for the purposes of the said Act

- (k) notwithstanding any other provision of the said Income Tax Act, a deposit insurance corporation that would, but for this paragraph,
 - be a private corporation, shall be deemed not to be a private corporation, and
 - (ii) be a credit union, shall be deemed not to be a credit union;
- (1) the tax payable under Part I of the said Act by a corporation for a taxation year when it was a deposit insurance corporation (other than a corporation incorporated under the Canada Deposit Insurance Corporation Act) shall be an amount equal to 25% of its taxable income for the year;
- (m) where a taxpayer is a member institution,
 - (i) any amount received by it from the corporation of which it is a member in a taxation year that is an amount described in clause (e)(i) or (ii),
 - (ii) any amount received from the corporation in a taxation year by a depositor or a member of the taxpayer as or on account or in lieu of payment, of or in satisfaction of deposits or share capital, or
 - (iii) if at any time in a taxation year a debt or other obligation of the taxpayer to pay an amount to the corpo-

ration is settled or extinguished without any payment by the taxpayer or by the payment of an amount less than the principal amount of the debt or obligation, as the case may be, the amount by which the principal amount exceeds the amount so paid, if any,

shall be included in computing the taxpayer's income for that year;

- (n) where a taxpayer is a member institution, any amount paid or payable by the taxpayer during the year that is described in subparagraph (c) hereof may be deducted in computing the taxpayer's income for that year; and
- (o) the value of property of a corporation owned by it at the commencement of its 1975 taxation year shall be determined in accordance with the following rules:
 - (i) if the property is a bond, debenture, mortgage, hypothec, note or other similar obligation, its value shall be its cost to the corporation less any amounts received as or on account of capital and adjusted by reasonable amounts in respect of the amortization of premiums or discounts;
 - (ii) if the property is a debt owing to the corporation (other than property described in clause (i) hereof or a debt that became a bad debt before its 1975 taxation year) acquired by it before the commencement of its 1975 taxation year, its value shall be the amount thereof outstanding at that time; and
 - (iii) any other property shall be valued at its cost amount to the corporation.

Life insurance corporation: identical properties

Depreciable property of life insurer acquired before 1969

General insurance corporations

- (97) That for the 1972 and subsequent taxation years, for the purpose of section 47 of the said Act, any property of a life insurance corporation that is identical to any other property of the corporation shall be deemed not to be identical to that other property, unless both properties are
 - (a) included in the same segregated fund of the corporation,
 - (b) held by the corporation in the course of carrying on a life insurance business in Canada, or
 - (c) held by the corporation in the course of carrying on an insurance business in Canada other than a life insurance business.
- (98) That for the 1972 and subsequent taxation years, for the purpose of computing the amount of a capital gain from the disposition of any depreciable property acquired by a life insurer before 1969, the capital cost of the property to the life insurer shall be its capital cost, determined without reference to paragraph 32(1)(a) of chapter 44 of the Statutes of Canada 1968-69.
- (99) That for the 1974 and subsequent taxation years,
 - (a) an insurance corporation, other than a life insurance corporation, that would otherwise be a private corporation shall be deemed not to be a private corporation except for the purposes of section 125 and Part VI of that Act;
 - (b) where the aggregate of the taxes under Part IV of that Act payable by a corporation referred to in subparagraph (a) for the 1972 and 1973 taxation years exceeds the aggregate of its dividend refund under section 129 of that Act for each of those taxation years, the Minister shall, at any time after mailing the notice of assessment for the 1973 taxation year, refund the

excess, and such refund shall be deemed to be part of that corporation's dividend refund for its 1973 taxation year;

(c) the refundable dividend tax on hand, if any, at the end of the 1973 taxation year of any corporation referred to in subparagraph (a) hereof shall be refunded subject to the conditions and in the manner provided for in section 129 of the said Act as though that section were applicable in respect of that corporation, and

(d) where a corporation referred to in subparagraph (a) hereof

- (i) has at the end of its 1973 taxation year a capital dividend account as defined in paragraph 89(1)(b) of that Act, in respect to that capital dividend account, subsection 83(2) shall apply as if the corporation were a private corporation referred to in that subsection, or
- (ii) has deducted in its 1972 or 1973 taxation year non-capital losses from dividends otherwise taxable under Part IV of the said Act, the corporation shall, for the purposes of subsection 111(1), be deemed not to have claimed any amount for its 1972 and 1973 taxation years under paragraphs 186(1)(c) or (d).
- (99.1) That the tax payable under Part I of the said Act by a designated corporation (within the meaning assigned by subsection 143(1) of the said Act) shall be determined under subsection 143(3) of the said Act for the 1972, 1973 and 1974 taxation years of such a corporation.

(100) That

 (a) at any time before 1976, a trustee of a trust governed by an employees profit sharing plan may make an election in a manner to be prescribed whereby

Electrical, gas or steam corporations

Election to deem disposition of the assets of a trust governed by employees profit sharing plan: subsequent reacquisition by trust ъ. Ч. Ч

St. Sec. Barrow

(i)

each of the assets of the trust owned on December 31, 1971 shall be deemed to have been disposed of at that time by the trust for proceeds of disposition equal to its fair market value, and

(ii) each of the said assets shall be deemed to have been reacquired by the trust on January 1, 1972 at an amount equal to that value,

provided that the trustee has, before 1976, allocated the aggregate of all capital gains and capital losses resulting from the deemed disposition among the beneficiaries under the plan, and

- (b) where a trust governed by an employees profit sharing plan
 - (i) was governed by an employees profit sharing plan on December 31, 1971, and the trustee of the trust has made an election under subparagraph (a) hereof, or
 - (ii) was not governed by an employees profit sharing plan on December 31, 1971,

the trustee of the trust may, in any year that is after 1973, make an election in a manner to be prescribed whereby any capital property of the trust specified by the trustee in the election shall be deemed to be

(iii) disposed of by the trust, on any day designated by the trustee, for proceeds of disposition equal to an amount specified therein that is, at the time of the election, between the fair market value of that property and the adjusted cost base of that property to the trust, and

election to deem disposition of specified capital property of a trust governed by a deferred profit sharing plan

- (iv) reacquired by the trust immediately thereafter at an amount equal to those proceeds of disposition.
- (101) That for the 1974 and subsequent taxation years,
 - there may be deducted in computing the (a) income for a taxation year of a taxpayer whose spouse is an annuitant under a registered retirement savings plan, or becomes within 60 days after the end of the taxation year, an annuitant thereunder, the amount paid by the taxpayer under the plan during the taxation year or within 60 days after the end of the taxation year (to the extent that it was not deductible in computing his income for a previous taxation year), not exceeding however the amount, if any, by which the amount determined in respect of the taxpayer under whichever of paragraphs 146(5)(a) and (b) of the said Act is applicable to him exceeds the aggregate of
 - (i) the aggregate of amounts paid by the taxpayer in the year or within 60 days after the end of the year as a premium under a registered retirement savings plan under which he is the annuitant, and
 - (ii) the amount, if any, deductible by him under subsection 146(6) of the said Act in computing his income for the year; and
 - (b) for the purposes of this paragraph, a transfer of property by the taxpayer to a registered retirement savings plan of which his spouse is the annuitant thereunder shall not, provided that the taxpayer is entitled to a deduction in computing his income for the taxation year equal to the fair market value of the property so transferred, constitute a transfer of property to which section 74 of the said Act applies.

Registered retirement savings plan: deduction for premium paid where spouse is annuitant Education savings plan

- (102) That for the 1972 and subsequent taxation years, rules shall be provided in the said Act for the registration and taxation of an education savings plan (the "plan") so that:
 - (a) for the purposes of the said Act, the Minister shall not accept for registration any plan of a promoter unless in his opinion
 - (i) the plan provides that the property of any trust established under the plan is irrevocably held for any of the purposes described in clause (m)(viii) hereof;
 - (ii) at the time of application by the promoter for registration of the plan, there are not less than 150 subscribers who have entered into plans with the promoter that comply with the conditions of this subparagraph, other than this clause;
 - (iii) the promoter and all trusts established under the plan are resident in Canada;
 - (iv) the plan does not allow for Oany payment to a subscriber other than a refund of payments unless the subscriber is also the beneficiary of the plan;
 - (v) the plan is substantially similar to the type of plan described in or annexed to a prospectus filed by the promoter with a securities commission in Canada or a body performing a similar function in a province;
 - (vi) in the event that a trust created under the plan is terminated, the property or money held by the trust is required to be used for the purposes described in clause (m)(viii) hereof; and

- (vii) in all other respects the plan complies with any regulations made by the Governor in Council on the recommendation of the Minister of Finance;
- (b) where in any year a plan cannot be accepted for registration solely because it cannot satisfy the condition set out in clause
 (a)(ii) hereof, if the plan is subsequently registered, it shall be deemed to have been registered on the first day of January of the year that is the later of
 - (i) the year in which all of the conditions in subparagraph (a) hereof (except clause (a)(ii) thereof) were complied with, or
 - (ii) the year preceding the year in which the plan was registered;
- (c) notwithstanding the provisions of clause (a)(v) hereof, where a promoter has not filed a prospectus referred to in that clause, the Minister may register a plan if the plan was in existence on October 15, 1973 and as of that date the other conditions in subparagraph (a) hereof had been complied with, and, when so registered, the plan shall be deemed to have been registered on January 1, 1972;
- (d) no tax is payable by a trust on its taxable income for a taxation year if, throughout the period in the year during which the trust was in existence, the trust was governed by a registered education savings plan (the "registered plan");
- (e) no tax is payable by a subscriber on the income of a trust for a taxation year after 1971 throughout which the trust was governed by a registered plan;
- (f) there shall be included in computing the income of a beneficiary for a taxation year ending after 1973 under a registered

plan, the amount of all educational assistance payments made to, or on behalf of, the beneficiary in the year minus the beneficiary's portion of the tax-paidincome in the year;

(g) for the purpose of subparagraph (f) hereof, a "beneficiary's portion of the tax-paidincome" for a taxation year under a plan that is registered means the greater of

- (i) the lesser of
 - (A) one third of the pre-1972 income reported on or before April 30, 1972 to the subscriber by the trust governed by the plan, as having been earned in respect of amounts paid to the plan by or on behalf of the subscriber, and
 - (B) the pre-1972 income reported on or before April 30, 1972 to the subscriber by the trust governed by the plan, as having been earned in respect of amounts paid to the plan by or on behalf of the subscriber less the aggregate of all amounts determined under this subparagraph for preceding taxation years, and
- (ii)the amount of the tax-paid-income actually allocated under the trust governed by the plan to the beneficiary in the year;

for the purposes of subparagraph (g) hereof, in any taxation year the trust governed by the plan shall allocate an amount of the tax-paid-income to a beneficiary that is not less than the amount determined under clause (g)(i) hereof for the year, but no amount of the tax-paidincome shall be allocated in a particular taxation year if an allocation has been made in respect of the same amount in a previous taxation year;

- (h)

- unless a plan is registered pursuant to the provisions of subparagraph (a) hereof, the trust governed by the plan shall be deemed for the purposes of section 122 of the said Act to be a trust referred to in subsection 122(1) of the said Act that was established after June 17, 1971;
- (j) a plan that is registered before 1976 shall be deemed to have been registered on the later of January 1, 1972 or January 1 of the year in which the plan was created, and if registered after 1975 shall be deemed to have been registered on January 1 in the year of registration;
- (k) where a plan that has been accepted for registration ceases to comply with the requirements for registration, the Minister may revoke its registration, as of any date after that time, and he shall give notice of his action by registered mail to the subscriber and to the promoter;
- (1) where at any time in a taxation year the Minister revokes the registration of a plan that had been previously accepted for registration, there shall be included in computing the income of the subscriber under the plan for that year the amount, if any, by which
 - (i) the fair market value at that time of all the property of the trust governed by the plan

exceeds

- (ii) the amount, if any, by which
 - (A) the aggregate of all amounts each of which is
 - an amount paid to the plan by or on behalf of the subscriber, and

2. the amount of the pre-1972 income reported on or before April 30, 1972 to the subscriber by the trust governed by the plan, as having been earned in respect of amounts paid to the plan by or on behalf of the subscriber

exceeds

- (B) the aggregate of all refunds of payments paid or payable under the plan to the subscriber;
- (m) for the purposes of this paragraph,
 - (i) an "education savings plan" means a contract between an individual (the "subscriber") and a promoter under which, in consideration of payment by the subscriber of any periodic or other amount as consideration under the contract, the promoter agrees to pay or have paid to or for a beneficiary educational assistance payments;
 - (ii) "promoter" means a person or organization who enters into a plan with a subscriber;
 - (iii) a "beneficiary", in respect of a plan, means a person designated by a subscriber to or on whose behalf an educational assistance payment under the plan is agreed to be paid if that person qualifies under the plan;
 - (iv) "educational assistance payment" means any amount, other than a refund of payments, paid or payable under a plan to or for a beneficiary to assist him to further his education at the post-secondary school level;
 - (v) "refund of payments" means any amount paid or payable to the subscriber,

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his heirs, executors or assigns as or on account of a return of amounts paid to the plan by or on behalf of the subscriber under the plan;

- (vi) "registered education savings plan" means a plan accepted by the Minister for registration for the purposes of the said Act as complying with the requirements of this paragraph;
- (vii) "pre-1972 income" means the aggregate
 of all amounts each of which is the
 income (within the meaning of the
 said Act as it read in its application
 to the particular taxation year) for
 a taxation year ending before 1972 of
 a trust governed by a plan;
- (viii) "trust" means a trust that irrevocably holds property or money pursuant to a plan for:
 - (A) the payment of educational assistance payments;
 - (B) the payment of scholarships to persons other than a beneficiary;
 - (C) the refund of payments;
 - (D) the payment to, or to a trust in favour of, designated educational institutions in Canada referred to in clause 110(9)(a)(i)(A) of the said Act; or
 - (E) the payment to another trust that irrevocably holds money or property transferred to it for any of the purposes set out in subclauses (A) to (D) hereof;
 - - (A) the fair market value on December 31, 1971 of all the property of a trust governed by a plan

exceeds

(B) the amount, if any, by which

 the aggregate of all amounts paid to the plan on or before December 31, 1971 by or on behalf of the subscriber under the plan

exceeds

 the aggregate of all refunds of payments made under the plan on or before December 31, 1971.

