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Proposed Maximum Residue Limit

PMRL2013-66

Fluazinam

(publié aussi en français)

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Under the authority of the *Pest Control Products Act*, Health Canada's Pest Management Regulatory Agency (PMRA) has concluded that the addition of new uses on field peppers and cantaloupes to the product label of Allegro 500F Agricultural Fungicide, containing technical grade fluazinam, is acceptable. The specific uses approved in Canada are detailed on the label of Allegro 500F Agricultural Fungicide, Pest Control Products Act Registration Number 27517.

The evaluation of this fluazinam application indicated that the end-use product has merit and value, and the human health and environmental risks associated with the new uses are acceptable.

Before registering a pesticide for food use in Canada, the PMRA must determine the quantity of residues that are likely to remain in or on the food when the pesticide is used according to label directions and that such residues will not be a concern to human health. This quantity is then legally established as a maximum residue limit (MRL). An MRL applies to the identified raw agricultural food commodity as well as to any processed food product that contains it, except where separate MRLs are specified for the raw agricultural commodity and a processed product made from it.

Consultation on the proposed MRLs for fluazinam is being conducted via this document (see Next Steps, the last section of this document). A summary of the field trial data used to support the proposed MRLs can be found in Appendix I.

To comply with Canada's international trade obligations, consultation on the proposed MRLs is also being conducted internationally by notifying the World Trade Organization, as coordinated by the Standards Council of Canada.

The proposed MRLs, to be added to the MRLs already established for fluazinam, are as follows.

Table 1 Proposed Maximum Residue Limits for Fluazinam

Common Name	Residue Definition	MRL (ppm)	Food Commodity
Fluazinam	3-chloro- <i>N</i> -[3-chloro-2,6-dinitro-4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridinamine	0.09	Pepper/Eggplant Subgroup (Crop Subgroup 8-09B)
		0.07	Melon Subgroup (Crop Subgroup 9A)

ppm = parts per million

MRLs are proposed for each commodity included in the listed crop groupings in accordance with the Residue Chemistry Crop Groups webpage in the Pesticides and Pest Management section of Health Canada's website.

MRLs established in Canada may be found using the Maximum Residue Limit Database on the Maximum Residue Limits for Pesticides webpage. The database allows users to search for established MRLs, regulated under the *Pest Control Products Act*, both for pesticides or for food commodities.

International Situation and Trade Implications

The MRLs proposed for fluazinam in Canada are the same as corresponding American tolerances as listed in the Electronic Code of Federal Regulations, 40 CFR Part 180, by pesticide. Currently, there are no Codex MRLs¹ listed for fluazinam in or on any commodity on the Codex Alimentarius Pesticide Residues in Food webpage.

Next Steps

The PMRA invites the public to submit written comments on the proposed MRLs for fluazinam up to 75 days from the date of publication of this document. Please forward your comments to Publications (see the contact information on the cover page of this document). The PMRA will consider all comments received before making a final decision on the proposed MRLs. Comments received will be addressed in a separate document linked to this PMRL. The established MRLs will be legally in effect as of the date that they are entered into the Maximum Residue Limit Database.

¹ The Codex Alimentarius Commission is an international organization under the auspices of the United Nations that develops international food standards, including MRLs.

Appendix I

Summary of Field Trial Data Used to Support the Proposed MRLs

Residue data from field trials conducted in Canada and the United States were submitted to support the domestic use of Allegro 500F Agricultural Fungicide on field peppers and cantaloupes. Fluazinam was applied to field peppers and cantaloupes, and harvested according to label directions.

Maximum Residue Limits

The recommendation for maximum residue limits (MRLs) for fluazinam was based upon the submitted field trial data, and the guidance provided in the OECD MRL Calculator. Table A.1 summarizes the residue data used to calculate the proposed MRLs for crops in the Pepper/Eggplant Subgroup and the Melon Subgroup.

Table A.1 Summary of Field Trial Data Used to Support Maximum Residue Limits (MRLs)

Commodity	Application Method/ Total Application Rate (kg a.i./ha)	PHI (days)	Residues (ppm)	
			Min	Max
Bell Peppers	Soil directed + Foliar/ 4.47–5.45	28–31	<0.010	0.038
Non-Bell Peppers	Soil directed + Foliar/ 5.10–5.29	28–31	<0.010	0.053
Cantaloupes	Foliar/ 5.18–5.35	27–32	<0.010	0.077

PHI = preharvest interval

Following the review of all available data, MRLs of 0.09 ppm and 0.07 ppm are recommended to cover residues of fluazinam in/on crops in the Pepper/Eggplant Subgroup and Melon Subgroup, respectively. Residues of fluazinam in these commodities at the proposed MRLs will not pose an unacceptable risk to any segment of the population, including infants, children, adults and seniors.