

By the Honourable Sir William Johnson, Bart. His Majesty's Superintendant of Indian Affairs for the Northern District of North America; Colonel of the Six United Nations, their Allies and Dependants, and of His Majesty's Council for the Province of New York.

A Proclamation.

Whereas I have received His Majesty's Royal Proclamation, given at the Court of St. Jame's the eleventh Day of October last, together with a Letter from the Right Honourable Lords Commissioners for the Trade and Plantations, of the Tenth of October last signifying His Majesty's Commands, that I should cause the same "to be forthwith made publick in the several Parts of my Jurisdiction, and that I should strictly enjoin all Persons whatever whom it might concern, to pay a due Obedience thereto on their Parts." Which Proclamation is in the Words following.

By The King,

A Proclamation

George R.

Whereas We have taken into our Royal Consideration the extensive and valuable Acquisitions in America, secured to our Crown by the late Definitive Treaty of Peace, concluded at Paris the Tenth Day of February last; and being desirous, that all our loving Subjects, as well of Our Kingdoms as of our colonies in America, may avail themselves, with all convenient Speed, of the great Benefits and Advantages which must accrue therefrom to their commerce, Manufactures, and Navigation; We have thought fit, with the Advice of our Privy council, to issue this our Royal Proclamation, hereby to publish and declare to all our loving Subjects, that We have, with the Advice of our said Privy Council, granted our Letters Patent under our Great Seal of Great Britain, to erect within the Countries and Islands ceded and confirmed to Us by the said Treaty, Four distinct and separate Governments, stiled and called by the Names of Quebec, East Florida, West Florida, and Granada, and limited and bounded as follows; Viz.

First. The Government of Quebec, bounded on the Labrador coast by the River St. John, and from thence by a Line drawn from the Head of that River through the Lake St. John to the South End of the Lake Nipissin; from whence the said Line crossing the River St. Lawrence and the Lake Champlain in Forty five Degrees of North Latituded, passes along the High Lands which divide the Rivers that empty themselves into the said River St. Lawrence, from those which fall into the Sea, and also along the North coast of the Bay des Chaleurs, and the Coast of the Gulph of St. Lawrence to cape

Rosieres, and from thence crossing the Mouth of the River St. Lawrence by the West End of the Island of Anticosti, terminates at the aforesaid River St. John.

Secondly. The Government of East Florida, bounded to the Westward by the Gulph of Mexico, and the Apalachicola River; to the Northward by a Line drawn from that Part of the said River where the Chatabouchee and Flint Rivers meet, to the Source of St. Mary's River, and by the Course of the said River to the Atlantick Ocean; and to the Eastward and Southward, by the Atlantick Ocean, and the Gulph of Florida, including all Islands within Six Leagues of the Sea coast.

Thirdly. The Government of West Florida, bounded to the Southward by the Gulph of Mexico, including all Islands within Six Leagues of the coast from the River Apalachicola to Lake Ponchartrain; to the Westward by the said Lake, the Lake Mauripas and the River Mississippi; to the Northward by a Line drawn due East from that Part of the River Mississippi which lies in Thirty one Degrees North Latitude, to the River Apalachicola or Chatabouchee; and to the Eastward by the said River.

Fourthly. The Government of Granada, comprehending the Island of that Name; together with the Grenadines, and the Islands of Dominico, St. Vencents, and Tobago.

And, to the End that the open and free Fishery of our Subjects may be extended to and carried on upon the coast of Labrador, and the adjacent Islands, We have thought fit with the Advice of our said Privy Council, to put all that coast, from the River St. John's to Hudson's Streights, together with all the Islands of Anticosti and Magdelaine, and other smaller Islands lying upon the said coast, under the care and Inspection of our Governor of Newfoundland. We have also, with the Advice of our Privy council, thought it to annex the Islands of St. John's and Cape Breton or Isle Royale, with the lesser Islands adjacent thereto, to our Government of Nova Scotia.

We have also, with, the Advice of Our Privy Council, aforesaid, annexed to our Province of Georgia, all the Lands lying between the Rivers Altamaba and St. Mary's.