Inadequate consideration on purchase from or sale to trusts for deferred profit sharing plans

Portion of interest of segregated fund deemed to be interest of a policyholder

- (103) That for the 1974 and subsequent taxation years, paragraph 147 (18)(c) of the said Act shall be amended to include a reference to subsection 147(15) of that Act.
- (103.1) That for the 1974 and subsequent taxation years, that proportion of any amount allocated from a segregated fund to a policyholder by an insurer at any time in its taxation year that
 - (a) such portion of the insurer's gross revenue for the year from the fund as would, if the insurer were an individual, be interest for the purposes of paragraph (2) or (2.1) of this Motion, as the case may be, received by it in the year

is of

(b) the insurer's gross revenue for the year from the fund,

shall, for the purposes of paragraph (2) or (2.1) of this Motion, as the case may be, be deemed to be interest received by the policy-holder.

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Charitable corporations and charitable trusts: gifts (104) That for the 1974 subsequent taxation years,

- (a) a corporation and a trust, referred to in paragraphs 149(1)(g) and (h) of the said Act, respectively, shall be allowed to make gifts to any donee described in paragraphs 110(1)(a) and (b) of that Act, and
- (b) gifts made by another such corporation or trust to the corporation or trust, as the case may be, shall be included in computing the income of the corporation or trust.
- (105) That for the 1972 and subsequent taxation years, paragraph 149(1)(1) of the said Act shall be amended to allow a club, society or association referred to therein to distribute income for the personal benefit of a proprietor, member or shareholder thereof, provided that the proprietor, member or shareholder is a club, society or association whose primary purpose and function is the promotion of amateur athletics in Canada.

(106) That

- (a) for the 1972 and subsequent taxation years, a credit union that estimates that its taxable income for the year will not exceed \$10,000 shall not be required to pay instalments of tax under paragraph 157(1)(a) of the said Act; and
- (b) for any taxation year of a corporation ending after November 18, 1974, paragraph 157(1)(b) of the said Act shall be amended to provide that the corporation's final instalment of tax for a taxation year shall be paid
 - (i) on or before the last day of the third month following the end of the taxation year, if an amount was deducted by virtue of section 125 of the said Act in computing the corporation's tax payable under Part I of that Act

association

Registered Canadian

amateur athletic

Instalments of tax: credit unions:

corporations

for the immediately preceding taxation year, or

(ii) in any other case, on or before the last day of the second month following the end of the taxation year.

(107) That for the 1972 and subsequent taxation years, where in the taxation year in which a taxpayer dies an amount is included in computing his income by virtue of paragraph 23(3)(c) of the Income Tax Application Rules, 1971, the taxpayer's legal representative may elect under subsection 159(5) of the said Act to pay the tax on that amount in not more than six equal consecutive annual instalments with interest thereon at the rate prescribed.

- (108) That with respect to estates of taxpayers who died after May 6, 1974, subsection 164(6) of the said Act shall be amended to provide that
 - (a) dispositions of property of the estate referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b) thereof shall be required to be made within the first taxation year of the estate, and
 - (b) the rules in paragraphs (e) and (f) thereof shall apply in computing income of the estate for the purposes of section 3 of the said Act.
- (109) That where a corporation has redeemed or acquired a share of its capital stock after May 6, 1974, the premium on redemption or acquisition shall, for the purposes of section 182 of the said Act, be equal to the excess of the amount payable by the corporation in respect of the redemption or acquisition over the paid-up capital of the share immediately prior to the redemption or acquisition.
- (110) That where a corporation has made one or more elections under section 83 of the said Act and subsequently, at any particular time, that is after the enactment hereof, makes an election under this paragraph, in a manner and form to

Professional income: treatment of 1971 receivables included in income in the year of death

Loss from disposition of property by legal representatives of deceased taxpayer: net capital loss and non-capital loss

Premium on share redemption or acquisition

Tax on 1971 undistributed income on hand: retroactive effect of election be prescribed, wherein it specifies one of those elections (the "specified election"), the following rules shall apply if, at the particular time, the corporation complies with the requirements (including the payment of any tax) of Part IX of that Act in respect of the election it is deemed by subparagraph (a) hereof to make by virtue of its election under this paragraph:

- (a) the corporation shall be deemed to have made, immediately before the time immediately before the specified election was made but after the last election under Part IX of that Act, if any, made by it before the specified election was made, an election under subsection 196(1) of the said Act on:
 - (i) an amount referred to in paragraph(a) thereof, if the corporation so claims, or
 - (ii) in any other case, an amount referred to in paragraph (b) thereof;
- (b) any tax paid at the particular time by the corporation as a consequence of its election under this paragraph shall be deemed to have been paid at the time at which the corporation is deemed by subparagraph (a) hereof to have made the election in respect of the amount referred to in clause (a)(i) or (ii) hereof, as the case may be; and
- (c) the corporation shall pay interest at a prescribed rate on the amount of the tax described in subparagraph (b) hereof from the time the specified election was made to the particular time.

(111) That in computing the 1971 undistribued income on hand of a corporation at any particular time after May 6, 1974, paragraph 196(4)(b) of the said Act shall not apply to a corporation that is a specified personal corporation, within the meaning assigned by section 57 of the Income Tax Application Rules, 1971.

1971 undistributed income on hand: specified personal corporation Deferred profit sharing plans: qualified investments: Parts X and XI.1

- (112) That for 1973 and subsequent taxation years, in respect of a qualified investment for a deferred profit sharing plan,
 - (a) rules shall be added to section 198 of the said Act to provide that a life insurance policy referred to in paragraph (6)(d) thereof that gives an option to the policyholder to receive annuity payments, shall be deemed
 - (i) to comply with that paragraph until the time that the option is exercised, and
 - (ii) to have been disposed of at that time, and

an annuity contract shall be deemed to have been acquired at that time at a cost equal to the cash surrender value of the policy immediately before that time; and

- (b) subsection 207.1(2) of the said Act shall be amended to provide that life insurance policies that are
 - (i) described in subparagraph (a) hereof, or
 - (ii) referred to in any of paragraphs 198(6)(c) to (e) inclusive, of the said Act,

shall be qualified investments for a trust governed by a deferred profit sharing plan for the purposes of Part XI.1 of that Act.

(113) That for the 1972 and subsequent taxation years, subparagraph 204(e)(ix) of the said Act shall be repealed and a rule substituted therefor to provide that any shares listed on a prescribed stock exchange in a country other than Canada shall be a qualified investment, within the meaning assigned by paragraph 204(e) of the said Act.

Qualifed investment: shares listed on foreign stock exchange Computation of life insurer's net Canadian life investment income

Computation of life insurer's taxable Canadian life investment income

Withholding tax: certain payments of interest by life insurers:

obligation guaranteed by the Canada Deposit Insurance

(114) That the amounts deductible in computing

- (a) a life insurer's net Canadian life investment income, for the 1974 and subsequent taxation years, shall include all amounts deductible under paragraph 20(1)(a) of the said Act in computing the insurer's income for the year in respect of any depreciable property at least 80% of which was used regularly by it for the purpose of earning its gross Canadian life investment income for the year; and
- (b) a life insurer's taxable Canadian life investment income
 - (i) for the 1969 and subsequent taxation years, shall include the interest element of life insurance policies issued or effected pursuant to registered retirement savings plans or deferred profit sharing plans; and
 - (ii) for the 1974 and subsequent taxation years, shall include the interest element of an ordinary annuity payment made to a non-resident person under a life insurance policy in Canada other than a policy described in paragraph 209(3)(a) of the said Act.

(115) That

(a) effective January 1, 1972, paragraph 212(1)(b) of the said Act shall not apply to interest on an obligation entered into by a life insurer in the course of carrying on a life insurance business in a country other than Canada;

(b) effective after November 18, 1974, interest on an obligation that is insured by the Canada Deposit Insurance Corporation shall be deemed not to be interest with respect to an obligation guaranteed by the Government of Canada for the purpose of clause 212(1)(b)(ii)(C) of the said Act; and exemption for interest of certain obligations

Withholding tax: rental payments re railway rolling stock

Withholding tax: payment to non-Canadian partnerships: payments by partnerships:

- (c) effective January 1, 1976, interest on a bond, debenture, note, mortgage, hypothec or similar obligation referred to in any of subclauses 212(1)(b)(ii)(C) (I) to (V) of the said Act shall be exempt from tax under Part XIII of the said Act if
 - (i) the obligation is issued after 1975, and
 - (ii) the interest is paid or credited to a person resident in a country to be prescribed by regulation.
- (116) That where after November 18, 1974 a person resident in Canada pays or credits an amount to a non-resident person for the use of railway rolling stock referred to in subparagraph 212(1)(d)(vii) of the said Act, such payment shall be subject to tax under Part XIII of the said Act unless the payment is made by a railway company
 - (a) pursuant to an agreement in writing entered into on or before November 18, 1974, or,
 - (b) for the temporary use of the railway rolling stock for a period or periods not expected to exceed in the aggregate 90 days in any 12 month period, and the country in which the non-resident person is resident grants substantially similar relief for the year to the company in respect of payments received by it from a person resident in that country for the temporary use by that person of railway rolling stock.
- (117) That for the purposes of Part XIII of the said Act, where after November 18, 1974,
 - (a) a person resident in Canada pays or credits an amount to a partnership that is not a Canadian partnership, within the meaning assigned by section 102 of that Act, the partnership shall be deemed, in respect of that payment, to be a nonresident person,

non-residents carrying on business in Canada

- (b) a partnership pays or credits an amount to a non-resident person, the partnership shall be deemed, in respect of that payment, to be a person resident in Canada to the extent that the amount is deductible in computing the income of the partnership from sources in Canada; and
- (c) a non-resident person
 - (i) whose business is carried on principally in Canada,
 - (ii) who manufactures or processes goods in Canada,
 - (iii) who operates an oil or gas well in Canada, or
 - (iv) who extracts minerals from a mineral resource in Canada,

pays or credits an amount, other than an amount to which subsection 212(13) of the said Act applies, to a non-resident person, he shall be deemed, in respect of that payment, to be a person resident in Canada to the extent that the payment was deductible in computing his income from carrying on a business in Canada unless the payment was made pursuant to an agreement in writing entered into on or before May 6, 1974.

- (118) That for taxation years ending after November 18, 1974, where an amount becomes payable by a trust resident in Canada to a non-resident beneficiary and the amount is deductible in computing the income of the trust for a taxation year, for the purposes of paragraph 212(1)(c) of the said Act, the amount shall be deemed to have been paid to the non-resident as income of or from the trust on the earlier of
 - (a) the day on which the amount was paid or credited, or
 - (b) the 90th day after the end of the taxation year of the trust.

Withholding tax: amounts payable by resident trusts Withholding tax: payments by mortgage investment corporation

Withholding tax: guarantee and commitment fees

Disposition by non-resident of real property or timber limit in Canada

Withholding tax: non-resident person electing to file return of income: alimony or support payments

- (119) That effective January 1, 1974, a dividend paid or credited by a mortgage investment corporation, within the meaning assigned by section 130.1 of the said Act, to a non-resident person shall be deemed, for the purposes of Part XIII of the said Act, to have been so paid or credited as interest.
- (120) That where after November 18, 1974, a person resident in Canada pays or credits an amount to a non-resident person as consideration for the non-resident person having agreed to
 - (a) guarantee the repayment of an obligation of a person resident in Canada, or
 - (b) lend money or make money available to a person resident in Canada,

the amount shall be deemed, for the purposes of Part XIII of the said Act, to be a payment of interest.

- (121) That
 - (a) for taxation years ending after May 6, 1974, the rules in section 216 of the said Act shall apply to a non-resident person who is a member of a partnership, and
 - (b) subsection 216(5) of that Act shall apply where after May 6, 1974, a non-resident person or partnership of which he is a member disposes of real property in Canada or a timber limit in Canada in respect of which, in computing his income for any taxation year during which he was resident in Canada, an amount had been deducted under paragraph 20(1)(a) of that Act.

(122) That for the 1974 and subsequent taxation years, section 217 of the said Act shall be amended to include alimony or other payments referred to in paragraph 212(1)(f) of the said Act in the amount in respect of which a nonresident person may file a return of income under Part I of the said Act. Branch tax: taxable dividends received

Definition of share

Persons connected by blood relationship, marriage or adoption

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- (123) That for taxation years ending after May 6, 1974, taxable dividends received by a corporation referred to in subsection 219(1) of the said Act for which the corporation has deducted an amount under section 112 of the said Act in computing its taxable income, shall be added to the amount on which tax under Part XIV of the said Act is computed.
- (124) That effective after May 6, 1974, the definition of the word "share" in subsection 248(1) of the said Act shall be amended to include a fraction of a share.
- (125) That for the 1972 and subsequent taxation years, the definitions of persons connected by blood relationship, marriage or adoption in subsection 251(6) of the said Act shall not apply for the purpose of clause 109(1) (b)(ii)(B) of that Act.

NOTICE OF WAYS AND MEANS MOTION

TO AMEND

THE INCOME TAX APPLICATION RULES, 1971

That it is expedient to amend the Income Tax Application Rules, 1971, being Part III of chapter 63 of the Statutes of Canada, 1970-71-72, and to provide among other things:

(1) That section 10 of the said Rules shall be amended to provide that, notwithstanding any provision of the Income Tax Act, where an amount is paid or credited after 1975 to a non-resident person and any agreement or convention between the Government of Canada and the government of any other country that has the force of law in Canada provides that the rate of tax imposed thereon shall not exceed a rate specified in the agreement or convention (the "specified rate"),

(a) any reference in Part XIII of that Act to a rate in excess of the specified rate shall, in respect of that payment, be read as a reference to the specified rate, and

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(b) except where the amount may reasonably be attributed to a business carried on by that person in Canada, for the purpose of any such convention or agreement, that person shall be deemed in respect of that payment not to have a permanent establishment in Canada.

(2) That effective after May 6, 1974 the word "transactions" in paragraph 20(1)(b) of the said Rules shall be deleted and the words "transactions or events other than the death of a taxpayer to which subsection 70(5) of the amended Act applies," shall be substituted therefor.

