REFERENCE NUMBER: _____

VETERINARY HEALTH CERTIFICATE
EXPORT HORSES TO SOUTH AFRICA

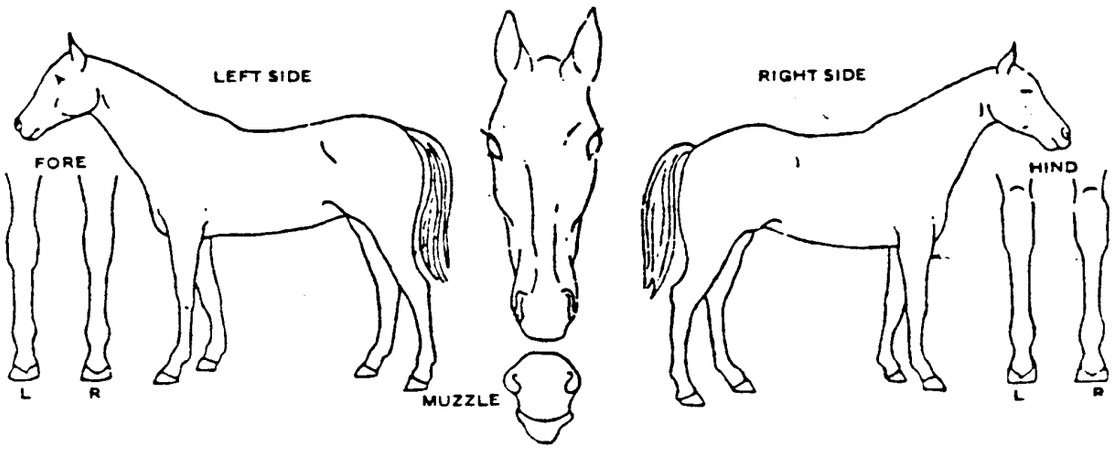
SECTION I - IDENTIFICATION OF THE ANIMAL **PERMIT NO:** _____

Name _____

Breed _____ **Age** _____

Sex _____ **Coat Colour** _____

I.E.F. Passport _____



DISTINCTIVE MARKS

Head _____

Limbs
LF _____

RF _____

LH _____

RH _____

Body _____

ACQUIRED MARKS (Scars, tattoos, freezemarking etc.)

_____

INSTRUCTIONS:
Please ensure that the diagram and written description agree.
White markings to be shown in red.
Whorls to be marked as (x).
Scars to be marked and indicated with an arrow (->).
If no markings, mark this as (0).

SECTION II - ORIGIN

Name of Exporter _____

Address _____

SECTION III - DESTINATION

Name of Importer _____

Address _____

RDIMS#969409
HA1420 (AMENDED MAY 28, 2010)

Canada

REFERENCE NUMBER: _____

SECTION VI - HEALTH INFORMATION

I, the undersigned official Veterinary officer duly authorized by the Government of Canada, hereby certify that after due enquiry and to the best of my knowledge and belief, the animal identified above complies with the following requirements:

1. The animal has been resident in Canada since birth/for a continuous period of at least sixty (60) days prior to departure.

2. The animal originates from a premises which has been free of equine infectious anemia, equine encephalomyelitis, Borna disease, surra, and glanders for the previous twelve (12) months.

3. The animal was examined within seven (7) days prior to departure and found to be clinically healthy and free from external parasites and communicable disease to which the species is susceptible; and the animal does not show any clinical signs of equine influenza on the day of shipment. The animal was treated for internal parasites with medication approved in Canada, during the isolation period.

   Date: _____

   Product:: _____

4. Canada is recognized to be free of dourine, glanders, surra and Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis. Canada is free of contagious equine metritis for a minimum period of twelve (12) months.

5. The animal originate from a premises where West Nile Virus has not been reported in the past two (2) months, and were vaccinated with an approved vaccine. (*)

   Date: _____

   Vaccine and Batch Number: _____
   (*) Can be deleted if horse is not vaccinated.

6. The animal was isolated from all other equidae for a minimum of thirty (30) days prior to shipment. No horses were introduced during isolation and no horse showed any clinical signs of an infectious disease during isolation. While in isolation, the horse was subjected to the following tests with negative results:

   i) Equine infectious anemia - agar gel immunodiffusion (Coggins) test within fourty-five (45) days of departure:

      Type and Date of Test: _____

   ii) Equine viral arteritis -

      In the case of stallions, two (2) serological tests with an interval of twenty-one (21) days between tests within fourty-five (45) days of departure;

      OR

      Stallions which have been vaccinated against EVA, were tested between six (6) and twelve (12) months of age for EVA with negative results, immediately vaccinated for EVA and regularly revaccinated.[(1)]

      Dates of Serological Tests: _____

      Date of Vaccination: _____

      In the case of mares and geldings, the animals have been subjected to two (2) serological tests for equine viral arteritis with an interval of at least 21 days whilst in isolation prior to shipment.

      a) The antibody titre of the second sample was not more than double of the first sample (e.g. a 1:2 dilution) indicating a stable titre.

      OR

      b) The second sample was less than the first sample indicating a falling titre.

      OR

      c) Both samples were negative.

7. Mares were examined for pregnancy and is/is not pregnant. If pregnant, it is not more than eight (8) months pregnant at the time of embarkation.[(1)]

   Date of Service: _____

8. The animal was examined within seven (7) days of shipment and is free from signs of strangles and as far as can be determined, has not been on a premises where strangles occurred for the last six (6) months prior to shipment.

9. Equine influenza: At least fourteen (14) days but no more than sixty (60) days prior to their departure, the horse received:

   a) at least two (2) primary vaccinations using an epidemiologically relevant vaccine given between 21 and 42 days apart.

      Date of first vaccination: _____

      Date of second vaccination: _____

      OR

   b) a booster vaccination using an epidemiologically relevant vaccine which was given within six (6) months of a certified booster vaccination and have been administered within regular six (6) month intervals since the primary course.

      Date of booster vaccination: _____

   ***** An equine influenza epidemiologically relevant vaccine must contain an A/eq/South Africa/4/2003-like virus (Wisconsin/03, Ohio/03, Ibaraki/07, and Sydney/07)

10. The animal has been vaccinated against eastern and western equine encephalomyelitis with an approved inactivated vaccine at least six (6) weeks but not longer than six (6) months prior to shipment. Venezuelan equine encephalitis has not existed in Canada for the past two (2) years.

    Date of Vaccination: _____

11. The animals were examined on the day of departure and found to be fit to travel.

(1) **Delete as appropriate.**

_____	_____	_____
Date	Official Export Stamp	Official Veterinarian Canadian Food Inspection Agency Government of Canada