And whereas it will greatly contribute to the speedy settling our said new Governments, that our loving, Subjects should be informed of our Paternal Care for the Secutity of the Liberties and Properties of those who are and shall become Inhabitants thereof; We have thought fit to publish and declare, by this our Proclamation, that We have, in the Letters Patents under our Great Seal of Great Britain, by which the said Governments are constituted, given express Power and Direction to our Governors of our said Colonies respectively, that so soon as the State and Circumstances of the said Colonies Will admit thereof; they shall with the Advice and Consent of the Members of our Council, summon and call General Assemblies within the said Governments respectively, in such Manner and from as is used and directed in those Colonies and Provinces in America, which are under our immediate Government; and We have also given Power to the said Governors, with the consent of our councils, and the Representatives of the People, so to be summoned as aforesaid, to make, constitute, and ordain Laws, Statutes, and ordinances for the Publick Peace, Welfare and Good Government of our said colonies, and of the People and Inhabitants thereof; as near as may be agreeable to the Laws of England, and under such Regulations and Restrictions

as are used in other colonies; and in the mean Time, and until such Assemblies can be called as aforesaid, all Persons inhabiting in or resorting to our said colonies may confide in our Royal Protection for the Enjoyment of the Benefit of the Laws of our Realm of England; for which Purpose We have given Power under our Great Seal to the Governors of our said colonies respectively, to erect and constitute, with the Advice of our said councils respectively, Courts of Judicature and Publick Justice within our said colonies, for the hearing and determining all Causes as well Criminal as Civil, according to Law and Equity, and as near as may be agreeable to the Laws of England with Liberty to all Persons who may think themselves aggrieved by the Sentences of such courts in all Civil Cases or Tryals under the usual Limitations and Restrictions to Us, in our Privy council.

We have also thought fit, with the Advice of our Privy council as aforesaid, to give unto the Governor and councils of our said Three new colonies upon the Continent, full Power and Authority to settle and agree with the Inhabitants of our said new colonies, or with any other Persons who shall resort thereto, for such Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, as are now or hereafter shall be in our Power to dispose of and them to grant to any such Person or Persons, upon such Terms, and under such moderate Quit-Rents Services and Acknowledgements, as have been appointed and settled in our other colonies, and under such other conditions as shall appear to Us to be necessary and expedient for the Advantage of the Grantees, and the Improvement and Settlement of our said colonies. And whereas We are desirous, upon all occasions, to testify our Royal Sense and Approbation of the Conduct and, Bravery of the Officers and Soldiers of our Armies, and to reward the same; We do hereby command and empower our Governors of our Three New Colonies, and all other our Governors of our several Provinces on the Continent of North America, to grant without Fee or Reward, to such reduced Officers as have served in North America during the late War, and to such private Soldiers as have been or shall be disbanded in America, and are actually residing there, and shall personally apply for the same, the following Quantities of Lands, subject at the Expiration of Ten Years to the same Quit-Rents as other Lands are subject to in the Province within which they are granted, as also subject to the same Conditions of Cultivation and Improvements, Viz.

To every Person having the Rank of a Field officer, Five Thousand Acres. - To every Captain, Three Thousand Acres. - To every Subaltern or Staff officer, Two Thousand Acres. - To every Non-Commission officer, Two Hundred Acres. - To every Private Man, Fifty Acres.

We do likewise authorize and require the Governors and Commanders in Chief of all our said Colonies upon the Continent of North-America, to grant the like Quantities of Land, and upon the same Conditions, to such reduced officers of our Navy, of the Rank, as served on board our Ships of War in North America at the Time of the Reduction of Louisbourg and Quebec in the late War, and who shall personally apply to our respective Governors for such Grants.

And whereas it is just and reasonable, and essential to our Interest and the Security of our Colonies, that the several Nations or Tribes of Indians, with whom we are

connected, and who live under our Protection, should not be molested or disturbed in the Possession of such Parts of our Dominions and Territories as, not having been ceded to, or purchased by Us, are reserved to them, or any of them as their Hunting Grounds; We do therefore, with the Advice of our Privy Council, declare it to be our Royal Will and Pleasure, that no Governor or Commander in Chief in any of our Colonies of Quebec, East Florida, or West Florida, do presume, upon any Pretence whatever, to grant Warrants or Survey, or pass any Patents for Lands beyond the Bounds of their respective Governments, as described in their Commissions; as also, that no Governor or Commander in Chief in any of our other Colonies or Plantations in America, do presume, for the present and until our further Pleasure be Known, to grant Warrants of Survey, or pass Patents for any Lands beyond the Heads or Sources of any of the Rivers which fall into the Atlantick Ocean from the West and North West, or upon any Lands whatever; which not having been ceded to or purchased by Us as aforesaid, are reserved to the said Indians, or any of them.