Depreciable property: capital property other than depreciable property

Withholding tax: Certain payments Government right requiring annual renewal:

Professional income: reserve for 1971 receivables

Property disposed of in transaction not at arm's length:

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- (3) That for the 1972 and subsequent taxation years, there shall be included in clause 21(1)(b)(ii)(B) of the said Rules an annual government right held by the taxpayer on December 31, 1971 that was neither the original right nor the government right but was one of a series of annual rights under which the rights held under the original right were continued from year to year.
- (4) That for the 1974 and subsequent taxation years, for the purposes of paragraph 23(5)(a) of the said Rules
 - (a) persons who are deemed not to have ceased to be members of a partnership by virtue of subsection 98(1) of the said Act, and
 - (b) a taxpayer who has a residual interest in a partnership within the meaning assigned by paragraph (78) of this Motion

shall be deemed to be carrying on business in Canada by means of that partnership.

- (5) That
 - (a) for transactions or events occurring after May 6, 1974, subsection 26(5) of the said Rules shall be amended so that:
 - (i) the reference to "transactions" therein shall be deleted and the words "transactions or events" substituted therefor;
 - (ii) the amounts to be aggregated under subparagraph 26(5)(c)(i) of those Rules shall include any amount determined under paragraph 88(1)(d) of the Income Tax Act; and
 - (iii) the amounts to be aggregated under subparagraph 26(5)(c)(ii) of those Rules shall include any amount that would be a capital loss but for subsection 85(4) of the Income Tax Act from the disposition after 1971 of

that property by a person who owned that property before it became vested in the taxpayer;

(b) for the purposes of subsection 26(5) of the said Rules, where after May 6, 1974, subsection 70(6) or 73(1) of the to Income Tax Act applies to a transfer of capital property (other than depreciable property) of a taxpayer to a trust referred to therein, the transfer shall be deemed to be a transaction between persons not dealing at arm's length; and

- (c) for the purpose of subsection 26(5) of the said Rules, where after May 6, 1974 there has been a sale of capital property (other than depreciable property) of a taxpayer to a corporation in respect of which an election under section 85 of the Income Tax Act has been made, the sale shall be deemed to be a transaction between persons not dealing at arm's length.
- (6) That for the 1972 and subsequent taxation years, the election referred to in subsection 26(7) of the said Rules shall not be required to be made with the taxpayer's return of income for the first taxation year therein referred to if, in addition to the exceptions therein referred to, the proceeds of disposition of each property disposed of in the year are equal to the fair market value of that property on valuation day.
- (7) That for the 1972 and subsequent taxation years for the purpose of subsection 26(8) of the said Rules,
 - (a) any property of a life insurance corporation that is identical to any other property of the corporation shall be deemed not to be identical to that other property, unless both properties are
 - (i) included in the same segregated fund of the corporation,

transfer of capital property of a taxpayer to a trust:

transfer of certain capital property of a taxpayer to a corporation

Fair market value election as to cost of capital property owned on December 31, 1971

Identical properties: life insurance corporations:

- debt obligations issued before 1972, differing only as to principal amount
- Tax equity of partnership: depreciable property not of a prescribed class

Actual cost of capital property received before 1972 from certain plans

Amalgamations, exchanges and capital reorganizations: 1971 capital surplus on hand not arising in certain cases: cost and adjusted cost base of new property

- (ii) held by the corporation in the course of carrying on an insurance business in Canada, or
- (iii) held by the corporation in the course of carrying on an insurance business in Canada other than a life insurance business; and
- (b) where a bond, debenture, bill, note or other similar obligation was issued before 1972 by a debtor, it shall be considered to be identical to another such obligation issued by the debtor before 1972 if both obligations are identical in respect of all rights attaching thereto except for the principal amounts thereof.
- (8) That for the 1972 and subsequent taxation years, there shall be included in computing the tax equity of a partnership, within the meaning assigned by subsection 26(12) of the said Rules, depreciable property that is not of a prescribed class.
- (9) That where a taxpayer received capital property before 1972 from a pension fund or plan, employees profit sharing plan, retirement savings plan, supplementary unemployment benefit plan or deferred profit sharing plan, and owned the property thereafter without interruption until a particular time after 1971, the actual cost of the property to him shall be deemed to be its fair market value at the time the property was so received by him.
- (10) That,
 - (a) where there is
 - (i) an amalgamation, within the meaning assigned by section 87 of the Income Tax Act, after May 6, 1974 of two or more corporations (each of which is a "predecessor corporation") to form one corporate entity (the "new corporation") and a taxpayer acquires

- (A) shares of one class of the capital stock of the new corporation (the "new property") as the sole consideration for the disposition on the amalgamation of capital property that was shares of one class of the capital stock of apredecessor corporation (the "old property"), that were owned by the taxpayer on December 31, 1971 and thereafter without interruption until immediately before the amalgamation,
- (B) an option to acquire shares of the capital stock of the new corporation (the "new property") as the sole consideration for the disposition on the amalgamation of a capital property that was an option to acquire shares of the capital stock of a predecessor corporation (the "old property") that was owned by the taxpayer on December 31, 1971 and thereafter without interruption until immediately before the amalgamation, or
- (C) a bond, debenture, mortgage, note, or other similar obligation of the new corporation (the "new property") as the sole consideration for the disposition on the amalgamation of a capital property that was a bond, debenture, mortgage, note, or other similar obligation, respectively, of a predecessor corporation (the "old property") that was owned by the taxpayer on December 31, 1971 and thereafter without interruption until immediately before the amalgamation and the amount payable to the holder of the new property on its maturity is the same as the amount that would

have been payable to the holder of the old property on its maturity,

(ii) an exchange after 1971 to which section 51 of the Income Tax Act applies by virtue of which a taxpayer acquires shares of one class of the capital stock of a corporation (the "new property") in exchange for a share, bond, debenture or note of the corporation (the "old property") that was owned by the taxpayer on December 31, 1971 and thereafter without interruption until immediately before the exchange,

(iii) an exchange of bonds after May 6, 1974, to which section 77 of the Income Tax Act applies by virtue of which a taxpayer acquires a bond of a debtor (the "new property") in exchange for another bond of the same debtor (the "old property") that was owned by the taxpayer on December 31, 1971 and thereafter without interruption until immediately before the exchange, or

(iv) a reorganization of the capital of a corporation after May 6, 1974 to which section 86 of the Income Tax Act applies by virtue of which a taxpayer acquires only shares of one class of the capital stock of the corporation (the "new property") in exchange for shares of one class of the capital stock of the corporation (the "old property") that were owned by the taxpayer on December 31, 1971 and thereafter without interruption until immediately before the exchange,

notwithstanding any other provision of the said Rules or of the Income Tax Act, for the purposes of subparagraphs $89(1)(\underline{1})(ii)$ and (vii) of the Income Tax Act and of determining the cost and the adjusted cost

base to the taxpayer of the new property (but not for the purposes of determining the cost or adjusted cost base to the taxpayer of new property received by virtue of an exchange that occurred before May 7, 1974 to which section 51 of that Act applied), the following rules shall apply:

- (v) the property that was the old property shall be deemed not to have been disposed of by the taxpayer by virtue of the amalgamation, exchange or reorganization, as the case may be, but to have been altered, in form only, by virtue thereof and to have continued in existence in the form of the new property acquired therefor, and
- (vi) the property that is the new property shall be deemed not to have been acquired by the taxpayer by virtue of the amalgamation, exchange or reorganization, as the case may be, but to have been in existence prior thereto in the form of the old property that was altered, in form only, by virtue thereof;
- (b) where a taxpayer acquires after May 6, 1974, properties that are shares (the "new shares") of one class of the capital stock of a particular Canadian corporation, from that corporation, in exchange for capital properties that were shares of any particular class of the capital stock of another corporation (the "exchanged shares") which were owned by the taxpayer on December 31, 1971 and thereafter without interruption until immediately before the exchange and
 - (i) the taxpayer and the particular Canadian corporation were dealing with each other at arm's length immediately before the exchange.

- (ii) the taxpayer, persons with whom he does not deal at arm's length, or the taxpayer together with persons with whom he does not deal at arm's length do not either
 - (A) control, either directly or indirectly in any manner whatever, the particular Canadian corporation immediately after the exchange, or
 - (B) beneficially own shares of the capital stock of the particular Canadian corporation representing more than 50% of its paid-up capital,
- (iii) no election is filed by the taxpayer and the particular Canadian corporation with respect to the exchange, pursuant to the provisions of subsection 85(1) or (2) of the Income Tax Act, and
 - (iv) no consideration is received by the taxpayer for the exchanged shares other than the new shares, notwithstanding that other consideration may be received by the taxpayer from the particular Canadian corporation for the disposition of other shares of the capital stock of that other corporation,

notwithstanding any other provision of the said Rules or of the Income Tax Act, for the purposes of subparagraphs $89(1)(\underline{1})$ (ii) and (vii) of the Income Tax Act and of determining the cost and the adjusted cost base to the taxpayer of the new shares, the rules in clauses (a)(v) and (vi) hereof shall apply, provided that the taxpayer has not in his return of income for his taxation year in which the exchange occurred included any portion of the gain or loss, otherwise determined, from the disposition of the exchanged shares in his computation of his income for that year; and

 upon the enactment of this provision, subsection 26(21) of the said Rules shall be repealed in respect of amalgamations occurring after May 6, 1974.

(11) That where, at any time before 1972, a taxpayer changed the use of a property that was, at that time, his principal residence, within the meaning assigned by paragraph 54(g) of the Income Tax Act, to an income-producing property, and owned the property on December 31, 1971,

- (a) the taxpayer may elect in his return of income for the 1974 or 1975 taxation year to deem the change of use not to have occurred at that time, and
- (b) where the taxpayer so elects,
 - (i) for the purpose of paragraphs 40(2)(b) and 54(g) of the Income Tax Act,
 - (A) the change of use shall be deemed to have taken place on January 1, 1972, and
 - (B) the election shall be deemed to be an election referred to in subsection 45(2) of the Income Tax Act, and
 - (ii) for the 1974 and subsequent taxation years of the taxpayer, no capital cost allowance may be claimed in respect of the property.

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Change of use of

principal residence

to income-producing

property prior to

to deem change of

1972: election

use not to have

Income derived from the operation of a mine

- (12) That
 - (a) for the 1972 and subsequent taxation years, section 28 of the said Rules, and
 - (b) for the 1971 and previous taxation years, section 83 of the Income Tax Act as it read in its application to those years,

shall be amended so that the words "income derived from the operation of a mine" shall

derived from the operation of a mine" shall include the income reasonably attributable to the processing of mineral ores from a mine up to the prime metal stage or its equivalent.

(13) That where at any particular time that was after 1971 and before 1975, a dividend referred to in subsection 83(1) or (2) of the Income Tax Act became payable by a corporation and the election therein referred to was not made on or before the day on or before which it was required to be made, the election shall be deemed to have been made on that day, if the election is made, in the manner and form prescribed, on or before June 30, 1975.

- (14) That where a capital divident, referred to in subsection 83(2) of the Income Tax Act, of a corporation became payable, or was paid if that time was earlier, in a taxation year at a particular time that was after 1971 and before May 7, 1974, for the purpose of computing the corporation's capital dividend account immediately before the particular time, all amounts each of which is an amount in respect of a capital loss from the disposition of property in the taxation year and before the particular time shall be deemed to be nil.
- (15) That where an election referred to in subsection 85(1) or (2) of the Income Tax Act that could only have been made on or before a day (the "day") that was before May 7, 1974, was not so made, the election shall be deemed to have been made on the day if it is made on or before June 30, 1975.
- (16) That where an election referred to in subsection 97(2) or 98(3) of the Income Tax Act that could only have been made on or before a day (the "day") that was before May 7, 1974, was not so made, the election shall be deemed to have been made on the day if it is made on or before June 30, 1975.

Late-filed section 83 elections

Special rule for capital dividends payable before certain date

Late-filed section 85 election

Late-filed subsection 97(2) and 98(3) elections Foreign affiliates

Loss carryovers

Depreciable property of credit unions acquired before 1972

- (17) That for the 1972 and subsequent taxation years, subsections 35(3) and (4) of the said Rules shall be repealed and a rule substituted therefor to provide that subsection 91(1) of the Income Tax Act shall be read as if the reference therein to "each taxation year of the affiliate" were read as a reference to "the 1976 and each subsequent taxation year of the affiliate".
- (18) That for the 1972 and subsequent taxation years, the words "to the extent that it would have been deductible in computing the taxpayer's income for the 1972 taxation year" in subsections 37(1) and (3) of the said Rules shall be deleted and the words "to the extent that it would have been deductible in computing the taxpayer's taxable income for the 1972 taxation year" shall be substituted therefor.
- (19) That for the 1972 and subsequent taxation years,
 - (a) any depreciable property acquired by a credit union in a taxation year ending before 1972 shall be deemed to have been acquired by it on the last day of its 1971 taxation year;
 - (b) for the purpose of computing a capital gain from the disposition of depreciable property acquired by a credit union in a taxation year ending before 1972, the capital cost of the property shall be deemed to be its capital cost, determined without reference to paragraph 58(1)(c) of the said Rules; and
 - (c) for the purpose of computing the deemed capital cost of depreciable property other than a leasehold interest acquired by a credit union before 1972 by virtue of subsection 58(1) of the said Rules, the year of acquisition of the property shall be excluded.

Continuation of certain reserves of credit union (20) That

(a) the maximum cumulative reserve of a new corporation that is formed at a time that

is after May 6, 1974, as the result of an amalgamation, within the meaning assigned by section 87 of the Income Tax Act, of credit unions shall be deemed to be the amount by which its maximum cumulative reserve determined under paragraph 137(6)(c) of the said Act, exceeds the aggregate of all amounts, if any, each of which is the lesser of the amounts referred to in paragraphs 58(3.2)(a) and (b) of the said Rules and determined thereunder in respect of each of the predecessor corporations; and

- (b) the maximum cumulative reserve of a credit union (the "acquiror") that has acquired, otherwise than by virtue of an amalgamation, at a time that is after May 6, 1974, all or substantially all of the assets of another credit union shall be the amount by which the acquiror's maximum cumulative reserve determined under paragraph 137(6)(c) of the Income Tax Act, exceeds the aggregate of
 - (i) the lesser of the amounts determined under paragraphs 58(3.2)(a) and (b) of the said Rules in respect of the acquiror, and
 - (ii) the lesser of the amounts determined under paragraphs 58(3.2)(a) and (b) of the said Rules in respect of the other credit union.

(21)' That upon the enactment of this paragraph, section 64.3 of the said Rules shall be repealed.

Repeal of section 64.3

NOTICE OF WAYS AND MEANS MOTION

TO AMEND

CHAPTER 17 OF THE STATUTES OF CANADA, 1960-61

Repeal of section 10

That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend chapter 17 of the Statutes of Canada, 160-61, an Act to amend the statute law relating to income tax, to provide that section 10 thereof shall be repealed.

NOTICE OF WAYS AND MEANS MOTION

AN ACT TO AMEND THE EXCISE TAX ACT

AND THE EXCISE ACT

That it is expedient to introduce a measure to amend the Excise Tax Act and the Excise Act and to provide among other things that effective November 19, 1974:

- 1. The following goods be made exempt from the consumption or sales tax:
 - (a) clothing and footwear, including articles and materials for incorporation in home or commercial production thereof, as the Governor-in-Council may determine by regulation;
 - (b) bicycles; and
 - (c) articles and materials for use exclusively in the manufacture or production of the above mentioned tax-exempt products.
- 2. The following goods (not including motor trucks, other than motor trucks specially designed for off-highway use) be made exempt from the consumption or sales tax:
 - (a) where the sale price by the Canadian manufacturer or the dutypaid value of the imported article exceeds \$1,000 per unit
 - (i) excavation and earthmoving equipment; cranes; hoists and derricks; pile driving equipment; pipe-laying, pipewrapping and pipe-welding equipment; air compressors and pumps; compactors and rollers; attachments for the foregoing; all designed for construction or demolition purposes,
 - (ii) equipment designed for use directly in the preparation, paving, laying or spreading of concrete, mortar or asphalt; attachments for the foregoing, and
 - (iii) repair and replacement parts designed for the above equipment, and
 - (b) articles and materials for use exclusively in the manufacture or production of the above mentioned tax-exempt products.

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- (a) highway truck tractors; trucks with a gross vehicle weight rating, within the meaning given to that expression by regulation of the Governor-in-Council, of sixteen thousand pounds or more;
- (b) truck trailers, tractor trailers and semi-trailers, designed for the carriage of freight, with a gross vehicle weight rating, within the meaning given to that expression by regulation of the Governor-in-Council, of sixteen thousand pounds or more;
- (c) railway locomotives and railway rolling stock including equipment specially designed for movement on railway tracks;
- (d) re-useable cargo containers with a capacity of five hundred cubic feet or greater; refrigeration and heating units therefor;
- (e) motor vehicles designed to carry twelve or more passengers;
- (f) aircraft purchased or imported for use exclusively in the provision of such class of air services as the Governor-in-Council may by regulation prescribe;
- (g) air cushion vehicles and tracked vehicles specially designed to transport twelve or more passengers, or ten thousand pounds or more freight;
- (h) parts and equipment designed for permanent installation on the above mentioned tax-exempt products where the sale price by the Canadian manufacturer or the duty-paid value of the imported article exceeds \$1,000 per unit; and
- (i) articles and materials for use exclusively in the manufacture or production of the above mentioned tax-exempt products.
- 4. The consumption or sales tax imposed by section 27 on the sale or importation of the construction materials and equipment for buildings enumerated in Schedule V be reduced to five-twelfths of the tax so imposed by section 27.
- 5. Schedule V to the Excise Tax Act be repealed and the following substituted therefor:

3.

SCHEDULE V

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PART I

CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS

1. Bricks; building tile; building blocks curved or shaped; building stone; sidewalk and patio slabs; curbs.

2. Chimneys, chimney caps and built-in fireplaces.

3. Doors, windows and shutters for buildings and other structures, and associated hardware, not including padlocks; door and window screens and awnings.

4. Electric conducting and telecommunication wire and cable; transformers, circuit breakers and related electrical equipment designed for permanent installation in a system for the supply of electricity.

5. Fire-fighting and fire-detection equipment for installation in buildings.

6. Floor tile and hard surface composition yardage flooring for permanent bonding to floors and underlay therefor; materials to be incorporated in terrazzo flooring.

7. Glass for buildings and other structures.

8. Hard surface plastic laminated building materials.

9. Hot water tanks and water heaters for permanent installation in water systems for buildings.

10. Kitchen and bathroom cabinets and counter tops therefor, for permanent installation in buildings.

11. Lumber; plywood; sash; shingles; lath; siding; stairways; walkways; fire escapes; railway ties; light standards, towers and similar construction components; cornice, frieze, pilasters and other such building components, not including assembled or unassembled furniture.

12. Materials for waterproofing and moisture-proofing buildings.

13. Nails, spikes, screws, nuts, bolts and washers, rivets and similar fasteners.

14. Paints, varnishes, stains and similar coatings and finishes; creosote oil and other wood preservatives; additives for the foregoing.

15. Piles for structures.

16. Pipe, conduit and tubing designed for use in buildings, sewers, irrigation or drainage systems, pipelines and other construction, valves and fittings therefor.

17. Plaster; lime; cement and additives for concrete; prepared dry concrete and mortar mixes.

18. Plaster boards, fibreboard, wall panels, building paper, wallpaper and materials for ceilings, walls, insulation or acoustical purposes, not including carpeting.

19. Septic tanks and grease traps therefor; sump pumps.

20. Shower baths, bathtubs, basins, faucets, closets, lavatories, urinals, sinks and rims therefor and laundry tubs, parts for the foregoing.

21. Structural metal and fabricated metal for buildings and other structures.

22. Tar; asphalt; roofing materials and components including eavestroughing and downspouts.

23. Ventilators and louvres.

24. Such additional articles and materials as are prescribed by regulation of the Governor-in-Council to be contruction materials.

PART II

EQUIPMENT FOR BUILDINGS

1. Ash handling and fuel handling equipment, blowers, circulating pumps, fuel tanks, furnaces, stokers, oil or gas burners, hot water and steam radiators, thermostats, regulators, all the foregoing when designed for use in permanently installed heating systems for buildings.

2. Ducts for warm air, ventilating and air conditioning systems for buildings; equipment designed for use on such systems using five hundred and fifty volts or greater. 3. Electric heating equipment designed for use on a system using two hundred volts or greater, for permanent installation as part of an electric heating system for buildings.

4. Elevators, escalators and parts therefor.

5. Such additional articles and materials as are prescribed by regulation of the Governor-in-Council to be equipment designed primarily for use in buildings."

6. The portion of subsection 26(4) of the Excise Tax Act immediately following paragraph (d) thereof be repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"he shall, for the purposes of this Part, other than subsection 29(1) thereof, be deemed not to be, in relation to any such building, structure, building sections, building blocks or fabricated steel so manufactured or produced by him, the manufacturer or producer thereof."

- 7. The following goods when sold to or imported by or on behalf of a municipality for its own use and not for resale be made exempt from the consumption or sales tax:
 - (a) passenger transportation vehicles and parts therefor (not including vehicles designed to carry less than twelve passengers) for use directly and principally in the operation of a municipal public passenger transportation system, which each day provides a regularly scheduled service to the general public, owned or operated or to be owned or operated by or on behalf of a municipality; and
 - (b) goods for use as part of water distribution systems under the control of a municipality.
- 8. The definition of "certified institution" set out in subsection 45(1) of the Excise Tax Act be repealed and the following substituted therefor:

""certified institution" means an institution that by a certificate issued by the Minister of National Health and Welfare is certified to be, as of the day specified in the certificate,

 (a) a bona fide public institution whose principal purpose is to provide care for children or aged, infirm or incapacitated persons, and

- (b) in receipt annually of aid from the Government of Canada or the government of a province for the care of persons specified in paragraph (a);"
- 9. The exemption from the consumption or sales tax for aids and devices to assist the physically handicapped be broadened to include:
 - (a) communication devices, for use with telegraph or telephone apparatus, purchased or leased on the written order of a registered medical practitioner for the assistance of the deaf and the dumb;
 - (b) invalid chairs, commode chairs, walkers and similar aids to locomotion, with or without wheels; motive power and wheel assemblies therefor; patterning devices; toilet, bath and shower seats; all the foregoing specially designed for the disabled; accessories and attachments for all the foregoing, including batteries specially designed for use therewith;
 - (c) selector control devices, purchased or leased on the written order of a registered medical practitioner, specially designed for use by physically handicapped persons to enable such persons to select, energize or control various household, industrial and office equipment;
 - (d) heart monitoring devices, purchased or leased on the written order of a registered medical practitioner by an individual afflicted with heart disease for his own use, including batteries specially designed for use therewith;
 - (e) hospital beds purchased or leased on the written order of a registered medical practitioner by an incapacitated person for his own use;
 - (f) needles and syringes designed for medical purposes; and
 - (g) articles and materials for use exclusively in the manufacture or production of the above mentioned tax-exempt products.
- 10. The exemption from the consumption or sales tax for miscellaneous items be broadened to include amusement riding devices, ancillary equipment and parts therefor, not including motor trucks or coin operated devices, specially designed for use at agricultural exhibitions or commercial fairs and articles and materials for use exclusively in the manufacture thereof.

- 11. The duty free sales outlet provisions referred to in the Excise Act be extended to apply in the case of persons departing from Canada by land transportation and to provide that no sales or excise taxes be exigible on goods sold and exported through such facilities.
- 12. Part II of the Excise Tax Act be amended to:
 - (a) authorize the Governor-in-Council to establish a ceiling in applying the ad valorem air transportation tax on each amount paid or payable in Canada for travel within the taxation area; and
 - (b) revise the definition of "certified air carrier" and make certain other minor technical amendments to facilitate the operation of the air transportation tax.
- 13. The relief from the requirement to pay the consumption or sales tax provided for under subsection 28(2) of the Excise Tax Act, for printed matter produced by Her Majesty in right of Canada for own use, be repealed.
- 14. The Excise Tax Act be further amended to provide that upon a motor vehicle, tractor, machine or tool for operation by a motor vehicle or tractor, an aircraft or parts for an aircraft, purchased or imported under exempt conditions, being diverted to non-exempt conditions, at any time within five years of the said purchase or importation, the sales and excise taxes imposed under the Excise Tax Act will be payable:
 - (a) by the owner of the said goods immediately preceding the diversion; and
 - (b) on the fair-market value of the goods at the time of diversion at the rate of tax that would have applied had the goods then been purchased or imported for non-exempt use.
- 15. Subsection 25(1) of the Excise Tax Act be amended by increasing the special excise tax on wines imposed thereunder
 - (a) by twenty cents per gallon on wines, other than cider, of all kinds containing not more than seven per cent of absolute alcohol by volume; and
 - (b) by forty cents per gallon on wines, other than cider, of all kinds containing more than seven per cent of absolute alcohol by volume.

16. Schedule I to the Excise Tax Act be amended by repealing paragraph 6 thereof and substituting therefor the following:

"6. Cigars twenty and one-half per cent."

- 17. Schedule I to the Excise Tax Act be further amended by adding thereto the following:
 - "9. Automobiles, not including ambulances, hearses, or automobiles designed to carry twelve or more passengers
 - (a) automobiles in excess of four thousand five hundred pounds, other than station wagons and vans designed primarily for use as passenger vehicles,
 - (i) for the portion thereof that exceeds four thousand five hundred pounds but does not exceed four thousand six hundred pounds....twenty dollars;
 - (ii) for the portion thereof that exceeds four thousand six hundred pounds but does not exceed four thousand seven hundred pounds....twentyfive dollars;
 - (iii) for each one hundred pounds or portion thereof that the weight of the automobile exceeds four thousand seven hundred pounds...thirty dollars.
 - (b) station wagons and vans designed primarily for use as passenger vehicles in excess of five thousand one hundred pounds
 - (i) for the portion thereof that exceeds five thousand one hundred pounds but does not exceed five thousand two hundred pounds....twenty dollars;
 - (ii) for the portion thereof that exceeds five thousand two hundred pounds but does not exceed five thousand three hundred pounds....twentyfive dollars;
 - (iii) for each one hundred pounds or portion thereof that the weight of the station wagon or van exceeds five thousand three hundred pounds... thirty dollars.

and for the purposes of this section the weight of an automobile is the weight of a fully manufactured automobile at the time of its sale by the manufacturer or the importer, as the case may be, including the weight, at that time, of all articles and materials the value of which are included in its sale price as determined in Part V of this Act.

- 10. Motorcycles with engines that have a displacement of greater than two hundred and fifty cubic centimeters....five per cent.
- 11. Boats, other than naval vessels, designed to be propelled primarily by motors exceeding twenty horsepower; and motors exceeding twenty horsepower (including drive assemblies) for boats...ten per cent.
- 12. Aircraft but not including aircraft purchased or imported for use exclusively in the provision of such class of air services as the Governor-in-Council may by regulation prescribe...ten per cent.

Sections 9, 10, 11 and 12 do not apply to any of the goods mentioned therein that are sold under conditions for which relief from the consumption or sales tax is provided by virtue of any provision of this Act other than subsection 27(2), or that are purchased or imported for police or fire-fighting purposes or for the provision of services to navigation.

Payment of the tax imposed by virtue of section 9 may be deferred in the case of automobiles imported by persons who manufacture automobiles in Canada until such time as the imported automobiles are sold in Canada by such persons."

- 18. Part I of the Schedule to the Excise Act be amended by repealing subsection 1.(1) thereof and substituting therefor the following:
 - "1.(1) On every gallon of the strength of proof distilled in Canada, except as hereinafter otherwise provided, sixteen dollars and twenty-five cents, and so in proportion for any greater or less strength than the strength of proof and for any less quantity than a gallon."
- 19. Part II of the Schedule to the Excise Act be repealed and the following substituted therefor:

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II. CANADIAN BRANDY

On every gallon of the strength of proof, fourteen dollars and twenty-five cents, and so in proportion for any greater or less strength than the strength of proof and for any less quantity than a gallon."