And We do further declare it to be our Royal Will and Pleasure, for the present as aforesaid, to reserve under our Sovereignty, Protection, and Dominion, for the Use of the said Indians, all the Lands and Territories not included within the Limits of our said Three New Governments, or within the Limits of the Territory granted to the Hudson's Bay Company, as also all the Lands and Territories, lying to the Westward of the Sources of the Rivers which fall into the Sea from the West and North West, as aforesaid; and We do hereby strictly forbid, on Pain of our Displeasure, all our loving Subjects from making any Purchases or Settlements whatever, or taking Possession of any of the Lands above reserved, without our especial Leave and Licence for that Purpose first obtained.

And We do further strictly enjoin and require all Persons whatever, who have either wilfully or inadvertently seated themselves upon any Land within the Countries above described, or upon any other Lands, which, not having been ceded to, or purchased by Us, are still reserved to the said Indians as aforesaid, forthwith to remove themselves from such Settlements. And whereas great Frauds and Abuses have been committed in the purchasing Lands of the Indians, to the great Prejudice of our interest, and to the great Dissatisfaction of the said Indians; in order therefore to prevent such Irregularities for the future, and to the End that the Indians may be convinced of our Justice, and determined Resolution to remove all reasonable Cause of Discontents, We do with the Advice of our Privy Council, strictly enjoin and require that no private Person do presume to make any Purchase from the said Indians of any Lands reserved to the said Indians, within those Parts of our Colonies where We have thought proper to allow Settlements; but that if, at any Time, any of the said Indians should be inclined to dispose of the said Lands, the same shall be purchased only for Us, in our Name, at some Publick Meeting or Assembly of the said Indians to be held for that Purpose by the Governor or Commander in Chief of our Colonies respectively, within which they shall lie; and in Case they shall lie within the Limits of any Proprietary Government, they shall be purchased only for the Use and in the Name of such Proprietaries, conformable to such Directions and Instructions as We or they shall think proper to give for that Purpose: And We do, by the Advice of our Privy Council, declare and enjoin, that the Trade with the said Indians shall be free and open to all our Subjects whatever;

provided that every Person, who may incline to trade with the said Indians, to take out a Licence for carrying on such Trade from the Governor or Commander in Chief of any of our Colonies respectively, where such Person shall reside; and also give Security to observe such Regulations as We shall at any Time think fit, by ourselves, or by our Commissaries to be appointed for this Purpose, to direct and appoint for the Benefit of the said Trade; and We do hereby authorize, enjoin, and require the Governors Commanders in Chief of all our Colonies respectively, as well those under our immediate Government as Those under the Government and Direction of Proprietaries to grant such Licence, without Fee or Reward, taking especial care to insert therein a Condition, that such Licence shall be void and the Security forfeited, in case the Person to whom the same is granted, shall refuse or neglect to observe such Regulations as We shall think proper to prescribe as aforesaid. And we do further expressly enjoin and require all Officers whatever, as well Military as those employed in the Management and Direction of Indian Affairs within the Territories reserved as aforesaid for the Use of the said Indians, to seize and apprehend all Persons whatever, who, standing charged with Treasons, Mispresions of Treason, Murders, or other Felonies or Misdemeanors, shall fly from Justice, and take Refuge the said Territory, and to send them under proper Guard to the Colony where the Crime was committed of which they stand accused, in order to take their Tryal for the same.

Given at our Court at St. Jame's the Seventh Day of October, One Thousand Seven Hundred and Sixty Three. In the Third Year of our Reign.

God Save the King.

I Do, in obedience to His Majesty's Command give this publick Notice to all Persons residing within my Jurisdiction, (being that Country justly Claiemed by the Six Nations, their Allies and Dependants) that I will, to the Utmost of my Power, cause the same to be observed: And I do strictly enjoin all such Persons to pay due obedience thereto.

Given under my Hand and Seal at Arms, at Johnson Hall, the 24th Day of December 1763, in the Fourth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord George the Third, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, France and Ireland; King, Defender of the Faith, and so forth.

By order of Sir William Johnson. William Johnson.

Witham Morth, Secry. for Indian Affairs.

God Save the King

at the earnest Request at the

Nippissingue I put my Name to this

(Signed) John Johnson