- 20. Sections 1, 2 and 3 of Part IV of the Schedule to the Excise Act be repealed and the following substituted therefor:
 - "1. Manufactured tobacco of all descriptions except cigarettes, per pound actual weight, fifty cents.
 - 2. Cigarettes weighing not more than three pounds per thousand, five dollars per thousand.
 - 3. Cigarettes weighing more than three pounds per thousand, six dollars per thousand."

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NOTICE OF WAYS AND MEANS MOTION

CUSTOMS TARIFF

1. That Schedule A to the <u>Customs Tariff</u> be amended by striking out tariff items 23610-1, 44043-1, 44047-1, 69615-1, 70310-1, 70311-1, 70312-1 and 70313-1, and the enumerations of goods and the rates of duty set opposite each of those items, and by inserting in Schedule A to the said Act the following items, enumerations of goods and rates of duty:

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		British	Most- Favoured-		Rates in Rates Prop	Effect Pri osed in thi	
Tariff Item		Preferential Tariff	Nation Tariff	General Tariff	B.P. Tariff	M.F.N. Tariff	General Tariff
<u>20612-1</u>	Bovine intranasal vaccines, when imported under permit of the Veterinary Director General	Free	Free	25 p.c.	10 p.c.	10 p.c.	25 p.c.
23610-1	Surgical bandages and slabs composed of textile fabrics specially coated with Plaster of Paris compound; other articles and materials specially designed for use as or						
	for use in making orthopedic casts, splints and other similar supports	10 p.c.	10 p.c.	35 p.c.	20 p.c. 22½ p.c.	10 p.c. 27½ p.c. 27½ p.c. 17½ p.c.	55 p.c.
<u>42712-1</u>	Amusement riding devices of the kinds used at exhibitions or fairs, ancillary equipment imported therewith; parts of the foregoing	Free	Free	20 p.c.		15 p.c. 17½ p.c Various	
	Aircraft, not including engines, under such regulations as the Minister may prescribe:						
44043-1	When of types or sizes not made in Canadaon and after July 1, 19 <u>75</u>	Free Free	Free 7칠 p.c.	27½ p.c 27½ p.c	. Free •	7½ p.c.	27½ p.c
							•••
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				Most-			n Effect Pri posed in thi	
· ·	Tariff Item		British Preferential Tariff	Favoured- Nation Tariff	General Tariff		M.F.N. Tariff	General Tariff
-								
		Aircraft engines, when imported for use in the equipment of aircraft:					,	-
	44047-1	When of types or sizes not made in Canadaon and after July 1, 1975	Free Free	Free 7½ p.c.	27½ p.c. 27½ p.c.	Free	.7½ p.c.	27 ¹ / ₂ p.c.
						ł		
,	69615-1	silent, separate sound film track, slides and slide films, positive or negative, and sound recordings						
X		for use therewith; Sound recordings for use by educational, scientific or cultural institutions or	•				-	
		societies; Sound recordings other than for sale or rental; Models, static and moving;		-				
		Video tape recordings; Wall charts, maps and posters;						
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								-

		British	Most- Favoured-			Effect Pri osed in thi	
Tariff Item		Preferential Tariff	Nation Tariff	General Tariff	B.P. Tariff	M.F.N. Tariff	General Tariff
		,			、 、		·
(
69615-1 (Cont'd)	All the foregoing which					4	
(Cont d)	(a) are of an educational,						
	scientific or cultural						
	character within the meaning					1	
	of the Agreement for						-
	Facilitating the International						
	Circulation of Visual and						, in the second se
`	Auditory Materials of an						
	Educational, Scientific and						
	Cultural Character adopted				•		
-	at Beirut, Lebanon in 1948,						
	and (b) have been certified by the						
	Government or by a recognized	,					
	representative authority of	-			-		
	the Government of the country						
	of production or by an					1	
	appropriate representative						
	of the United Nations						
	Educational, Scientific and		,				
	Cultural Organization as				-		
	being of an international						
	educational, scientific or					1	
	cultural character; Under such regulations as the Minister						
	may prescribe	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free
				1100			
0615 1	Courd moondings is significant.	·		•	-	1	
9645-1	Sound recordings, in single copies, sent unsolicited and without		1				-
	charge to a reviewer for bona					1	
	fide review purposes	Free	Free	Free	15 p.c.	15 p.c.	25 p.c
					15 p.c.	15 p.c.	
					-		-
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	Tariff Item		British Preferential ' Tariff	Favoured- Nation Tariff	General Tariff	B.P. Tariff	M.F.N. Tariff	General Tariff	
		Goods (not including alcoholic beverages, cigars, cigarettes and manufactured tobacco except where specifically provided therefor) acquired abroad by a resident of Canada for his personal or household use or as souvenirs or							-
		gifts, but not bought on commission or as an accommodation for any other person or for sale, and declared by him at the time of his return to Canada, under such regulations as the Minister may prescribe:							
•	70310-1	Valued at not more than <u>fifty</u> dollars (including alcoholic beverages not exceeding forty ounces, and tobacco							
	,	not exceeding fifty cigars, two hundred cigarettes and two pounds of manufactured tobacco) and included in the baggage accompanying the resident of Canada returning from abroad after							
		an absence from Canada of not less than forty-eight hours	Free	Free	Free	Free Various	Free Various	Free Various	
-		A resident of Canada shall not be entitled to the exemption granted under this item more often than once in each calendar quarter, that is in each quarterly period in a year beginning on January 1, April 1, July 1 and October 1,							
		respectively.		-					-
						, ,			

Rates in Effect Prior to Most-Rates Proposed in this Budget British Favoured-Tariff Preferential Nation General B.P. General M.F.N. Item Tariff Tariff Tariff Tariff Tariff Tariff Valued at not more than one hundred and 70311-1 fifty dollars (including alcoholic beverages not exceeding forty ounces, and tobacco not exceeding fifty cigars, two hundred cigarettes and two pounds of manufactured tobacco) and included in the baggage accompanying the resident of Canada returning from abroad after an absence from Canada of not less than seven days Free Free Free Free Free Free Various Various Various Goods (other than alcoholic beverages, cigars, cigarettes and manufactured tobacco) acquired in any country beyond the continental limits of North America may be entered under this item although they are not included in the baggage accompanying the returning resident if they are declared by him at the time of his return to Canada. The exemption granted under this item shall be extended only to a resident who, upon his return to Canada. establishes in such form and manner as the Minister may specify by regulation that he has been abroad for a minimum period of seven days, which form and manner may differ according to the country visited or the mode of travel used.

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		British	Most- Favoured-			n Effect Pri posed in thi	
Tariff Item		Preferential Tariff	Nation Tariff	General Tariff	B.P. Tariff	M.F.N. Tariff	General Tariff
70311-1 (Cont'd)	A resident of Canada shall not be entitled to the exemption granted under this item more than once in a calendar						
	year and he shall not be entitled, with respect to the same trip abroad, to claim an exemption under tariff item 70310-1 if he claims an exemption under						
	this item.				•		
70312-1	Valued at not more than one hundred and				,		
	<u>fifty</u> dollars (not including goods otherwise allowed duty-free entry into Canada, nor alcoholic beverages,						
	cigars, cigarettes and manufactured tobacco) and included in the baggage accompanying the resident of Canada						
	returning from abroad after an absence from Canada of not less than					· .	
	forty-eight hours	25 p.c.	25 p.c.	25 p.c.	25 p.c. Various	25 p.c. Various	25 p.c Variou
70313-1	Valued at not more than <u>ten</u> dollars (not including alcoholic beverages, cigars, cigarettes and manufactured tobacco)	~					
	and included in the baggage accompany- ing the resident of Canada returning from abroad after an absence from						
	Canada of not less than forty-eight hours	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free
					Various	Various	Variou
、	The exemption granted under this item shall be extended only to a resident /				· · ·	, .	
	who, at the time of his return to Canada, is not entering any other goods under any other item of this heading.						•••

-		British	Most- Favoured-	-		Effect Pri osed in the	
Tariff Item		Preferential Tariff	Nation Tariff	General Tariff	B.P. Tariff	M.F.N. Tariff	General Tariff
(Cont'd)	Goods entitled to entry under any item						
	of this heading shall be exempt from all					1	
	other imposts notwithstanding the				•		
	provisions of this Act or any other Act.						
	The Minister by regulation may, notwith-						
	standing any other provision in customs						
	legislation relating to the entry of goods,						
	excuse a returning resident of Canada from						
	any requirement for making a written		· ·				
1	declaration or entry with respect to goods		· · ·				
ļ	entitled to entry under any item of this						1
· · · · ·	heading.						
	The Governor in Council may, by order, on						
	the recommendation of the Minister of						1
	Finance, reduce the maximum value of goods					ļ `	
	that are entitled to entry under any item						-
	of this heading but every order made						
•	pursuant to this authority shall be					-	
	published in the Canada Gazette, and shall						
	cease to have any force or effect with						
1	respect to any period following the 180th		_			1	
	day from the date of its making or, if						
	Parliament is not then sitting, the 15th				•		,
	day next thereafter that Parliament is						
	sitting, unless not later than that day					, ,	
1	the order is approved by resolution			1			
4	adopted by both Houses of Parliament.						
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		British	Most- Favoured-			Effect Priosed in the		
ariff Item		Preferential Tariff	Nation Tariff	General Tariff	B.P. Tariff	M.F.N. Tariff	General Tariff	
7500-1	Handicraft goods designated by Order of the Governor in Council, the growth, produce or manufacture of a country entitled to the benefits of the General Preferential Tariff, when certified by the government				-	`		
	of the country of production or by any other authority in the country of production recognized by the Minister as competent for that purpose: (a) to be handicraft products with			-				
	traditional or artistic character- istics that are typical of the geographical region where produced, and							
	(b) to have acquired their essential characteristic by the handiwork of individual craftsmen. Under such regulations as the Minister may prescribe	Free	Free	25 p.c.	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	25 p.c.	
-	<u>prescribe</u>	, -	FIEC	25 p.c.	10 p.c. 10 p.c. 15 p.c. 15 p.c. Various	15 p.c. 20 p.c. 15 p.c. Various	40 p.c. 30 p.c. 25 p.c. Various	
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That Schedule A to the Customs Tariff be further amended by striking out 2. tariff items 800-1, 805-1, 810-1, 825-1, 835-1, 1805-1, 2000-1, 2100-1, 2200-1, 2500-1, 4505-1, 4600-1, 5100-1, 6300-1, 6400-1, 6500-1, 6505-1, 6600-1, 6605-1, 6610-1, 8704-1, 8706-1, 8717-1, 8720-1, 8722-1, 8728-1, 8901-1, 9001-1, 9002-1, 9004-1, 9010-1, 9015-1, 9021-1, 9030-1, 9032-1, 9100-1, 9210-1, 9800-1, 10525-2, 11300-1, 12100-1, 12200-1, 12600-1, 12900-1, 13410-1, 13415-1, 13420-1, 13440-1, 13445-1, 15205-1, 15215-1, 16101-1, 16102-1, 22001-1, 22001-2, 22003-1, 22005-1, 22800-1, 23215-1, 23400-1, 28700-1, 28900-1, 28900-2, 32305-1, 32603-1, 32606-1, 32700-1, 32800-1, 35405-1, 35410-1, 41400-1, 41405-1, 41500-1, 41535-1, 42505-1, 42520-1, 42525-1, 42903-1, 42906-1, 42907-1, 42907-2, 42908-1, 43115-1, 43120-1, 43135-1, 43140-1, 43200-1, 43205-1, 43210-1, 43300-1, 43829-1, 43900-1, 44034-1, 44405-1, 44500-1, 44502-1, 44504-1, 44520-1, 44606-1, 44900-1, 45100-1, 45110-1, 45116-1, 46205-1, 46210-1, 46300-1, 46305-1, 46310-1, 51100-1, 51105-1, 51110-1, 51115-1, 51120-1, 51400-1, 59730-1, 61815-1, 62200-2, 62200-3, 65500-1, 65505-1, 65510-1, 65811-1, 92936-1, 92937-1, 92938-1, 92939-1, 92940-1, 92941-1, 92942-1, 92942-4, 92943-1, 92944-1 and 93402-1, and the enumerations of goods and the rates of duty set opposite each of those items, and by inserting in Schedule A to the said Act the following items, enumerations of goods and rates of duty:

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		British	Most- Favoured-		Rates in Rates Propo	Effect Pri sed in thi	
Tariff Item		Preferential Tariff	Nation Tariff	General Tariff	B.P. Tariff	M.F.N. Tariff	General Tariff
		1					-
800-1	Canned beef	15 p.c.	15 p.c.	35 p.c.	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	35 p.c.
805-1	Canned pork	15 p.c.	15 p.c.	35 p.c.	15 p.c.	25 p.c.	35 p.c.
810-1	Canned hams	15 p.c.	15 p.c.	35 p.c.	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	'35 p.c.
825-1	Canned meats, n.o.p	15 p.c.	15 p.c.	35 p.c.	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	35 p.c.
835-1	Extracts of meat and fluid beef, not medicated	Free	10 p.c.	35 p.c.	10 p.c.	20 p.c.	35 p.c.
1805-1	Peanut butter per pound	2 cts.	2 cts.	7 cts.	3 cts.	4 cts.	7 cts.
2000-1	Cocoa paste or "liquor" and chocolate paste or "liquor", not sweetened, in blocks or cakes per pound	l Free	Free	5 cts.	l ct.	1 ct.	5 cts.
2100-1	Cocoa paste or "liquor" and chocolate paste or "liquor", sweetened, in blocks or cakes, not less than two pounds in weight per pound	l l ct.	l ct.	5½ cts	2 cts.	2 cts.	5월 cts.
2200-1	Preparations of cocoa or chocolate in powder form	. 10 p.c.	10 p.c.	35 p.c	. 15 p.c.	15 p.c.	35 p.c.
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ory, kiln dried, roasted or ound per pound	British Preferential Tariff Free	Favoured- Nation Tariff	General Tariff	B.P. Tariff	M.F.N. Tariff	General Tariff
	Free					
		Free	5 cts.	l ct.	1 ct.	5 cts
ared cereal foods, in packages not ceeding twenty-five pounds weight ch	10 p.c.	10 p.c.	27½ p.c	. 17½ p.c.	17½ p.c.	27½ p
ared cereal foods, n.o.p	7½ p.c.	7½ p.c.	20 p.c.	12½`p.c.	12½ p.c.	20 p.
pearl, rolled, roasted or ound barley	10 p.c.	10 p.c.	30 p.c.	20 p.c.	20 p.c.	30 p.
, cleaned per one hundred pounds	25 cts.	25 cts.	\$1.00	50 cts.	50 cts.	\$1.00
en in packages weighing two pounds each, or , the weight of such packages to be included he weight for duty.						/
			×	Y		
•	ared cereal foods, n.o.p pearl, rolled, roasted or ound barley per one hundred pounds , cleaned per one hundred pounds en in packages weighing two pounds each, or , the weight of such packages to be included	ared cereal foods, n.o.p. $7\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. pearl', rolled, roasted or ound barley	ared cereal foods, n.o.p. $7\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. $7\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. pearl', rolled, roasted or ound barley 10 p.c. 10 p.c. , cleaned per one hundred pounds 25 cts. 25 cts. en in packages weighing two pounds each', or , the weight of such packages to be included	ared cereal foods, n.o.p. $\frac{71}{2}$ p.c. $7\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. 20 p.c. pearl', rolled, roasted or ound barley $\frac{10}{25}$ p.c. 10 p.c. 30 p.c. , cleaned $\frac{10}{25}$ cts. 25 cts. $$1.00$ en in packages weighing two pounds each', or , the weight of such packages to be included	ared cereal foods, n.o.p.7½ p.c.7½ p.c.20 p.c.12½ p.c.pearl', rolled, roasted or ound barley10 p.c.10 p.c.30 p.c.20 p.c., cleanedper one hundred pounds25 cts.25 cts.\$1.0050 cts.eh in packages weighing two pounds each', or , the weight of such packages to be included he weight for duty.per one hundred pounds10 p.c.10 p.c.10 p.c.	ared cereal foods, n.o.p. $7\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. $7\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. 20 p.c. $12\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. $12\frac{1}{2}$ p.c.pearl, rolled, roasted or ound barley10 p.c. 10 p.c. 30 p.c. 20 p.c. 20 p.c., cleanedper one hundred pounds 25 cts. 25 cts. $$1.00$ 50 cts. 50 cts.en in packages weighing two pounds each, or , the weight of such packages to be included ne weight for duty. n n n n

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			Most- Favoured-	-	.Rates in Rates Prope	Effect Pri osed in this	
lariff Item		British Preferential Tariff	Nation Tariff	General Tariff	B.P. Tariff	M.F.N. Tariff	General Tariff
6400-1	Sago and tapioca	Free	Free	27½ p.c.	10 p.c.	10 p.c.	27½ p.c
6500-1	Biscuits, not sweetened	7½ p.c.	7½ p.c.	25 p.c.	12½ p.c.	12½ p.c.	25' p.c.
6505-1	Special dietary breads and biscuits under regulations of the Department of National Health and Welfare	Free	Free	10 p.c.	Free	5 p.c.	10 p.c.
6600-1	Biscuits, sweetened	7½ p.c.	7½ p.c.	30 p.c.	12½ p.c.	12 <mark>1</mark> p.c.	30 p.c.
6605-1	Biscuits, sweetened or unsweetened, valued at not less than 20 cents per pound, said value to be based on the net weight and to include the value of the usual retail package	Free	7 <u>३</u> p.c.	30 p.c.	Free	12½ p.c.	30 p.c.
6610-1	Pretzels	Free	7½ p.c.	30 p.c.	Free	12 ¹ / ₂ p.c.	30 p.c.
	Vegetables, fresh, in their natural state, the weight of the packages to be included in the weight for duty:				-		
8704-1	Beets per pound	Free	l ct. or Free	l ct. or Free	Free	1 ct. or 10 p.c.	1 ct. ór 10 p.c.
	In any 12 month period ending 31st March, the specific duty shall not be maintained in force in excess of 26 weeks which may be divided into two separate periods, and the Free rate shall apply whenever the specific duty is not in effect.						

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	1	British	Most- Favoured-			Effect Pri osed in th	
Tariff Item		Preferential Tariff	Nation Tariff	General Tariff	B.P. Tariff	M.F.N. Tariff	General Tariff
8706-1	Cabbage per pound	Free	9/10 ct. or Free	9/10 ct. or Free	Free	Free or 9/10 ct. or 10 p.c.	Free or 9/10 ct. or 10 p.c.
· · · · ·	In any 12 month period ending 31st March, the specific duty shall not be maintained in force in excess of 30 weeks which may be divided into two separate periods, and the Free rate shall apply whenever the specific duty is not in effect.						
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	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	British	Most- Favoured-	-		Effect Pri posed in th	
ariff Item		Preferential Tariff	Nation Tariff	General Tariff	B.P. Tariff	M.F.N. Tariff	General Tariff
717-1	Onions, n.o.p per pound	Free	$1\frac{1}{2}$ cts.	l_2^1 cts. or	Free	$1\frac{1}{2}$ cts. or 10 p.c.	1 ¹ / ₂ cts. or 10 p.c.
		- - -	Free	Free		10 p.c.	10 p.c.
	In any 12 month period ending 31st March, the specific duty shall not be maintained in force in excess of 44 weeks which may be divided into two separate periods, and the Free rate shall apply whenever the specific duty is not in effect.						
3720–1	Peas, green per pound	Free	2 cts. or Free ´	2 cts. or Free	Free	2 cts. or 10 p.c. or Free	2 cts. or 10 p.c. or Free
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	In any 12 month period ending 31st March, the specific duty shall not be maintained in force in excess of 12 weeks, and the Free rate shall apply whenever the specific duty is not in effect.						
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		British	Most- Favoured-			n Effect Pri posed in th	
Tariff Item	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Preferential Tariff	Nation Tariff	General Tariff	B.P. Tariff	M.F.N. Tariff	General Tariff
8722-1	Rhubarb per pound	Free	1/2 ct. or Free	12 ct. or Free	Free	2 ct. or 10 p.c.	1/2 ct. or 10 p.c.
•	In any 12 month period ending 31st March, the specific duty shall not be maintained in force in excess of 10 weeks, and the Free rate shall apply whenever the specific duty is not in effect.						
8728-1	Green onions per pound	Free	1½ cts.	l ¹ / ₂ cts.	Free	1½ cts.	1 ¹ / ₂ cts.
			or Free	or Free		or 5 p.c.	or 10 p.c.
· ·	In any 12 month period ending 31st March, the specific duty shall not be maintained in force in excess of 44 weeks which may be divided into two separate periods, and the Free rate shall apply whenever the specific duty is not in effect.						
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Tariff ItenPreferential TariffNation TariffGeneral TariffB.P. TariffM.F.N. TariffGeneral TariffVegetables, prepared, in air-tight containers, the weight of the containers to be included in the weight for duty:7½ p.c.17½ p.c.30 p.c.7½ p.c.2½ p.c.30 p.c.8901-1Asparagus				British	Most- Favoured-			Effect Pri osed in thi	
other air-tight containers, the weight of the containers to be included in the weight for duty: 7½ p.c. 17½ p.c. 30 p.c. 7½ p.c. 22½ p.c. 30 p.c. 8901-1 Asparagus 7½ p.c. 17½ p.c. 30 p.c. 7½ p.c. 22½ p.c. 30 p.c. 9001-1 Asparagus 15 p.c. 17½ p.c. 30 p.c. 15 p.c. 22½ p.c. 30 p.c. 9002-1 Brussels sprouts 15 p.c. 15 p.c. 15 p.c. 15 p.c. 22½ p.c. 30 p.c. 9004-1 N.o.p. 10 p.c. 15 p.c. 30 p.c. 10 p.c. 17½ p.c. 30 p.c. 17½ p.c. 30 p.c. 9010-1 Vegetables, dried, desiccated, or dehydrated, including vegetable flour, n.o.p. 10 p.c. 15 p.c. 12½ p.c. 12½ p.c. 15 p.c. 17½ p.c. 30 p.c. 9015-1 Vegetables, pickled or preserved in salt, brine, oil or in any other manner, n.o.p. 12½ p.c. 12½ p.c. 12½ p.c. 12½ p.c. 12½ p.c. 17½ p.c. 35 p.c.				Preferential	'Nation	1		1	
Vegetables, frozen: 15 p.c. 17½ p.c. 30 p.c. 15 p.c. 22½ p.c. 30 p.c. 9001-1 Asparagus 15 p.c. 15 p.c. 30 p.c. 15 p.c. 22½ p.c. 30 p.c. 9002-1 Brussels sprouts 15 p.c. 15 p.c. 30 p.c. 15 p.c. 22½ p.c. 30 p.c. 9004-1 N.o.p. 10 p.c. 15 p.c. 30 p.c. 10 p.c. 17½ p.c. 30 p.c. 17½ p.c. 30 p.c. 9010-1 Vegetables, dried, desiccated, or dehydrated, including vegetable flour, n.o.p. 102½ p.c. 12½ p.c. 30 p.c. 15 p.c. 17½ p.c. 30 p.c. 9015-1 Vegetables, pickled or preserved in salt, brine, oil or in any other manner, n.o.p. 12½ p.c. 12½ p.c. 35 p.c. 12½ p.c. 17½ p.c. 35 p.c.			other air-tight containers, the weight of the containers to be included in the weight for						
9001-1Asparagus15 p.c. $17\frac{1}{2}$ p.c.30 p.c.15 p.c. $22\frac{1}{2}$ p.c.30 p.c.9002-1Brussels sprouts15 p.c.15 p.c.15 p.c.15 p.c. $22\frac{1}{2}$ p.c.30 p.c.9004-1N.o.p.N.o.p.10 p.c.10 p.c.15 p.c. 30 p.c. $17\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. 30 p.c.9010-1Vegetables, dried, desiccated, or dehydrated, including vegetable flour, n.o.p. $12\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. $12\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. 30 p.c. 15 p.c. $17\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. 30 p.c.9015-1Vegetables, pickled or preserved in salt, brine, oil or in any other manner, n.o.p. $12\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. $12\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. 35 p.c. $12\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. $17\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. 35 p.c.		8901-1	Asparagus	7½ p.c.	17½ p.c.	30 p.c.	7½ p.c.	22½ p.c.	30 p.c.
9002-1Brussels sprouts15 p.c.15 p.c.30 p.c.15 p.c.22½ p.c.30 p.c.9004-1N.o.p.N.o.p.10 p.c.15 p.c.30 p.c.10 p.c.17½ p.c.30 p.c.9010-1Vegetables, dried, desiccated, or dehydrated, including vegetable flour, n.o.p.10 p.c.12½ p.c.12½ p.c.30 p.c.17½ p.c.30 p.c.9015-1Vegetables, pickled or preserved in salt, brine, oil or in any other manner, n.o.p.12½ p.c.12½ p.c.12½ p.c.35 p.c.17½ p.c.35 p.c.			Vegetables, frozen:	· .		-			×
9004-1N.o.p.N.o.p.10 p.c.15 p.c.30 p.c.10 p.c. $17\frac{1}{2}$ p.c.30 p.c.9010-1Vegetables, dried, desiccated, or dehydrated, including vegetable flour, n.o.p. $12\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. $12\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. 30 p.c. 15 p.c. $17\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. 30 p.c.9015-1Vegetables, pickled or preserved in salt, brine, oil or in any other manner, n.o.p. $12\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. $12\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. 35 p.c. $12\frac{1}{2}$ p.c.<	~	9001-1	Asparagus	15 p.c.	17 <u>1</u> p.c.	30 p.c.	15 p.c.	22½ p.c.	30 p.c.
9010-1Vegetables, dried, desiccated, or dehydrated, including vegetable flour, n.o.p. $12\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. $12\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. 30 p.c. $17\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. 30 p.c.9015-1Vegetables, pickled or preserved in salt, brine, oil or in any other manner, n.o.p. $12\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. $12\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. 35 p.c. $17\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. 35 p.c. $17\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. 35 p.c.		9002-1	Brussels sprouts	15 p.c.	15 p.c.	30 p.c.	15 p.c.	22½ p.c.	30 p.c.
9015-1 Vegetables, pickled or preserved in salt, brine, oil or in any other manner, n.o.p $12\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. $12\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. 30 p.c. 15 p.c. $17\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. 30 p.c. $17\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. 30 p.c. $17\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. 30 p.c. $12\frac{1}{2}$		9004-1	N.O.p	10 p.c.	15 p.c.	30 p.c.	10 p.c.	17½ p.c.	30 p.c.
brine, oil or in any other manner, n.o.p $12\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. $12\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. 35 p.c. $12\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. $17\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. 35 p.c. $17\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. 35 p.c.		9010-1 -		12½ p.c.	12½ p.c.	30 p.c.	15 p.c.	17½ p.c.	30 p.c.
		9015-1	brine, oil or in any other manner,						
9021-1 Tomato juice 12½ p.c. 17½ p.c. 35 p.c. 12½ p.c. 20 p.c. 35 p.c. 35 p.c.			n.o.p	12½ p.c.	12½ p.c.	35 p.c.	12½ p.c.	17½ p.c.	35 p.c.
	X	9021-1	Tomato juice	12½ p.c.	17½ p.c.	35 p.c.	12½ p.c.	_ 20 p.c.	35 p.c.
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•		British	Most- Favoured-			Effect Pri posed in th	
Tariff Item		Preferential Tariff	Nation Tariff	General Tariff	B.P. Tariff	M.F.N. Tariff	General Tariff
9030-1	Potatoes, pre-cooked, without admixture beyond the addition of preservatives, in powder, flake or granular form	12½ p.c.	12½ p.c.	25 p.c.	15 p.c.	15 p.c.	25 p.c.
9032-1	Potatoes, pre-cooked, with admixture beyond the addition of preservatives	12½ p.c.	12½ p.c.	25 p.c.	15 p.c.	17 1 p.c.	25 p.c.
9100-1	Soups, soup rolls, tablets, cubes, or other soup preparations, n.o.p	12½ p.c.	12½ p.c.	35 p.c.	15 p.c.	17½ p.c.	35 p.c.
	Fruits, fresh, in their natural state, the weight of the packages to be included in the weight for duty:						
9210-1	Raspberries and loganberries per pound In any 12 month period ending 31st March, the specific duty shall not be maintained in force in excess of 6 weeks, and the Free rate shall apply whenever the specific duty is not in effect.	Free	2 cts. or Free	2 cts. or Free	Free	2 cts. or 10 p.c.	2 cts. or 10 p.c.
800-1	Bananas per one hundred pounds	Free	Free	\$1.00	Free	50 cts.	\$1.00
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		British	Most- Favoured-			Effect Pri osed in th	
Tariff Item		Preferential Tariff	Nation Tariff	General Tariff	B.P. Tariff	• M.F.N. Tariff	General Tariff
10525-2	Melons, pickled or preserved in salt, brine, oil, or any other manner, n.o.p	10 p.c.	10 p.c.	35 p.c.	15 р.с.	15 p.c.	35 p.c.
			10 p.c.	35 p.c.		25 p	
					•		
11300-1	Cocoanut, desiccated, sweetened or not per pound	Free	Free	6 cts.	Free	l ct.	6 cts.
12100-1	Fish preserved in oil, n.o.p	15 p.c.	15 p.c.	35 p.c.	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	35 p.c.
12200-1	Herring (not including kippered herring in sealed containers) packed in oil or otherwise, in sealed containers	10 p.c.	10 p.c.	35 p.c.	12½ p.c.	12½ p.c.	35 p.c.
12600-1	Clams in sealed containers	10 p.c.	10 p.c.	40 p.c.	17½ p.c.	20 p.c.	40 p.c.
12900-1	Crabs in sealed containers	10 p.c.	10 p.c.	40 p.c.	15 p.c.	15 p.c.	40 p.c.
13410-1	Sugar, when of a polarization of ninety-nine and five-tenths degrees or more; soft sugars such as brown, yellow or golden sugar; icing sugar; all the foregoing under such regulations as the Minister may prescribe per one hundred pounds	80 cts.	\$1.20	\$1.60	\$1.00	\$1.40	\$1.89

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Rates in Effect Prior to Most-Rates Proposed in this Budget British Favoured-Tariff Preferential Nation General B.P. M.F.N. General Item Tariff Tariff Tariff Tariff Tariff Tariff 13415-1 Sugar, for use in the manufacture of wine per one hundred pounds 0.8 ct. 1.2 cts. \$1.60 1.4 cts. \$1.89 1 ct. 13420-1 Invert sugar, and syrups being the product of the sugar cane or beet, and all imitations thereof or substitutes therefor, in which the percentage of the total of reducing sugars after inversion is seventyfive per cent or greater of the total solids by weight, not including syrups in receptacles where the gross weight of the receptacle and contents does not exceed sixty pounds: When the total of reducing sugars after inversion is equivalent to not more than sixty-five per cent by weight of the total syrup per one hundred pounds 50 cts. 75 cts. \$1.00 60 cts. 85 cts. \$1.23 Plus, for each additional one per cent or fraction thereof in excess of sixty-five per cent by weight of the total syrup per one hundred pounds 0.75 ct. 1 ct. 1.5 cts. 1 ct. 1.5 cts. 2 cts. 13440-1 Molasses powder, without admixture or with added colouring or anti-caking agent per one hundred pounds 25 cts. 50 cts. 30 cts. 30 cts. 35 cts. 50 cts. Syrups, the product of the sugar cane or beet, 13445-1 and all imitations thereof or substitutes therefor, n.o.p. per gallon 3.5 cts. 4.5 cts. 7 cts. 4 cts. 5 cts. 7 cts.

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			5 75 - 1 - 1	Most- British Favoured- Rates Proposed in this				`	
_	Tariff Item		British Preferential Tariff	Favoured- Nation Tariff	General Tariff	-	M.F.N. Tariff	General Tariff	
		Fruit juices and fruit syrups, n.o.p., namely:		·				-	
	15205-1	Pineapple juice	Free	Free	25 p.c.	5 p.c.	5 p.c.	25 p.c.	-
	15215-1	Dehydrated citrus fruit juices with or without stabilizers or sugar	Free	Free	25 p.c.	2½ p.c.	5 p.c.	25 p.c.	
:		Perfumed spirits, bay rum, cologne and lavender waters, lotions, hair, tooth and skin washes, and other toilet preparations containing spirits of any kind:	N						
	16101-1	When in bottles or flasks containing not more than four ounces each	15 p.c.	15 p.c.	50 p.c.	20 p.c.	20 p.c.	.50 p.c.	
	16102-1	When in bottles, flasks or other packages, containing more than four ounces each but not more than, per gallon	- \$2.00	15 p.c.	50 p.c.	25 p.c. \$2.00	25 p.c.	50 p.c.	
	18702-1	Films which otherwise would be classified under tariff item 18700-1	Free	12½ p.c.	30 p.c.	Free	17½ p.c.	30 p.c.	
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		British	Most- Favoured-			Effect Pri osed in th	
Tariff Item	,	Preferential Tariff	Nation Tariff	General Tariff	B.P. Tariff	M.F.N. Tariff	General Tariff
22001-1	All medicinal and pharmaceutical preparations, compounded of more than one substance, whether or not containing alcohol, including patent and proprietary preparations, tinctures, pills, powders, troches, lozenges, filled capsules, tablets, syrups, cordials, bitters,						
	anodynes, tonics, plasters, liniments, salves, ointments, pastes, drops, waters, essences and oils	10					
	Any article in this item containing more	10 p.c.	10 p.c.	25 p.c.	15 p.c.	15 p.c.	25 p.c.
	than forty per cent of proof spirit shall be rated for duty at per gallon and	\$1.50 15 p.c.	\$1.50 15 p.c.	\$2.00 25 p.c.	\$1.50 15 p.c.	\$1.50 15 p.c.	\$2.00 25 p.c.
22001-2	Sulfamethylthiadiazole, in tablet form	10 p.c.	10 p.c.	25 p.c.	12½ p.c.	12½ p.c.	25 p.c.
22003-1	Drugs, n.o.p.	10 p.c.	10 p.c.	25 p.c.	15 p.c.	15 p.c.	25 p.c.
22005-1	Drugs, n.o.p., of a kind not produced in Canada	Free	10 p.c.	25 p.c.	Free	15 p.c.	25 p.c.
22800-1	Soap powders, powdered soap, mineral soap, and soap, n.o.p	10 p.c.	10 p.c.	32½ p.c.	15 p.c.	17½ p.c.	32½ p.c
23215-1	Gelatine, edible	7½ p.c.	15 p.c.	35 p.c.	7½ p.c.	20 p.c.	35 p.c.
23400-1	Perfumery, including toilet preparations, non-alcoholic, namely: hair oils, tooth and other powders and washes, pomatums, pastes and all other perfumed preparations, n.o.p.,						
	used for the hair, mouth or skin	15 p.c.	15 p.c.	40 p.c.	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	40 p.c.

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						n Effect Prior to oposed in this Budget		
Tariff Item		Preferential Tariff	Nation Tariff	General Tariff	B.P. Tariff	M.F.N. Tariff	General Tariff	
28700-1	All tableware of china, porcelain, semi- porcelain or white granite, but not to include tea-pots, jugs and similar articles of the type commonly known							
	as earthenware	Free	15 p.c.	35 p.c.	Free	20 p.c.	35 p.c	
28900-1	Baths, bathtubs, basins, closets, closet seats and covers, closet tanks, lavatories, urinals, sinks and laundry tubs of earthenware, stone, cement,							
	clay or other material, n.o.p	12½ p.c.	15 p.c.	35 p.c.	12½ p.c.	20 p.c.	35 p.c	
28900-2	Baths, bathtubs, urinals, sinks and laundry tubs of earthenware, stone, cement, clay or other material, n.o.p.	12½ p.c.	15 p.c.	` 35 р.с.	12½ p.c.	20 p.c.	35 p.c	
32305-1	Mirrors of glass, bevelled or not, and framed or not, n.o.p	15 p.c.	15 p.c.	30 p.c.	17½ p.c.	20 p.c.	30 p.c	
32603–1	jars and balls, of glass, not cut, n.o.p.; lamp chimneys of glass, n.o.p.; decanters							
	and machine-made tumblers of glass, not cut nor decorated, n.o.p	15 p.c.	15 p.c.	32½ p.c.	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	32½ p.	
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		British	Most- Favoured-	-		Effect Pri bosed in the	
Tariff Item		Preferential Tariff	Nation Tariff	General Tariff	B.P. Tariff	M.F.N. Tariff	General Tariff
32606-1	Glass tableware, n.o.p., and illuminating glassware, n.o.p	10 p.c.	15 p.c.	32½ p.c.	10 p.c.	20 p.c.	32½ p.c.
32700-1	Spectacles; eyeglasses, and ground or finished spectacle or eyeglass lenses, n.o.p	12½ p.c.	12½ p.c.	30 p.c.	17½ p.c.	17½ p.c.	30 p.c.
32800-1	Spectacle and eyeglass frames and parts thereof, n.o.p	12½ p.c.	12½ p.c.	20 p.c.	15 p.c.	15 p.c.	20 p.c.
35405-1	Kitchen or household hollow-ware of aluminum, n.o.p.	15 p.c.	15 p.c.	30 p.c.	17½ p.c.	17½ p.c.	30 p.c.
35410-1	Kitchen or household hollow-ware of nickel, n.o.p	15 p.c.	15 p.c.	30 p.c.	17½ p.c.	17½ p.c.	30 p.c.
41400-1	Typewriters	Free	15 p.c.	25 p.c.	Free	20 p.c.	25 p.c.
41405-1	Parts of typewriters	Free	5 p.c.	25 p.c.	Free	7½ p.c.	25 p.c.
41500-1	Electric vacuum cleaners and attachments therefor; hand vacuum cleaners; and complete parts of all the foregoing, including suction hose, n.o.p	5 p.c.	15 p.c.	25 p.c.	5 p.c.	20 p.c.	25 p.c.

		British	Most- Favoured-			Effect Pri osed in thi	
Tariff Item		Preferential Tariff	Nation Tariff	General Tariff	B.P. Tariff	M.F.N. Tariff	General Tariff
41535-1	Carpet sweepers	10 p.c.	15 p.c.	30 p.c.	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	30 p.c.
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42505 -1 . ,	Power lawn mowers, self-propelled or not, whether or not containing the power unit	15 p.c.	15 p.c.	32½ p.c.	15 p.c.	17 <u>1</u> p.c.	32½ p.c.
42520-1	Air-cooled internal combustion engines of greater than one and one-half horsepower rating, and parts thereof; parts of power lawn mowers; all the foregoing for use in the manufacture or repair of power lawn mowers	5 p.c.	7 ¹ / ₂ p.c.	32½ p.c.	5 p.c.	10 p.c.	32½ p.c.
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			British	Most- Favoured -		Rates in Rates Prop	n Effect Priposed in th	or to s Budget
-	Tariff Item		Preferential Tariff	Nation Tariff	General Tariff	B.P. Tariff	M.F.N. Tariff	General Tariff
	42525-1	Air-cooled internal combustion engines of not greater than one and one-half horsepower rating, and parts thereof, when for use in the manufacture or repair of power lawn mowers	Free	7½ p.c.	30 p.c.	Free	10 p.c.	30 p.c.
		Cutlery of iron or steel, plated or not:						
	42903-1	Penknives, jack-knives and pocket knives of all kinds	Free	15 p.c.	30 p.c.	Free	17 ¹ 2 °p.c.	30 p.c.
,	42906-1	Scissors and shears, n.o.p	Free	15 p.c.	30 p.c.	Free	20 p.c.	30 p.c.
	42907-1	Razors and complete parts thereof; razor blades, n.o.p	Free	15 p.c.	30 p.c.	Free	17½ p.c.	30 p.c.
	42907-2	Razors and complete parts thereof, n.o.p.	Free	15 p.c.	30 p.c.	Free	17 ¹ / ₂ p.c.	30 p.c.
-	42908-1	Safety razor blades	Free	15 p.c.	30 p.c.	Free	17½ p.c.	30 p.c.
	43115-1	Web saws and parts thereof	7 ¹ / ₂ p.c.	15 p.c.	35 p.c.	7½ p.c.	20 p.c.	35 p.c.
	43120-1	Adzes, anvils, vises, cleavers, hatchets, saws, augers, bits, drills, screw- drivers, planes, spokeshaves, chisels, mallets, metal wedges, wrenches, sledges, hammers, crowbars, cantdogs, and track tools, picks, mattocks, and						
		eyes or polls for the same	10 p.c.	15 p.c.	35 p.c.	10 p.c.	20 p.c.	35 p.c.

		British	Most- Favoured-	-		Effect Pri osed in thi	
Tariff Item		Preferential Tariff	Nation Tariff	General Tariff	B.P. Tariff	M.F.N. Tariff	General Tariff
43135-1	Measuring rules and tapes of all kinds	15 p.c.	15 p.c.	30 p.c.	15 p.c.	17½ p.c.	30 p.c.
43140-1	Files and rasps	Free	15 p.c.	35 p.c.	Free	17½ p.c.	35 p.c.
43200-1	Hollow-ware, of iron or steel, coated or not, n.o.p.	10 p.c.	15 p.c.	30 p.c.	10 p.c.	17 1 p.c.	30 p.c.
43205-1	Kitchen and dairy hollow-ware of iron or steel, coated with tin, including cans				c		
•	for shipping milk or cream, not painted, japanned or decorated	15 p.c.	15 p.c.	30 p.c.	15 p.c.	17½ p.c.	30 p.c.
43210-1	Hollow-ware, of iron or steel, coated with vitreous enamel	15 p.c.	15 p.c.	35 p.c.	15 p.c.	17½ p.c.	35 p.c.
43300-1	Baths, bathtubs, basins, closets, lavatories, urinals, sinks, and laundry tubs of iron or steel, coated or not	5 p.c.	15 p.c.	35 p.c.	5 p.c.	20 p.c.	35 p.c.
43829-1	Parts, n.o.p., electro-plated or not, whether finished or not, for automobiles, motor vehicles, electric trackless trolley buses, fire fighting vehicles, ambulances and hearses, or chassis enumerated in tariff items 42400-1 and 43803-1, including engines, but not including ball or roller bearings, wireless receiving sets, die castings of zinc, electric storage batteries,		,				
	parts of which the component material of chief value is rubber	Free	12 <u>1</u> p.c.	35 p.c.	Free	15 p.c.	35 p.c.

Rates in Effect Prior to Most-Rates Proposed in this Budget British Favoured-Tariff Preferential Nation General B.P. M.F.N. General Item Tariff Tariff Tariff Tariff Tariff Tariff 43900-1 Bicycles and tricycles, n.o.p. 15.p.c. 15 p.c. 30 p.c. 20 p.c. 25 p.c. 30 p.c. 44034-1 Trawls, trawling spoons, fly hooks, hooks, sinkers, swivels, bait, sportsmen's fishing reels, fishing rods, and fishing tackle, n.o.p. 15 p.c. Free 30 p.c. 17½ p.c. Free 30 p.c. 44405-1 Gas, coal oil or other lighting fixtures and appliances, n.o.p., including tips, burners, collars and galleries; gas mantles and incandescent gas burners; complete parts of all the foregoing 15 p.c. 15 p.c. 30 p.c. 15 p.c. 20 p.c. 30 p.c. Electric light fixtures and appliances, 44500-1 n.o.p., and complete parts thereof $17\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. 15 p.c. 15 p.c. 30 p.c. 20 p.c. -30 p.c. 44502-1 Electric head, side and tail lights, n.o.p.; electric torches or flashlights and complete parts therefor $17\frac{1}{2}$ p.c. 15 p.c. 30 p.c. 15 p.c. 20 p.c. 30 p.c.

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		British	Most- Favoured-		Ratés in Rates Prop	Effect Pri osed in th	er to is Budget
Tariff Item		Preferential Tariff	Nation Tariff	General Tariff	B.P. Tariff	M.F.N. Tariff	General Tariff
44503-1	Fluorescent and high intensity discharge ballasts, which otherwise would be classified under tariff item 44500-1	17½ p.c.	20 p.c.	30 p.c.	17½ p.c.	20 p.c.	30 p.c.
44504-1	Electric arc lamps and incandescent electric light lamps, n.o.p	15 p.c.	15 p.c.	30 p.c.	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	30 p.c.
44520-1	Electric sad irons and complete parts thereof	12½ p.c.	15 p.c.	27½ p.c.	12½ p.c.	20 p.c.	27½ p.c
44606–1	Steel bicycle rims, not enamelled nor plated	Free	12½ p.c.	35 p.c.	Free	17½ p.c.	35 p.c.
44900-1	Steel wool, including steel wool impregnated with soap or in retail packages containing a cake of soap	Free	10 p.c.	20 p.c.	Free	15 p.c.	20 p.c.
45100-1	Buckles, clasps, eyelets, hooks and eyes, dome, snap or other fasteners of iron, steel, brass or other metal, coated or not, n.o.p. (not being jewellery); parts of all the foregoing	15 p.c.	15 p.c.	30 p.c.	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	30 p.c.

		British	Most- Favoured-			Effect Pr osed in thi	
Cariff Item	······	Preferential Tariff	Nation Tariff	General Tariff	B.P. Tariff	M.F.N. Tariff	General Tariff
5110-1	Needles, of any material or kind, n.o.p	10 p.c.	15 p.c.	35 p.c.	10 p.c.	20 p.c.	35 p.c.
	Pins manufactured from wire of any metal:						
5116 -1	Ń.o.p.	15 p.c.	15 p.c.	30 p.c.	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	30 p.c.
6205-1	Cameras, n.o.p., of a class or kind made in Canada; complete parts thereof	7½ p.c.	10 p.c.	30 p.c.	7½ p.c.	15 p.c.	30 p.c.
6210-1	Cameras, n.o.p., of a class or kind not made in Canada; complete parts thereof	5 p.c.	10 p.c.	30 p.c.	5 p.c.	15 p.c.	30 p.c.
5300-1	Still picture projectors, and slides and film strips therefor, n.o.p	Free	10 p.c.	25 p.c.	Free	15 p.c.	25 p.c.
5305-1	Motion picture projectors, arc lamps for motion picture work, motion picture or theatrical spot lights, light effect machines, portable motion picture projectors with or without sound equipment; electric rectifiers or generators designed for use with						
	motion picture projectors; parts of all the foregoing, not including electric light bulbs, tubes, or						
	exciter lamps	Free	10 p.c.	35 p.c.	Free	15 p.c.	35 p.c.

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	British	Most- Favoured-			osed in thi	or to is Budget
	Preferential Tariff	Nation Tariff	General Tariff		M.F.N. Tariff	General Tariff
Still picture projectors combined with sound equipment	10 p.c.	10 p.c.	30 p.c.	10 p.c.	15 p.c.	30 p.c
Golf clubs and finished parts thereof; racquets and racquet frames and baseball bats; balls of all kinds for use in sports, games or athletics, n.o.p.	15 p.c.	15 p.c.	35 p.c.	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	35 р.с
Cricket bats, balls, gloves and leg guards	Free	15 p.c.	35 p.c.	Free	20 p.c.	35 p.c
Skis	15 p.c.	15 p.c.	35 p.c.	20 p.c.	20 p.c.	35 p.c
Ski fittings	15 p.c.	15 p.c.	35 p.c.	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	35 p.c
Ski poles	15 p.c.	15 p.c.	35 p.c.	17½ p.c.	17½ p.c.	35 p.c
Coffins and caskets, and metal parts thereof	15 p.c.	15 p.c.	25 p.c.	17½ p.c.	20 p.c.	25 p.c
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					J.	
			-			
	<pre>equipment Golf clubs and finished parts thereof; racquets and racquet frames and baseball bats; balls of all kinds for use in sports, games or athletics, n.o.p Cricket bats, balls, gloves and leg guards Skis Ski fittings Ski poles Coffins and caskets, and metal parts</pre>	Preferential TariffStill picture projectors combined with sound equipment10 p.c.Golf clubs and finished parts thereof; racquets and racquet frames and baseball bats; balls of all kinds for use in sports, games or athletics, n.o.p.15 p.c.Cricket bats, balls, gloves and leg guardsFreeSkis15 p.c.Ski fittings15 p.c.Ski poles15 p.c.Ski poles15 p.c.Coffins and caskets, and metal parts15 p.c.	Preferential TariffNation TariffStill picture projectors combined with sound equipment10 p.c.Golf clubs and finished parts thereof; racquets and racquet frames and baseball bats; balls of all kinds for use in sports, games or athletics, n.o.p10 p.c.Cricket bats, balls, gloves and leg guards15 p.c.15 p.c.Skis15 p.c.15 p.c.Ski fittings15 p.c.15 p.c.Ski poles15 p.c.15 p.c.Ski poles15 p.c.15 p.c.Coffins and caskets, and metal parts15 p.c.	Preferential TariffNation TariffGeneral TariffStill picture projectors combined with sound equipment10 p.c.10 p.c.30 p.c.Golf clubs and finished parts thereof; racquets and racquet frames and baseball bats; balls of all kinds for use in sports, games or athletics, n.o.p15 p.c.15 p.c.35 p.c.Cricket bats, balls, gloves and leg guardsFree15 p.c.35 p.c.35 p.c.Skis15 p.c.15 p.c.35 p.c.35 p.c.Ski fittings15 p.c.15 p.c.35 p.c.35 p.c.Ski poles15 p.c.15 p.c.35 p.c.35 p.c.Coffins and caskets, and metal parts15 p.c.15 p.c.35 p.c.	Preferential TariffNation TariffGeneral TariffB.P. TariffStill picture projectors combined with sound equipment10 p.c.10 p.c.30 p.c.10 p.c.Golf clubs and finished parts thereof; racquets and racquet frames and baseball bats; balls of all kinds for use in sports, games or athletics, n.o.p.15 p.c.15 p.c.35 p.c.15 p.c.Cricket bats, balls, gloves and leg guardsFree15 p.c.35 p.c.FreeSkis15 p.c.15 p.c.35 p.c.20 p.c.Ski fittings15 p.c.15 p.c.35 p.c.15 p.c.Ski poles15 p.c.15 p.c.35 p.c.17½ p.c.Coffins and caskets, and metal parts15 p.c.15 p.c.35 p.c.17½ p.c.	Preferential TariffNation TariffGeneral TariffB.P. TariffM.F.N. TariffStill picture projectors combined with sound equipment

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· .		British	Most- Favoured-			Effect Pr osed in th	
Tariff Item		Preferential Tariff`	Nation Tariff	General Tariff	B.P. Tariff	M.F.N. Tariff	General Tariff
59730-1	Phonograph records	15 p.c.	15 p.c.	30 p.c.	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	30 p.c
61815-1	Tires and tubes, wholly or in part of rubber	12½ p.c.	12½ p.c.	35 p.c.	17½ p.c.	17½ p.c.	35 p.c
61816-1	Solid tires, for industrial equipment, which otherwise would be classified under tariff item 61815-1	17 ¹ 2 p.c.	17½ p.c.	35 p.c.	17 ¹ / ₂ p.c.	17½ p.c.	35 p.c.
62200-2	Baskets of bamboo	12½ p.c.	15 p.c.	40 p.c.	12½ p.c.	17½ p.c.	40 p.c
62200-3	Baskets of interwoven vegetable fibres	12½ p.c.	15 p.c.	40 p.c.	12½ p.c.	17½ p.c.	40 p.c
65500-1	Pens, n.o.p., penholders and rulers, of all kinds	12 ¹ / ₂ p.c.	15 p.c.	27½ p.c.	12½ p.c.	20 p.c.	27 ¹ / ₂ p.c
65505-1	Lead pencils and crayons, n.o.p	10 p.c.	15 p.c.	35 p.c.	10 p.c.	20 p.c.	35 p.c.
65510 - 1	Crayons of chalk or chalk-like material, coloured or not	10 [.] p.c.	15 p.c.	35 p.c.	10 p.c.	20 p.c.	35 p.c.
	Magnetic recording tape, n.o.p., manufactured from synthetic resins or cellulose plastics:		·.			. –	
65811 - 1	Recorded	15 p.c.	15 p.c.	25 p.c.	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	25 p.c.
92936-1	92936 - Sulphonamides	10 p.c.	10 p.c.	25 p.c.	10 p.c.	15 p.c.	25 p.c.

		British	Most- Favoured-			Effect Pri posed in th	
Tariff Item		Preferential Tariff	Nation Tariff	General Tariff	B.Ì. Tariff	M.F.N. Tariff	General Tariff
92937-1	92937 - Sultones and sultams	10 p.c.	10 p.c.	25 p.c.	10 p.c.	15 p.c.	25 p.c.
92938-1	92938 - Provitamins and vitamins, natural or reproduced by synthesis (including natural concentrates), derivatives thereof used primarily as vitamins, and intermixtures of the foregoing, whether or not in any solvent	10 p.c.	10 p.c.	25 p.c.	10 p.c.	15 p.c.	25 p.c.
92939–1	92939 - Hormones, natural or reproduced by synthesis, and derivatives thereof, used primarily as hormones	10 p.c.			10 p.c.		25 p.c.
	92940 - Enzymes:				••	,	
92940-1	Other than the following	10 p.c.	10 p.c.	25 p.c.	10 p.c.	15 p.c.•	25 p.c.
92941-1	92941 - Glycosides, natural or reproduced by synthesis, and their salts, ethers, esters and other derivatives	10 p.c.	10 p.c.	25 p.c.	10 p.c.	15 p.c.	25 p.c.
	92942 - Vegetable alkaloids, natural or reproduced by synthesis, and their salts, ethers, esters and other derivatives:			×			
92942-1	Other than the following	10 p.c.	10 p.c.	25 p.c.	10 p.c.	15 p.c.	25 p.c.
92942-4	Caffeine and its salts	Free	10 p.c.	25 p.c.	Free	12 ¹ / ₂ p.c.	25 p.c.

		British	Móst- Favoured-			Effect Pri posed in th	
Tariff Item		Preferential Tariff	Nation Tariff	General Tariff	B.P. Tariff	M.F.N. Tariff	General Tariff
92943-1	92943 - Sugars, chemically pure, other than sucrose and glucose, but including lactose; sugar ethers and sugar esters, and their salts, other than products of headings						
	92939, 92941 and 92942	10 p:c.	10 p.c.	25 p.c.	10 p.c.	15 p.c.	25 p.c.
92944-1	92944 - Antibiotics	10 p.c.	10 p.c.	25 p.c.	10 p.c.	15 p.c.	25 p.c.
93402-1	93402 - Organic surface-active agents; surface- active preparations and washing preparations, whether or not containing soap	10 p.c.	10 p.c.	25 p.c.	10 p.c.	15 p.c.	25 p.c.
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3. That the <u>Customs Tariff</u> be further amended to provide that, for the purposes of subsection 3.1(1) of the said Act in the case of the goods described in paragraph 2 of this motion, the tariff rate applicable on the entry of the goods shall be deemed to be the tariff rate that would otherwise have been applicable on the entry of the goods had there been no enactment founded upon paragraph 2 of this motion.

4. That any enactment founded upon this motion shall be deemed to have come into force on the 19th day of November, 1974, and to have applied to all goods mentioned in the said motion imported or taken out of warehouse for consumption on or after that day, and to have applied to goods previously imported for which no entry for consumption was made before that day. 5. That any enactment founded upon paragraph 2 of this motion shall expire on the 30th day of June, 1976, and all rates of customs duty reduced by such enactment shall be deemed to be restored on the expiration thereof to the rates that were in effect immediately prior to the 19th day of November, 1974, and such restored rates shall thereupon, subject to the <u>Customs</u> <u>Tariff</u>, apply after the 30th day of June, 1976, as they applied immediately before the 19th day of November, 1974.

6. Where, as a result of an amendment made to Schedule A to the <u>Customs Tariff</u> by an enactment founded upon paragraph 2 of this motion, a rate of duty on any goods is reduced from the rate applicable thereto immediately prior to the 19th day of November, 1974, the Governor in Council, at any time during the period commencing with the coming into force of the enactment and ending on the 30th day of June, 1976, may by order restore the rate applicable in the case of the goods to the rate that was in effect immediately prior to the 19th day of November, 1974, and such restored rate shall thereupon, subject to the <u>Customs Tariff</u>, apply thereafter as it applied immediately before the 19th day of November, 1974.